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THE

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FOR

THE YEAR 1795;

BEING THE 19—20th

OF

NATIONAL SOVEREIGNTY.

PHILADELPHIA:

PRINTED FOR MATHEW CAREY,

NO. 118, MARKET-STREET.

DEC. 4, 1794.

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1795

Entered as the Act directs.

PREFACE.

THE advanced ſeaſon of the year, at which the United States Regiſter for 1794 made its appearance, prevented its having ſo *extenſive* a circulation, as was anticipated. However, the favourable reception which it *uniformly* met, where it was ſeaſonably to be had, together with a full perſuaſion of the utility of the work, has induced the compilers to offer it to the public the enſuing year.

The ſame care has been taken in this that was in the firſt edition, to have every article perfectly accurate. For which purpoſe a conſtant regard has been had to the laws, whenever any particular has been enlarged, abridged, or, in any reſpect, altered. Several articles, which, in the firſt edition, were handed to the public, by way of appendix, are in this tranſpoſed under the departments with which they are connected.

With regard to the particular ſtates, no very material alterations are made. Laſt year's edition contained ſo much of their reſpective conſtitutions as relates to the organization of their governments, the qualifications requiſite for candidates to offices and for voters, and the times of elections; together with liſts of thoſe officers

who are uſually re-elected, or hold their offices during good behaviour, viz. the executive and judiciary; the arrangements, and general officers of the militia, and a ſuccinct account of the public inſtitutions of every kind. Theſe ſubjects are liable to little variation, when once eſtabliſhed; but whenever any variation has tranſpired, the preſent edition is conformable to ſuch variation.

Philadelphia, November, 1794

MOON'S PHASES:

	D.	H.	M.	
Full	○ 5	4	48	morning
Last	☾ 12	11	50	evening.
New	● 20	7	27	evening.
First	☽ 27	4	3	evening.

PLANETS PLACES.

D.	☉	✱	♄	♅	♂	♀	☿	☽	Lat.	☊
	♑	♏	♉	♑	♒	♑	♐	°	′	☊
1	11 20	3	23	14	29	12	22	5	1S.	9
7	17 27	3	22	15	♓	8	♑	0	42N.	9
13	23 34	2	22	17	8	5	9	5	14N.	9
19	29 41	2	22	18	13	4	19	2	13N.	8
25	5 ♒	2	22	20	17	4	28	4	31S.	☊

D. M.	D. W.	*Aspects, Holidays, &c.*	☉ *rises.*	☉ *sets.*	☉ *slow.*	☉'s *place.*	● *sets.*	● *south.*	●'s *age.*
			h. m.	h. m.	m. s.	s. d.	h. m.	h. m.	
1	5	Circumcision	7 23	4 37	4 9	♉ 22	morn	58	11
2	6	Can. Trenton, 1777	7 23	4 37	4 36	♊ 5	3 47	9 53	12
3	7	Princeton, 1777	7 22	4 38	5 4	20	4 54	10 50	13
4	Su	2d Sund. past Christ.	7 22	4 38	5 32	♋ 5	6 3	11 47	14
5	2		7 21	4 39	5 59	19	rises	morn	15
6	3	☾ ☌ ♉ Epiphany	7 21	4 39	6 25	♌ 2	5 44	0 44	16
7	4	♂ Sets 8 31	7 20	4 40	6 51	15	6 39	1 38	17
8	5	Lucian	7 20	4 40	7 17	28	7 34	2 28	18
9	6		7 19	4 41	7 42	♍ 10	8 29	3 15	19
10	7	Arcturus rises 11 19	7 18	4 42	8 6	23	9 26	4 0	20
11	Su	1st. past Epiph.	7 18	4 42	8 30	♎ 5	10 20	4 53	21
12	2		7 17	4 43	8 53	17	11 18	5 25	22
13	3	♄ south 7 41	7 16	4 44	9 16	28	morn	6 6	23
14	4		7 16	4 44	9 38	♍ 10	0 16	6 48	24
15	5		7 15	4 45	9 59	22	1 15	7 31	25
16	6	Alderbaran so. 8 24.	7 14	4 46	10 20	♐ 5	2 17	8 16	26
17	7		7 13	4 47	10 39	18	3 20	9 4	27
18	Su	2d past Epiph.	7 13	4 47	10 58	♑ 0	4 24	9 55	28
19	2	☉ enters ♒ 6.46 E.	7 12	4 48	11 16	13	5 26	10 48	29
20	3		7 11	4 49	11 34	26	sets	11 42	1
21	4	☾ ☌ ♉	7 10	4 50	11 51	♒ 10	5 50	A. 35	2
22	5	♀ Stationary	7 9	4 51	12 7	24	7 0	1 32	3
23	6	♄ Stationary	7 8	4 52	12 22	♓ 8	8 13	2 26	4
24	7		7 7	4 53	12 36	22	9 26	3 18	5
25	Su	3d past Epiph.	7 6	4 54	12 50	♈ 6	10 33	4 9	6
26	2		7 5	4 55	13 3	20	11 38	5 0	7
27	3	♂ sets 8 24	7 4	4 56	13 15	♉ 5	morn	5 50	8
28	4		7 3	4 57	13 26	19	0 42	6 44	9
29	5		7 2	4 58	13 37	♊ 2	1 46	7 38	10
30	6		7 1	4 59	13 47	17	2 47	8 38	11
31	7		7 0	4 60	13 56	♋ 0	3 45	9 29	12

Moon's Phases:

	D.	H.	M.	
Full ○	3	7	50	evening.
Last ☾	11	9	8	evening.
New ●	19	18	14	morning
First ☽	29	0	3	morning.

Planets Places.

D.	☉	☿	♄	♃	♂	♀	☿	● Lat.	☋
	♒	♍	♉	♑	♓	♑	♒	° ′	♌
1	12 52	2	22	21	23	6	11	2 5S.	8
7	18 57	1	22	22	27	8	21	4 12N.	7
13	25 1	1	23	24	♈	12	♓	4 18	7
19	1 ♓ 4	1	23	25	6	16	13	1 0S.	7
25	7 5	1	23	26	11	21	23	4 48	7

D. M.	D. W.	*Aspects, Holidays, &c.*	☉ *rises.*	☉ *sets.*	☉ *slow.*	☉'s *place.*	☉ *sets.*	☉ *south*	☉'s *age.*
			h. m.	h. m.	m. s.	s. d.	h. m.	h. m.	
1	Su	Septuagesima	6 59	5 1	14 4	♋ 14	4 40	10 25	13
2	2	Purification	6 58	5 2	14 11	27	5 32	11 18	14
3	3	♂ ☉ ☿ superior	6 57	5 3	14 17	♌ 10	rises	morn	15
4	4		6 56	5 4	14 23	20	6 14	0 11	16
5	5	♄ south 6	6 55	5 5	14 28	♍ 6	7 12	1 0	17
6	6		6 54	5 6	14 32	18	8 6	1 46	18
7	7	♃ south 10 12 morn	6 52	5 8	14 35	♎ 1	9 2	2 31	19
8	Su	Sexagesima	6 51	5 9	14 37	13	9 58	3 14	20
9	2		6 50	5 10	14 39	25	10 57	3 56	21
10	3		6 48	5 12	14 40	♏ 7	11 57	4 37	22
11	4	□ ☉ ♄	6 47	5 13	14 40	18	morn	5 20	23
12	5		6 46	5 14	14 39	♐ 0	0 58	6 4	24
13	6	♂ sets 8 20	6 45	5 15	14 37	12	2 1	6 51	25
14	7	Valentine	6 43	5 17	14 35	25	3 5	7 40	26
15	Su	Quinquagesima	6 41	5 19	14 31	♑ 8	4 9	8 31	27
16	2		6 40	5 20	14 27	21	5 9	9 25	28
17	3	☽ ☋ Shrove Tuesd.	6 39	5 21	14 23	♒ 4	6 4	10 21	29
18	4	☉ enters ♓ 9 33 mor	6 38	5 22	14 17	18	moon	11 17	30
19	5		6 37	5 23	14 11	♓ 2	sets	A 12	1
20	6		6 35	5 25	14 5	17	7 2	1 6	2
21	7		6 34	5 26	13 57	♈ 1	8 8	59	3
22	Su	1st Sunday in Lent	6 33	5 27	13 49	16	9 18	2 53	4
23	2	* Gent. Washington born 1731.	6 32	5 28	13 41	♉ 1	10 29	3 47	5
24	3		6 30	5 30	13 31	15	11 36	4 40	6
25	4	♄ sets 11 31	6 29	5 31	13 22	♊ 0	morn	5 34	7
26	5		6 28	5 32	13 12	14	0 39	6 28	8
27	6		6 27	5 33	13 11	27	1 40	7 25	9
28	7		6 26	5 34	12 50	♋ 11	2 38	8 21	10

Venus becomes Morning Star on the 1st of January, and Evening Star, the 15th of October.

MOON'S PHASES.

	D.	H.	M.	
Full	○ 5	0	6	evening.
Laſt	☾ 13	4	10	evening.
New	● 20	6	42	evening.
Firſt	☽ 27	9	22	morning

PLANETS PLACES.

D.	☉	☽	♄	♃	♂	♀	☿	● Lat.	☊
	♓	♍	♉	♑	♈	♑	♓	° ′	♌
1	11 6	0	23	27	14	25	28	0 10S	6
7	17 6	0	24	28	18	♒	♈	1 32N	6
13	23 4	♌	24	♒	23	6	3	4 41	6
19	29 2	29	25	1	27	12	♓	3 53S.	5
25	4♈59	29	25	2	♉	18	24	2 11	5

D. M.	D. W.	*Aſpects, Holidays, &c.*	☉ *riſes.*	☉ *ſets.*	☉ *ſlow.*	☉'s *place.*	● *ſets.*	● *ſouth.*	☽'s *age.*
			h. m.	h. m	m. s.	s. d.	h. m.	h. m.	
1	Su	2d. Sunday in Lent	6 25	5 35	12 38	♋ 24	3 30	9 14	11
2	2		6 24	5 36	12 25	♌ 7	4 17	10 6	12
3	3	☽ ☌	6 22	5 38	12 11	20	5 58	10 56	13
4	4		6 21	5 39	11 59	♍ 2	5 37	11 43	14
5	5	♂ ☌ ♀	6 19	5 41	11 45	14	rises.	morn	15
6	6		6 18	5 42	11 31	27	7 2	0 29	16
7	7		6 17	5 43	11 17	♎ 9	8 2	1 13	17
8	Su	3d. Sund. in Lent	6 15	5 45	11 2	21	9 1	1 55	18
9	2	☿ Stationary.	6 14	5 46	10 46	♏ 3	10 1	2 37	19
10	3		6 12	5 48	10 30	15	11 2	3 20	20
11	4		6 11	5 49	10 14	27	morn	4 4	21
12	5	St. Greg. ♀ gre. elo.	6 10	5 50	9 58	♐ 8	0 2	4 49	22
13	6	♂ ſets 8 22	6 9	5 51	9 41	20	1 3	5 36	23
14	7		6 8	5 52	9 24	♑ 3	2 2	6 25	24
15	Su	4th Sund. in Lent	6 6	5 54	9 7	15	2 58	7 18	25
16	2		6 5	5 55	8 49	28	3 49	8 10	26
17	3	St. Patrick ☾ ☌	6 3	5 57	8 32	♒ 12	4 36	9 6	27
18	4		6 2	5 58	8 14	26	5 20	10 1	28
19	5	☿ ☉ ♂ inf.	6 1	5 59	7 56	♓ 10	moon	10 56	29
20	6	☉ ent. ♈ 9 53 morn.	6 0	6 0	7 39	25	ſets	11 51	1
21	7	Benedict	5 58	6 2	7 19	♈ 10	7 10	A 46	2
22	Su	5th Sund. in Lent	5 57	6 3	7 0	25	8 19	1 41	3
23	2		5 56	6 4	6 42	♉ 10	9 29	2 37	4
24	3	☊ ſets 10 26	5 54	6 6	6 23	25	10 36	3 33	5
25	4	Annun. of V. Mary	5 53	6 7	6 4	♊ 9	11 38	4 30	6
26	5		5 52	6 8	5 46	24	morn	5 27	7
27	6		5 50	6 10	5 27	♋ 7	0 38	6 23	8
28	7		5 49	6 11	5 8	21	1 32	7 18	9
29	Su	Palm Sunday	5 48	6 12	4 50	♌ 3	2 20	8 11	10
30	2	☽ ☌	5 47	6 13	4 31	16	3 3	9 2	11
31	3		5 45	6 15	4 13	29	3 41	9 50	12

MOON'S PHASES.

	D.	H.	M.	
Full	○ 4	5	10	morning
Laſt	☾ 11	8	4	morning
New	● 19	3	24	morning.
Firſt	☽ 25	8	29	evening.

PLANETS PLACES.

D.	☉	☽	♄	♃	♂	♀	☿	● Lat.	☊
	♈	♌	♉	♒	♉	♒	♓	° ′	♌
1	11 54	28	26	3	7	26	21	3 15N.	5
7	17 49	28	26	3	11	♓	22	4 55	4
13	23 42	28	27	4	15	9	26	0 17	4
19	29 33	28	28	5	19	16	♈	5 0	4
25	5 ♉ 22	28	29	6	24	22	9	0 16N.	3

D. M.	D. W.	*Aſpects, Holidays, &c.*	☉ *riſes.*	☉ *ſets.*	☉ *ſlow.*	☽'s *place.*	☽ *ſets.*	☽ *ſouth*	☽'s *age.*
			h. m.	h. m.	m. s.	s. d.	h. m.	h. m.	
1	4	☿ Stationary ☌ ♃.	5 44	6 16	3 55	♍ 11	4 15	10 34	13
2	5	♄ ſets 9 54	5 42	6 18	3 36	23	4 44	11 18	14
3	6	Good Friday	5 41	6 19	3 38	♎ 5	5 14	morn	15
4	7	St. Ambroſe	5 40	6 20	3 0	17	riſes	0 2	16
5	Su	Eaſter Sunday	5 39	6 21	2 43	29	7 0	0 43	17
6	2		5 38	6 22	2 25	♍ 11	8 1	1 25	18
7	3		5 37	6 23	2 8	23	9 2	2 8	19
8	4	Sirius ſets 10 31	5 35	6 25	1 51	♐ 5	10 4	2 53	20
9	5		5 34	6 26	1 34	17	11 4	3 40	21
10	6		5 33	6 37	1 17	29	morn	4 28	22
11	7		5 31	6 29	1 1	♑ 11	0 3	5 18	23
12	Su	1ſt paſt Eaſter	5 30	6 30	0 45	24	0 58	6 9	24
13	2	☽ ☌ ♉	5 29	6 31	0 29	♒ 7	1 52	7 0	25
14	3		5 27	6 33	0 13	20	2 40	7 55	26
15	4	♃ ſouth 6 57.	5 26	6 34	aft 2	♓ 4	3 21	8 48	27
16	5	☿ great elongation	5 25	6 35	0 17	18	4 1	9 42	28
17	6		5 24	6 36	0 32	♈ 3	4 38	10 38	29
18	7		5 23	6 37	0 46	18	5 12	11 31	30
19	Su	2d paſt Eaſter	5 21	6 39	1 0	♉ 3	ſets	A. 27	1
20	2		5 20	6 40	1 13	18	8 24	1 24	2
21	3		5 19	6 41	1 26	♊ 4	9 30	2 23	3
22	4		5 18	6 42	1 38	19	10 32	3 22	4
23	5	St. George	5 17	6 43	1 50	♋ 3	11 30	4 21	5
24	6		5 16	6 44	2 2	17	morn	5 18	6
25	7	St. Mark □ ♃ ☉	5 14	6 45	2 13	♌ 0	0 2	6 13	7
26	Su	3d part Eaſter	5 13	6 47	2 23	13	1 8	7 5	8
27	2	♂ ſets 8 16	5 12	6 48	2 33	26	1 7	7 54	9
28	3		5 11	6 49	2 43	♍ 8	2 20	8 40	10
29	4	7*s ſet 8 33	5 9	6 51	2 52	20	2 53	9 24	11
30	5		5 8	6 52	3 0	♎ 2	3 24	10 7	12

MOON'S PHASES.

	D.	H.	M.	
Full	☾ 3	9	46	evening.
Laſt	☾ 11	17	48	evening.
New	● 18	10	48	morning.
Firſt	☽ 25	9	33	morning.

PLANETS PLACES.

D.	☉	☀	♄	♃	♂	♀	☿	● Lat.	☊
	♉	☊	♊	♒	♉	♓	♍	° ′	☊
1	11 11	28	0	6	28	29	18	4 45N.	3
7	16 59	28	0	6	♊	♍	28	2 52	3
13	22 46	28	1	7	6	13	♉	3 25S.	3
19	28 32	28	2	7	10	20	21	3 47	2
25	4♊1	28	3	7	14	27	♊	2 55N.	2

D. M.	D. W.	*Aſpects, Holidays, &c.*	☉ *riſes.*	☉ *ſets.*	☉ *faſt.*	☉'s *place.*	☉ *ſets.*	● *ſouth.*	☾'s *age.*
			h. m.	h. m.	m. s.	s. d.	n. m.	h. m.	
1	6	Phillip & James	5 7	6 53	3 8	♎14	10 51	3 49	13
2	7		5 6	6 54	3 15	26	11 40	4 30	14
3	Su	4th paſt Eaſter	5 5	6 55	3 22	♏ 8	riſes	morn	15
4	2		5 4	6 56	3 28	20	8 1	0 12	16
5	3	♂ 8 16 ſets	5 3	6 57	3 34	♐ 2	9 2	0 56	17
6	4		5 2	6 58	3 39	14	10 2	1 42	18
7	5	7*'s ſet 7 58	5 1	7 59	3 43	26	11 0	2 29	19
8	6		5 0	7 0	3 47	♑ 8	11 54	3 19	20
9	7		4 59	7 1	3 51	20	morn	4 10	21
10	Su	Rogation ☾☌♉	4 58	7 2	3 54	♒ 3	0 41	5 1	22
11	2		4 57	7 3	3 56	16	1 26	5 53	23
12	3		4 56	7 4	3 58	29	2 1	6 44	24
13	4	Arct. ſo. 10 40	4 55	7 5	3 59	♓13	2 31	7 36	25
14	5	Aſcenſion day	4 54	7 6	4 0	27	3 1	8 28	26
15	6		4 53	7 7	4 0	♈12	3 30	9 20	27
16	7	♄ ſets 7 34	4 52	7 8	3 59	27	4 0	10 13	28
17	Su	Sunday after aſcen.	4 51	7 9	3 58	♉12	4 31	11 9	29
18	2		4 50	7 10	3 56	27	ſets.	A 7	1
19	3		4 49	7 11	3 54	♊12	8 30	1 6	2
20	4	☉ ent. ♊ 11 4 even.	4 48	7 12	3 52	27	9 20	2 6	3
21	5		4 47	7 13	3 49	♋11	10 15	3 5	4
22	6		4 46	7 14	3 45	25	11 0	3 59	5
23	7	♂ ♄ ☉ ☽ ☌♉	4 45	7 15	3 40	♌ 9	11 46	4 57	6
24	Su	Whitſunday ♂ ☿ ☉	4 44	7 16	3 35	22	morn	5 50	7
25	2	♃ Stationary	4 44	7 16	3 30	♍ 6	0 23	6 38	8
26	3		4 43	7 17	3 24	17	0 54	7 23	9
27	4	♂ Sets 8 9	4 42	7 18	3 17	29	1 24	8 5	10
28	5		4 42	7 18	3 10	♎11	1 53	8 47	11
29	6	Arcturus ſouth 9 36	4 41	7 19	3 3	23	2 21	9 28	12
30	7		4 41	7 19	2 55	♏ 5	2 49	10 10	13
31	Su	Trinity Sunday	4 40	7 20	2 47	17	3 22	10 53	14

MOON'S PHASES.

	D.	H.	M.	
Full	○ 2	1	14	evening.
Laſt	☾ 10	3	50	morning
New	● 16	6	29	evening.
Firſt	☽ 24	●	21	morning

PLANETS PLACES.

D.	☉	☽	♄	♅	♂	♀	☿	Lat.	☊
	♊	☊	♊	♒	♊	♉	♊	° ′	☊
1	11 0	28	4	7	19	5	19	4 27N.	1
7	16 44	29	4	7	23	12	♋	1 16S.	1
13	22 28	29	5	6	27	20	12	5 7	1
19	28 12	29	6	6	♋	27	20	0 36N.	0
25	3♋55	29	7	6	5	♊	29	5 9	0

D. M.	D. W.	Aſpects, Holidays, &c.	☉ riſes.	☉ ſets.	☉ faſt.	☉'s place.	● ſets.	● ſouth	●'s age.
			h. m.	h. m.	m. s.	s. d.	h. m.	h. m.	
1	2	♂ ♀ ☿ Boſt. p. ſhut	4 40	7 20	2 38	♏29	3 50	11 38	15
2	3		4 39	7 21	2 29	♐ 11	riſes	morn	16
3	4	♂ ſets 8	4 39	7 21	2 19	23	7 54	0 25	17
4	5		4 39	7 21	2 9	♑ 5	8 52	1 14	18
5	6		4 38	7 22	1 59	17	9 48	2 4	19
6	7	☾ ♉	4 38	7 22	1 48	♒ 0	10 39	2 56	20
7	Su	1ſt after Trin.	4 38	7 22	1 37	13	11 24	3 47	21
8	2		4 37	7 23	1 26	26	morn	4 38	22
9	3	♃ riſes 10 2	4 37	7 23	1 15	♓ 9	0 3	5 29	23
10	4		4 37	7 23	1 3	23	0 39	6 19	24
11	5	St. Barnabas	4 36	7 24	0 51	♈ 7	1 13	7 9	25
12	6		4 36	7 24	0 39	21	1 46	8 0	26
13	7		4 36	7 24	0 27	♉ 6	2 20	8 52	27
14	Su	2d after Trinity	4 36	7 24	0 15	21	2 56	9 47	28
15	2	♃ retrograde	4 35	7 25	0 2	♊ 6	3 33	10 44	29
16	3	Regulus ſets 10 59	4 35	7 25	ſlo 10	21	ſets	11 43	1
17	4	St. Alban	4 35	7 25	0 23	♋ 5	8 2	A. 4 4	2
18	5		4 35	7 25	0 36	20	8 52	1 44	3
19	6		4 35	7 25	0 49	♌ 3	9 37	2 44	4
20	7		4 35	7 25	1 2	17	10 16	3 36	5
21	Su	3d after Trinity	4 35	7 25	1 14	♍ 0	10 52	4 26	6
22	2		4 35	7 25	1 27	13	11 22	5 12	7
23	3		4 35	7 25	1 40	26	11 50	5 57	8
24	4	St. John Bapt.	4 35	7 25	1 53	♎ 8	morn	6 39	9
25	5		4 35	7 25	2 6	20	0 17	7 20	10
26	6	♃ riſes 0 19	4 35	7 25	2 18	♍ 2	0 45	8 2	11
27	7	Bat. Sull. iſſ. 76.	4 35	7 25	2 31	14	1 12	8 44	12
28	Su	Bat. Monmouth 78	4 36	7 24	2 43	26	1 42	9 29	13
29	2		4 36	7 24	2 56	♐ 8	2 15	10 15	14
30	3		4 36	7 24	3 8	20	2 55	11 3	15

Moon's Phases.

	D.	H.	M.	
Full ○	2	2	57	morning
L ☾	9	9	18	morning
New ●	13	2	40	morning
First ☽	21	4	45	evening
Full ○	31	2	54	evening.

Planets Places.

D.	☉	☽	♄	♃	♂	♀	☿	● Lat.	☊
	♋	♍	♊	♓	♋	♊	♌	° ′	♌
1	9 37	0 7	5	9	11	5	2	19 N.	0
7	15 20	0 8	4	13	18	8	4	10 S.	0
13	21 3	0 9	4	17	26	9	3	38	♎
19	26 47	1 9	3	21	♋	8	3	25 N.	29
25	2♌32	1 10		25	10	4	4	50	29

D. M.	D. W.	*Aspects, Holidays, &c.*	☉ *rises.*	☉ *sets.*	☉ *slow:*	☽'s *place.*	☽ *sets*	☽ *south.*	☽'s *age.*
			h. m.	h. m.	m. s.	s. d.	h. m.	h. m.	
1	4	♂☉♂	4 36	7 24	3 20	♍ 2	3 51	11 53	16
2	5	Visitation V. Mary	4 37	7 23	3 31	14	rises.	morn	17
3	6		4 37	7 23	3 42	27	8 30	0 46	18
4	7	Martin	4 37	7 23	3 53	♒ 10	9 16	1 38	19
5	Su	5rh after Trin.	4 38	7 22	4 4	23	9 58	2 30	20
9	2	Lyra sou. 11 22	4 38	7 22	4 14	♓ 9	10 36	3 21	21
7	3	♃ rises 8 28	4 39	7 21	4 24	20	11 11	4 11	22
8	4		4 39	7 21	4 34	♈ 4	11 44	5 0	23
9	5	Spi. ♍ f. 11 22	4 40	7 20	4 43	18	morn	5 51	24
10	6		4 40	7 20	4 52	♉ 1	0 17	6 41	25
11	7		4 41	7 19	5 0	15	0 57	7 33	26
12	Su	6th after Trin.	4 41	7 19	5 8	♊ 1	1 27	8 27	27
13	2	☿ ſtationary	4 42	7 18	5 15	15	2 7	9 24	28
14	3		4 42	7 18	5 22	♋ 0	2 52	10 23	29
15	4		4 43	7 17	5 28	14	3 42	11 23	30
16	5	☽ eclipſed inviſibly	4 43	7 17	5 34	28	ſets.	A 21	1
17	6		4 44	7 16	5 39	♌ 12	8 15	1 17	2
18	7		4 45	7 15	5 44	25	8 46	2 10	3
19	Su	7th after Trin,	4 45	7 15	5 48	♍ 8	9 18	3 0	4
20	2	Margaret	4 46	7 14	5 52	21	9 47	3 45	5
21	3	♃ rises 7 31	4 47	7 13	5 55	♎ 4	10 15	4 29	6
22	4	☽ ent. ♌ 6 35 eve.	4 48	7 12	5 58	16	10 43	5 11	7
23	5		4 49	7 11	6 0	28	11 11	5 53	8
24	6		4 50	7 10	6 2	♍ 10	11 39	6 36	9
25	7	St. James ☌☉♃	4 50	7 10	6 3	22	morn	7 20	10
26	Su	8th after Trin.	4 51	7 9	6 3	♐ 4	0 9	8 5	11
27	2		4 52	7 8	6 3	16	0 45	8 53	12
28	3		4 53	7 7	6 2	28	1 27	9 43	13
29	4		4 54	7 6	6	♑ 10	2 16	10 35	14
30	5		4 55	7 5	5 59	23	3 12	11 28	15
31	6	☾ eclip. inviſ.	4 56	7 4	5 57	♒ 6	rises.	moon	6

Moon's Phases.	D. H. M.
Last ☾	7 1 47 evening.
New ●	14 0 50 evening.
First ☽	22 10 26 morning.
Full ○	30 1 28 morning.

Planets Places.	D.	☉	✳	♄	♃	♂	♀	☿	● Lat.	☋
		♌	♍	♓	♊	♒	♋	♋	° ′	♋
	1	9 13	1	11	1	29	19	29	1 54 S.	28
	7	14 58	2	11	0	♌	26	28	5 1	28
	13	20 44	2	12	0	7	♍	♌	0 49 N	28
	19	26 32	3	12	♍	11	11	9	5 10	27
	25	2♎19	3	12	28	15	18	19	1 57	27

D. M.	D. W.	Aspects, Holidays, &c.	☉ rises.	☉ sets.	☉ slow:	●'s place.	● rises.	● south	●'s age.
			h. m.	h. m.	m. s.	s. d.	h. m.	h. m.	
1	7	Lammas	4 57	7 3	5 54	♒ 9	7 56	morn	17
2	Su	9th after Trin.	4 58	7 2	5 50	♓ 3	8 34	1 14	18
3	2		4 59	7 1	5 46	17	9 11	2 6	19
4	3	♃ south 11 11	5 0	7 0	5 41	♈ 1	9 45	2 57	20
5	4		5 1	6 59	5 35	15	10 18	3 47	21
6	5	Transfiguration	5 2	6 58	5 29	29	10 52	4 38	22
7	6		5 3	6 57	5 22	♉ 14	11 28	5 29	23
8	7		5 4	6 56	5 15	28	morn	6 22	24
9	Su	10th after Trin.	5 5	6 55	5 7	♊ 12	0 7	7 17	25
10	2	St. Lawrence	5 6	6 54	4 58	25	0 51	8 14	26
11	3		5 8	6 52	4 49	♋ 10	1 38	9 12	27
12	4	☽ ☌ Sav. eva. 1782	5 9	6 51	4 40	23	2 30	10 10	28
13	5	☌ ♂ ♀	5 10	6 50	4 29	♌ 7	3 23	11 7	29
14	6	☿ gr. elongation	5 11	6 49	4 18	21	sets	A. 1	30
15	7		5 13	6 47	4 7	♍ 4	7 52	0 52	1
16	Su	Battle of Cam. 80.	5 14	6 46	3 55	16	8 19	1 40	2
17	2		5 15	6 45	3 43	29	8 47	2 25	3
18	3	Spica ♍ s. 8 44	5 16	6 44	3 30	♎ 12	9 15	3 8	4
19	4	♃ south 10 11	5 17	6 43	3 17	24	9 43	3 51	5
20	5		5 18	6 42	3 3	♍ 6	10 12	4 34	6
21	6		5 20	6 40	2 48	18	10 44	5 18	7
22	7		5 21	6 39	2 34	♐ 0	11 22	6 3	8
23	Su	12th after Trin.	5 22	6 38	2 19	12	morn	6 49	9
24	2	St. Bartholomew	23	6 37	2 3	24	0 7	7 37	10
25	3		5 24	6 36	1 47	♑ 6	0 59	8 28	11
26	4	♄ rises 11 8	5 25	6 35	1 31	18	1 57	9 18	12
27	5	☽ ☌	5 27	6 33	1 14	♒ 1	2 50	10 14	13
28	6	Augustine	5 28	6 32	0 57	14	3 40	11 8	14
29	7	John Bap. beh.	5 29	6 31	0 39	28	4 35	morn	15
30	Su	13th after Trin.	5 30	6 30	0 22	♓ 12	rises	0 2	16
31	2		5 32	6 28	0 4	26	7 44	0 53	17

MOON'S PHASES.

	D.	H.	M.	
Laſt	☾ 5	6	57	evening.
New	● 13	1	32	morning
Firſt	☽ 21	4	39	morning
Full	○ 28	11	10	morning.

PLANETS PLACES.

D.	☉	☀	♄	♃	♂	♀	☿	☽ Lat.	☊
	♍	♍	♊	♌	♌	♍	°	′	♋
1	9 5	4	13	28	19	27	2	4 55 S.	27
7	14 54	4	13	28	23	♍	14	2 50	26
13	20 44	4	13	27	27	12	25	4 18N.	26
19	26 37	4	13	27	♍	19	♎	3 50	26
25	2♎30	5	13	27	4	26	10	2 15 S.	25

D. M.	D. W.	*Aſpects, Holidays, &c.*	☉ *riſes.*	☉ *ſets.*	☉ *faſt.*	☽'s *place.*	☽ *riſes*	☽ *ſouth*	☽'s *age.*
			h. m.	h. m.	m. s.	s. d.	h. m.	h. m	
1	3		5 33	6 27	0 15	♈ 10	8 24	1 46	19
2	4	Jupiter ſouth 9 15	5 34	6 26	0 34	25	8 57	2 38	20
3	5		5 36	6 24	0 53	♉ 9	9 32	3 31	21
4	6	Arcturus ſets 10 27	5 37	6 23	1 12	24	10 11	4 25	22
5	7		5 38	6 22	1 32	♊ 8	10 57	5 19	23
6	Su	14th after Trin.	5 40	6 20	1 51	22	11 45	6 16	24
7	2		5 41	6 19	2 1	♋ 6	morn	7 14	25
8	3	Corona ſets 0 4	5 42	6 18	2 32	20	0 35	8 10	26
9	4	Bat. Eutaw, 81. ☾ ☌	5 43	6 17	2 52	♌ 3	1 27	9 7	27
10	5		5 44	6 16	3 13	16	2 22	10 0	28
11	6		5 46	6 14	3 35	29	3 18	10 53	29
12	7		5 47	6 13	3 54	♍ 12	4 15	11 41	30
13	Su	15th after Trin.	5 48	6 12	4 15	25	ſets	A. 27	1
14	2		5 50	6 10	4 36	♎ 7	6 58	1 12	2
15	3		5 51	6 9	4 57	20	7 26	1 55	3
16	4	Jupiter ſouth 8 21	5 52	6 8	5 18	♏ 2	7 54	2 38	4
17	5	Lambert	5 54	6 6	5 40	14	8 23	3 21	5
18	6		5 55	6 5	6 1	26	8 55	4 5	6
19	7	Arcturus ſets 9 33	5 56	6 4	6 22	♐ 8	9 31	5 51	7
20	Su	16th after Trin.	5 58	6 2	6 43	19	10 11	5 38	8
21	2	St. Matthew	5 59	6 1	7 4	♑ 1	10 57	6 27	9
22	3	☉ enters ♎ 9 32 ev.	6 0	6 0	7 24	13	11 51	7 18	10
23	4	Jupiter ſtationary	6 2	5 58	7 45	26	morn	8 11	11
24	5	Corona ſets 11 5	6 3	5 57	8 5	♒ 9	● 53	9 3	12
25	6	♄ ſtationary	6 4	5 56	8 25	22	2 1	9 57	13
26	7	St. Cyprian	6 6	5 54	8 46	♓ 6	3 13	10 50	14
27	u	17th aft. Trin.	6 7	5 53	9 6	20	4 28	11 43	15
28	S2		6 8	5 52	9 25	♈ 5	riſes	morn	16
29	3	S. t·i	6 9	5 50	9 45	20	7 0	0 36	17
30	4	♂ ☌ ♂ St. Jerome	6 10	5 49	10 4	♉ 5	7 37	1 29	18

Moon's Phases.	D.	H.	M.
Laſt ☾	5	2	15 morning.
New ●	12	5	8 evening.
Firſt ☽	20	10	11 evening.
Full ○	27	8	47 evening.

Planets Places.

D.	☉	✳	♄	♃	♂	♀	☿	● Lat.	☊
	♎	♍	♊	♑	♍	♎	♎	° ′	♋
1	8 23	5	13 27	8	4	24	4 33 S.	25
7	14 19	5	13 27	12 11	♏ 1 36N.	25
13	20 16	6	13 28	16 19	12	4 59	24
19	26 14	6	13 28	19 26	19	1 11	24
25	2 ♐ 13	6	12 29	23 ♏	25	4 34 S.	24

D. M.	D. W.	*Aſpects, Holidays, &c.*	☉ *riſes.*	☉ *ſets.*	☉ *faſt.*	☽'s *place.*	☽ *riſes.*	☽ *ſouth*	☽'s *age.*
			h. m.	h. m.	m. s.	s. d.	h. m.	h. m	
1	5	Arct. ſets 8 45	6 11	5 49	10 23	♉ 19	8 17	2 24	19
2	6		6 13	5 47	10 42	♊ 4	9 0	3 21	20
3	7		6 14	5 46	11 0	19	9 47	4 18	21
4	Su	Battle of Germ. 77.	6 15	5 45	11 18	♋ 3	10 37	5 17	22
5	2		6 17	5 43	11 36	17	11 30	6 16	23
6	3	☽☌♉	6 18	5 42	11 53	♌ 1	morn	7 13	24
7	4	♃ ſets	6 20	5 40	12 10	13	0 25	8 47	25
8	5		6 22	5 38	12 27	26	1 32	8 58	26
9	6	St. Denys	6 23	5 37	12 43	♍ 9	2 43	9 47	27
10	7		6 24	5 36	12 59	22	3 55	10 33	28
11	Su	19th after Trin.	6 25	5 35	13 14	♎ 4	5 7	11 17	29
12	2		6 27	5 33	13 29	16	ſets.	A. 0	1
13	3	Corona ſets 9 55	6 28	5 32	13 43	28	6 33	0 43	2
14	4		6 29	5 31	13 57	♏ 10	7 3	1 26	3
15	5	Eſſop. burnt, 77,	6 30	5 30	14 10	22	7 38	2 9	4
16	6	Burgoyne taken, 77.	6 32	5 28	14 23	♐ 2	8 16	2 54	5
17	7	Cornwallis tak. 81	6 33	5 27	14 35	16	9 0	3 40	6
18	Su	Falmouth burnt, 75.	6 34	5 26	14 46	28	9 51	4 28	7
19	2		6 35	5 25	14 57	♑ 10	10 49	5 18	8
20	3	☾☌♉	6 36	5 24	15 7	22	11 52	6 9	9
21	4		6 38	5 22	15 17	♒ 4	morn	7 0	10
22	5	♃ ſets 10 59	6 39	5 21	15 25	17	1 0	7 51	11
23	6	☉ ent ♏ 10 34 mo.	6 40	5 20	15 33	♓ 0	2 4	8 42	12
24	7	☿ great elong	6 41	5 19	15 41	14	3 9	9 34	13
25	Su	21ſt after Trin.	6 42	5 18	15 48	28	4 15	10 26	14
26	2		6 44	5 16	15 53	♈ 13	5 25	11 19	15
27	3		6 45	5 15	15 59	28	rifes,	morn	16
28	4	Simon and Jude	6 46	5 14	16 3	♉ 13	6 10	0 14	17
29	5	Corona ſets 8 55	6 47	5 13	16 7	28	6 54	1 10	18
30	6		6 48	5 12	16 10	♊ 13	7 40	2 9	19
31	7		6 50	5 10	16 12	28	8 30	3 9	20

Moon's Phases.	D.	H.	M.	
Last ☾	3	0	40	evening.
New ●	11	11	11	morning.
First ☽	19	1	44	evening.
Full ○	26	6	44	morning.

Planets Places. D.	☉	✱	♄	♃	♂	♀	☿	☾	Lat	☊
	♏	♍	♊	♑	♍	♏	♐	♐		♋
1	9 13	7	12	29	27	13	1	0	47 S.	23
7	15 14	7	12	♒	♎	20	♏	4	42 N.	23
13	21 16	7	11	1	5	28	2[illegible]	3	7	23
19	27 20	7	11	2	9	♐	18	2	33 S	22
25	3 ♐ 25	7	10	3	12	13	15	4	20	22

D. M.	D. W.	Aspects, Holidays, &c.	☉ rises.	☉ sets.	☉ fast.	☉'s place.	● rises	● south	●'s age.
			h. m.	h. m.	m. s.	s. d.	h. m.	h. m.	
1	Su	22d after Trinity	6 51	5 9	16 13	♋ 13	9 44	4 10	21
2	2	☾ ☊	6 52	5 8	16 14	27	10 56	5 10	22
3	3	St. John's taken 75	6 54	5 6	16 14	♌ 10	11 59	6 7	23
4	4	☿ stationary	6 55	5 5	16 13	23	morn	7 0	24
5	5		6 56	5 4	16 11	♍ 6	0 55	7 49	25
6	6		6 58	5 2	16 8	18	1 54	8 35	26
7	7		6 59	5 1	16 5	♎ 1	2 54	9 19	27
8	Su	23d after Trin.	7 0	5 0	16 1	13	3 55	10 2	28
9	2		7 1	4 59	15 55	25	4 55	10 44	29
10	3		7 2	4 58	15 49	♏ 7	5 56	11 26	30
11	4	St. Martin	7 3	4 57	15 43	19	sets.	A. 8	1
12	5		7 4	4 56	15 35	♐	6 5	0 53	2
13	6	Montreal taken, 75	7 5	4 55	15 27	13	6 40	1 38	3
14	7	Fort Mifflin ev. 77	7 6	4 54	15 17	25	7 15	2 [illegible]	4
15	Su	24th af. Tri.	7 7	4 53	15 [illegible]	♑ 6	8 5	3 14	5
16	2	Fort Wash. tak. 76	7 7	4 53	14 56	18	8 57	4 4	6
17	3	♃ sets 9 32	7 8	4 52	14 44	♒ [illegible]	9 51	4 54	7
18	4	Fort Lee tak. 76	7 9	4 51	14 31	13	10 47	5 44	8
19	5		7 10	4 50	14 18	26	11 4[illegible]	6 33	9
20	6	♄ south 0 58	7 11	4 49	14 3	♓ 9	morn	7 2[illegible]	10
21	7		7 2	4 48	13 48	22	0 44	8 1[illegible]	11
22	Su	25th aft. Trinity	7 12	4 4[illegible]	13 32	♈ 6	1 47	9 0	12
23	2	St. Clement	7 13	4 47	13 15	21	2 57	9 53	13
24	3		7 4	4 46	12 57	♉ 6	4 9	10 47	14
25	4		7 15	4 45	12 39	21	5 24	11 45	15
26	5		7 16	4 44	2 20	♊ 6	rises	morn	16
27	[illegible]		7 16	4 [illegible]	12 0	21	5 40	0 46	17
28	7	♃ sets 8 51	7 17	4 43	11 39	♋ [illegible]	6 38	1 48	18
29	Su	Advent	7 18	4 42	11 18	21	7 42	2 50	19
30	2	St. Andrew	7 18	4 4[illegible]	10 56	♌ 5	8 54	3 50	20

MOON'S PHASES.

	D.	H.	M.	
Laſt ☾	3	2	39	morning
New ●	11	6	28	morning
Firſt ☽	19	2	29	morning
Full ○	25	5	32	morning

PLANETS PLACES.

D.	☉	☀	♄	♃	♂	♀	☿	● Lat.	☊
	♐	♍	♓	♑	♐	♐	°	′	♋
1	9 30	7	10	4	16	20	18	2 34 N.	22
7	15 35	7	9	5	20	28	25	5 0	21
13	21 41	7	9	6	23	♑	♑	0 18	21
19	27 48	8	8	8	27	13	12	5 1 S.	21
25	♑ 56	8	8	9	♍	21	21	1 40	20

D. M.	D. W.	*Aſpects, Holidays, &c.*	☉ *riſes.*	☉ *ſets.*	☉ *faſt:*	☉'s *place.*	● *riſes.*	● *ſouth.*	●'s *age.*
			h. m.	h. m.	m. s.	s. d.	h. m.	h. m.	
1	3	☿ ♄ ☉	7 19	4 41	10 33	♌ 19	9 41	4 46	21
2	4	☿ great elongatian	7 20	4 40	10 10	♍ 2	10 45	5 38	22
3	5		7 20	4 40	9 46	15	11 50	6 26	23
4	6	Sirius riſ. 8 50	7 21	4 39	9 22	28	morn	7 11	24
5	7		7 21	4 39	8 57	♎ 10	0 56	7 54	25
6	Su	1ſt in Advent	7 22	4 38	8 31	22	1 57	8 35	26
7	2		7 22	4 38	8 5	♏ 4	3 5	9 17	27
8	3	Concep. V. Mary	7 23	4 37	7 39	16	4 15	10 0	28
9	4	♃ ſets 8 20	7 23	4 37	7 12	28	5 22	10 42	29
10	5		7 23	4 37	6 45	♐ 10	6 29	11 26	30
11	6		7 24	4 36	6 17	22	ſets.	A. 13	1
12	7	☽* ſouth 10 11	7 24	4 36	5 49	♑ 4	5 50	1 2	2
13	Su	2d in Adv. Lucy	7 24	4 36	5 20	16	6 39	1 51	3
14	2	☾ ☌	7 25	4 35	4 52	28	7 31	2 40	4
15	3		7 25	4 35	4 23	♒ 10	8 26	3 29	5
16	4	♄ ſouth 10 54	7 25	4 35	3 54	23	9 24	4 18	6
17	5		7 25	4 35	3 24	♓ 5	10 28	5 6	7
18	6		7 25	4 35	2 54	18	11 35	5 54	8
19	7		7 25	4 35	2 24	♈ 2	morn	6 42	9
20	Su	3d in Advent	7 25	4 35	1 54	16	0 42	7 30	10
21	2	☽ ent. ♑ 2 15 eve.	7 26	4 35	1 24	♉ 0	1 47	8 21	11
22	3	♃ ſets 7 36	7 25	4 35	0 54	15	2 50	9 15	12
23	4	Sirius riſes 7 25	7 25	4 35	0 24	29	4 2	10 12	13
24	5		7 25	4 35	ſlo 6	♊ 14	5 20	11 11	14
25	6	CHRISTMAS	7 25	4 35	0 36	29	riſes.	morn	15
26	7	St. Stephen	7 25	4 35	1 6	♋ 14	5 58	0 15	16
27	Su	Sund. aft. Chriſtmas	7 25	4 35	1 36	29	7 2	1 17	17
28	2	Innocents	7 24	4 36	2 6	♌ 13	8 9	2 17	18
29	3	♄ ſouth 9 53	7 24	4 36	2 35	27	9 16	3 13	19
30	4		7 24	4 36	3 5	♍ 13	10 16	4 5	20
31	5	Silveſter	7 24	4 36	3 34	22	11 17	4 53	21

THE

UNITED STATES REGISTER, &c.

Situation, extent, and boundaries of the United States.	Between	31° and 49° N. lat. 9 E. 24 W. long. from Philadelphia.

Being about 1250 miles in length; 1030 miles in breadth.

BOUNDED, agreeably to the limits eſtabliſhed by the Definitive Treaty of Peace between the United States and Great-Britain, ratified on the third day of September, 1783. On the northweſt and north by the highlands which lie to the caſtward of the river St. Lawrence, and which divide the rivers that fall into the St. Lawrence from thoſe that fall into the Atlantic Ocean; by Upper Canada, the river Iroquois or Cataraquay, the Lakes; (viz.) lake Ontario, lake Erie, lake Huron, lake Superior, the Long Lake, the Lake of the Woods; and a line drawn due weſt from the northweſternmoſt angle of the laſt mentioned lake to the river Miſſiſſippi: On the weſt, by the river Miſſiſſippi: On the ſouth, by Weſt-Florida, Eaſt-Florida, and St. Mary's river: On the eaſt, by the Atlantic ocean, the river St. Croix, and Nova-Scotia: Comprehending all iſlands within twenty leagues of the coaſt.

The late geographer of the United States, Mr. Hutchins, has computed that the ſurface contained within the above boundaries is one million of ſquare miles; which amounts to 640,000,000 of acres. Of this, agreeable to his computation, 51,000,000 of acres are water. So that the land within the United States amounts to 589,000,000 of acres. About three fifths of which is compriſed within the States that now compoſe the Union. The remainder, to wit, 220,000,000 of acres, lying weſt of the northern and middle States, and north-weſt of the river Ohio, and extending to the river Miſſiſſippi, together with an extenſive territory ſouth of the Ohio, originally ceded to the United States by North Carolina, South Carolina, and Georgia, forms what is uſually denominated the Weſtern Territory.

A great proportion of this territory is yet claimed and occupied by the aboriginal natives. That part of it which is already purchaſed of them by the government of the United States, (as alſo that which is ſtill unpurchaſed, ſo faſt as the title of the preſent poſſeſſors may be hereafter extinguiſhed) is appropriated, as a ſinking fund for the relief of the principal of the national debt.

POPULATION.

THE following is a Schedule *of the whole number of Perſons, within the ſeveral Diſtricts of the UNITED STATES, taken agreeably to an Act for that purpoſe, paſſed March 1ſt,* 1790.

Diſtricts.	*Free whites Males of 16 & upwards*	*Free whites Males under 16 yrs.*	*Free white Females.*	*All other free perſons.*	*Slaves.*	*Total.*	*Number of Repreſentatives.*
New Hampſhire	36,086	34,851	70,160	630	158	141,885	4
Vermont	22,435	22,328	40,505	255	16	85,539	2
Maine	24,384	27,748	46,870	538	None	96,540	2
Maſſachuſetts	95,453	87,289	190,582	5,463	None	378,787	12
Rhode Iſland	16,019	15,799	32,652	3,407	948	68,825	2
Connecticut	60,523	54,403	117,448	2,808	2,764	237,946	7
New York	83,700	78,122	152,320	4,654	21,324	340,120	10
New Jerſey	45,251	41,416	83,287	2,762	11,423	4,139	5
Pennſylvania	140,788	106,948	206,363	6,537	3,737	431,373	13
Delaware	11,783	12,143	22,384	3,899	8,887	59,094	1
Maryland	55,915	51,339	101,395	8,043	103,036	9,728	8
Virginia	110,936	116,135	215,046	12,866	292,627	747,610	19
Kentucky	15,154	17,057	28,922	114	12,430	73,677	2
North Carolina	69,988	77,506	140,710	4,579	100,572	393,751	10
South Carolina	35,576	37,772	66,880	1,801	107,094	249,073	6
Georgia	13,103	14,044	25,739	398	29,264	82,548	2
	of 21, &c.	of 21 &c.				3,893,635	
S. W. Territory	6,271	10,277	15,365	361	3,417	35,691	
				All perſons		3,929,326	103

GOVERNMENT OF THE UNITED STATES.

Supreme Executive.

GEORGE WASHINGTON, president, and commander in chief of all the military and naval forces. Salary, 25,000 dollars per annum.

Bartholomew Dandridge, his secretary.

JOHN ADAMS, vice president of the United States, and president of the Senate. 5000 dolls.

Legislature.

Third Congress, which commenced on the 4th day of March, 1793, and will expire on the 3d day of March 1795.

SENATE.

New-Hampshire, John Langdon, Samuel Livermore.
Vermont, Stephen R. Bradly, Moses Robinson.
Massachusets, George Cabot, Caleb Strong.
Rhode-Island, William Bradford, Theodore Foster.
Connecticut, Oliver Elsworth, Stephen Mix Mitchell.
New-York, Aaron Burr, Rufus King.
New-Jersey, Fred. Frelinghuysen John Rutherford.
Pennsylvania, Robert Morris, James Ross.
Delaware, (Vacant) John Vining.
Maryland, John Henry, Richard Potts.
Virginia, John Taylor.
Kentucky, John Brown, John Edwards.
North-Carolina, Benjamin Hawkins, Alex. Martin.
South-Carolina, Pierce Butler, Ralph Izard.
Georgia, James Gunn, James Jackson.

Samuel A. Otis, secretary.
Robert Heysham, principal clerk.
John Otis, John Dempsie, } clerks.
Right rev. William White, D. D. chaplain.
John Mathers, door keeper.
Cornelius Maxwell, assistant door-keeper

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

FREDERICK A. MUHLENBERG, ſpeaker.

New-Hamſhire.

Nicholas Gilman,
Jeremiah Smith,

John S. Sherburne,
Paine Wingate.

Vermont.

Nathaniel Niles,

Iſrael Smith.

Maſſachuſetts.

Fiſher Ames,
Shearjaſhub Bourne,
David Cobb,
Peleg Coffin,
Henry Dearborn,
Samuel Dexter,
Dwight Foſter,

Benjamin Goodhue,
Samuel Holten,
William Lyman,
Theodore Sedgwick,
George Thatcher,
Peleg Wadſworth,
Artemas Ward,

Rhode-Iſland.

Benjamin Bourne,

Francis Malbone.

Connecticut.

Joſhua Coit,
James Hillhouſe,
Amaſa Learned,
Zepheniah Swift,

Uriah Tracy,
Jonathan Trumbull,
Jeremiah Wadſworth.

New-York.

J. V. Allen,
Theodorus Bailey,
Philip Van Cortlandt,
Peter Van Gaaſbeck,
Ezekiel Gilbert,

Henry Glen,
James Gordon,
Silas Talbot,
Thomas Tredwell,
John Watts.

New-Jerſey.

John Beatty,
Elias Boudinot,
Lambert Cadwalader,

Abraham Clarke,
Jonathan Dayton.

Pennſylvania.

James Armſtrong,
William Findley,
Thomas Fitſimons,
Andrew Gregg,
Thomas Hartley,
Daniel Heiſter,
William Irvine,

John W. Kittera,
William Montgomery,
Frederick A. Muhlenberg,
Peter Muhlenberg,
Thomas Scott,
John Smilie.

Delaware.

Henry Latimer.

Maryland.

Gabriel Chriſtie,
George Dent,

Samuel Smith,
William Vans Murray,

Uriah Foreſt,
William Hindman,
Thomas Sprig.

Virginia.

Thomas Claiborne,
Iſaac Coles,
William B. Giles,
Samuel Griffin,
George Hancock,
Carter B. Harriſon,
John Heath,
Richard Bland Lee,
James Madiſon,
Andrew Moore,
Joſeph Neville,
Anthony New,
John Nicholas,
John Page,
Joſiah Parker,
Francis Preſton,
Robert Rutherford,
Abraham Venable,
Francis Walker.

Kentucky.

Chriſtopher Greenup,
Alexander D. Orr.

North-Carolina.

Thomas Blount,
William J. Dawſon,
James Gilliſpie,
William Barry Grove,
Matthew Locke,
Nathaniel Macon,
Joſeph M'Dowell,
Alexander Mebane,
Benjamin Williams,
Joſeph Winſton.

South-Carolina.

Lemuel Benton,
Alexander Gillon,
John Hunter,
Andrew Pickens,
William Smith,
Richard Winn.

Georgia.

Abraham Baldwin,
Thomas P. Carnes.

John Beckley, clerk of the Houſe of Repreſentatives.
William Lambert, principal clerk.
Bernard Webb, } engroſſing clerks.
William Galt, }
Rev. Aſhbel Green, D D chaplain.
Joſeph Wheaton, ſerjeant at arms.
Thomas Claxton, door-keeper.
Thomas Dunn, aſſiſtant door-keeper.

The ſpeaker of the Houſe, 12 dollars, and the members, both of the Senate and Houſe, 6 dollars for every day's attendance; and for every twenty miles, in travelling to and from the ſeat of government. The ſecretary of the ſenate, and clerk of the houſe, each 1500 dolls. per annum; and 2 per day, during the ſeſſion. The chief clerk of each, 3 dollars, and the engroſſing clerks, 2 per day during the ſeſſion; and during the receſs of congreſs, if neceſſarily employed. The chaplains, at the rate of 500 dollars per annum, during the ſeſſion. The ſerjeant at arms, 4 per day; the door-keeper, 500, and aſſiſtant door-keeper, 450 dollars per annum.

JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court.

JOHN JAY, of New York, chief juſtice, ſalary 4000 dollars.
William Cuſhing, of Maſſachuſetts,
James Wilſon, of Pennſylvania,
John Blair, of Virginia,
James Iredell, of North-Carolina,
William Paterſon, of New-Jerſey,
} Aſſociate Juſtices, ſalary 3500 dollars each.
William Bradford, principal attorney general, ſalary, 1900 dollars.
Samuel Bayard, of Pennſylvania, clerk.

The records of the late Court of Errors and Appeals, in caſes of capture, are lodged in the office of the clerk of this Court.

District Court.

Diſtrict of Maine.
David Sewel, judge, ſalary 1000 dolls.
William Lithgow, attorney,
John Hobby, marſhal,
Henry Sewall, clerk.

Diſtrict of New Hampſhire.
John Sullivan, judge, ſalary, 1000 dolls.
Edward Livermore, attorney,
Nathaniel Rogers, marſhal,
Jonathan Steel, clerk.

Diſtrict of Vermont.
Samuel Hitchcock, judge, ſalary, 1000 dolls.
Stephen Jacobs, attorney,
Lewis R. Morris, marſhal,
Frederick Hill, clerk.

Diſtrict of Maſſachuſetts.
John Lowell, judge, ſalary 1200 dolls.
Chriſtopher Gore, attorney,
John Brooks, marſhal,
N. Goodale, clerk.

Diſtrict of Rhode Iſland.
Henry Marchant, judge, ſalary 800 dolls.
Ray Greene, attorney,
William Peck, marſhal,
E. T. Ellery, clerk.

Diſtrict of Connecticut.
Richard Law, judge, ſalary 1000 dolls.
Pierpoint Edwards, attorney,
Phillip B. Bradley, marſhal,
Simeon Baldwin, clerk.

District of New-York.	John Lawrence, judge, salary 1500 dolls. Richard Harrison, attorney, Acquila Giles, marshal, Robert Troup, clerk.
District of New-Jersey.	Robert Morris, judge, salary 1000 dolls. Abraham Ogden, attorney, Thomas Lowry, marshal, Robert Boggs, clerk.
District of Pennsylvania.	Richard Peters, judge, salary 1600 dolls. William Rawle, attorney, David Lenox, marshal, Samuel Caldwell, clerk.
District of Delaware.	Gunning Bedford, judge, salary 800 dolls. George Read, jun. attorney, Thomas M'Lean, marshal, Mathew Pearce, clerk.
District of Maryland.	William Paca, judge, salary 1500 dolls. Zebulon Hollingsworth, attorney, Nathaniel Ramsay, marshal, Philip Moore, clerk.
District of Virginia.	Cyrus Griffin, judge, salary 1800 dolls. Alexander Campbell, attorney, David Meade Randolph, marshal, William Marshall, clerk.
District of Kentuckey.	Harry Innes, judge, salary 1000 dolls. George Nicolas, attorney, Samuel M'Dowel, junr. marshal, James G. Hunter, clerk.
District of North Carolina.	John Sitgreaves, judge, salary 1500 dolls. William Hill, attorney, John Skinner, marshal, Abner Neale, clerk.
District of South-Carolina.	Thomas Bee, judge, salary 1800 dolls. Thomas Parker, attorney, Daniel Lionel, marshal, Joshua Hall, clerk.
District of Georgia.	Nathaniel Pendleton, judge, salary 1500 dolls. Mathew M'Allister, attorney, , marshal, Venables Bond, clerk.

A list of Counsellors admitted to practice in the Supreme Court of the United States.

Period of the several admissions.		
1790.		
February	5th,	Elias Boudinot, of New-Jersey.
		Thomas Hartly, Pennsylvania.
		Richard Harrison, New-York.
	8th,	Egbert Benson, ditto.
		John Laurence, ditto.
		Theodore Sedgwick, Massachusetts.
		William Smith, South-Carolina.
		Morgan Lewis, New-York.
		James Jackson, Georgia.
		Fisher Ames, Massachusetts.
		George Thatcher, ditto.
		Richard Varick, New-York.
		Robert Morris, New Jersey.
	9th,	Samuel Jones, New-York.
		Abraham Ogden, New-Jersey
		Elisha Boudinot, ditto.
		William Paterson, ditto.
		Ezekiel Gilbert, ditto.
		Cornelius Bogart, New-York.
		Arthur Lee, Virginia.
August	2d,	Richard Basset, Delaware.
		John Vining, ditto.
	3d.	Barnabas Bidwell, Connecticut.
1791.		
February	7th,	William Bradford, Pennsylvania.
		William Lewis, ditto
		Alexander Wilcocks, ditto.
		Miers Fisher, ditto.
		*Jonathan D. Sergeant, Pennsylvania.
		Jared Ingersol, ditto.
		Edward Tilghman, ditto.
		James Monroe, Virginia.
	8th,	Edward Burd, Pennsylvania.
		Luther Martin, Maryland
		William Barton, Pennsylvania.
		Moses Levy, ditto.
		John F Mifflin, ditto.
		Charles Heatley, ditto.

William Rawle, ditto
Jaſper Moylan, Pennſylvania.
Alexander J. Dallas, ditto.
Thomas Leaming, ditto.
Peter S. Duponceau, ditto.
*John Todd, junr. ditto.
Joſeph B. M'Kean, ditto.
Joſeph Henderſon, ditto
Alexander White, Virginia.
Samuel Johnſton, North-Carolina.
Auguſt 1ſt, John D. Coxe. Pennſylvania.
2d, David L. Barnes, Maſſachuſetts.
Thomas Smith, Pennſylvania.
*Jacob R. Howel, ditto.
3d, Charles Swift, ditto.

1792.
February 11th, William Few, Georgia.
Abraham Baldwin, ditto.
John W. Kittera, Pennſylvania.
13th, H. H. Brackenridge, ditto.
15th, George Read, junr. Delaware.
Auguſt 7th, Sampſon Levy, Pennſylvania.
11th, Anthony Morris, ditto.
Samuel Roberts, ditto.
Ephraim Kirby, Connecticut.

1794.
Febuary 4th, James Winchester, Maryland.
Hon. Thomas P. Carnes, Georgia.
February 5th, William Edmund, Connecticut.
William Hillhouſe, ditto.
Samuel Dexter, Maſſachuſetts.
Auguſt 5th, Matthew M'Alliſter, Georgia.
Joſeph Thomas, Pennſylvania.

Certified to be a true liſt of all the Counſellors admitted to practice in the Supreme Court of the United States.

By SAMUEL BAYARD, Clerk.

Philadelphia, December 13th, 1793.

* *Deceaſed.*

A liſt of all the Attornies admitted to practice in the Supreme Court of the United States.

1790.
February 8th, William Houſtoun, Georgia

February 9th, Edward Livingston, New-York.
Jacob Morton, ditto.
10, Bartholomew D. Hart, ditto.
John Keese, ditto.
Peter Masterton, ditto
William Wilcocks, ditto.

1791.
February 7th, John Caldwell, Pennsylvania.
Benjamin R. Morgan, ditto.

1792.
August 6th, John Hallowell, ditto.

1794.
February 6th, John C. Walls.

Certified to be a true list of the Attornies, &c.
By SAMUEL BAYARD, Clerk.

By the judiciary laws, three courts are established in the United States, a supreme court, a circuit court, and a district court. The supreme court consists of a chief justice and five associate justices, any four of whom may be a quorum. This court, must hold, annually, two sessions at the seat of government.

Each state, as also the district of Maine, forms a district; and is denominated by the name of the state, which composes it. Of these districts, excepting Maine and Kentucky, are also formed three circuits, called the Eastern, Middle, and the Southern circuit. The eastern circuit consists of the districts of Vermont, New-Hampshire, Massachusetts, Rhode-Island, Connecticut and New-York; the middle circuit, of the districts of New-Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland and Virginia; and the Southern circuit, of the districts of North-Carolina, South-Carolina, and Georgia. Each district has a judge called a District Judge, who, without any associate judge, forms the district court. He is required to hold, within his district, four sessions annually: he is also empowered to hold special sessions, if occasion require, either at the places established by law, for holding the stated terms, or elsewhere, at his discretion. The circuit court is composed of one of the judges of the supreme court, (or in some special cases, of two) and the district judge of any district where it is, *hoc tempore*, to be held. This court must hold two sessions annually in every district of each circuit, except Vermont, where it holds but one. Special sessions may also be held.

For the several jurisdiction of each of these courts, we must refer the reader to the ninth, tenth, eleventh, and thirteenth sections of the

act of Congress, entitled, 'An act to establish the Judicial Courts of the United States,' passed the twenty-fourth day of September, 1789.

EXECUTIVE BRANCHES.

Department of State, Department of the Treasury, and Department of War.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE.

EDMUND RANDOLPH, of Virginia, secretary; and commissioner, *ex officio*, for granting patents for useful discoveries. 3,500 dolls.

George Taylor, jun. chief clerk, and clerk, *ex officio*, for granting patents for useful discoveries.

Jacob Blackwell, } clerks.
George Pfeiffer, }

Sampson Crosby, messenger and door-keeper.

MINISTERS *and* CONSULS *of the* United States, *to foreign Powers.*

To the Republic and Dependencies of FRANCE.

James Monroe of Virginia, minister plenipotentiary.

Stephen Cathalan, vice consul,	—	Marseilles.
Nathaniel Cutting, consul, } M. de la Motte, vice consul, }	—	Havre de Grace.
Joseph Fenwick, consul,	—	Bourdeaux.
William M'Carty, do	—	Isle of France.
P. F. Dobree, vice consul,	—	Nantz.

To the Kingdom of GREAT BRITAIN.

Thomas Pinckney, of South Carolina, minister plenipotentiary.

Samuel Bayard, commercial agent,	—	London.
Joshua Johnson, consul,	—	do.
James Maury, do.	—	Liverpool.
Elias Vanderhorst, do.	—	Bristol.
Thomas Auldjo, vice consul,	—	Pool.
Edward Fox, consul,	—	Falmouth.
James Simpson, do.	—	Gibraltar.
Joseph Wilson, do.	—	Dublin.

To the Kingdom of SPAIN.

William Short, minister resident.

Joseph Yznardi, consul,	—	Cadiz.

Robert Montgomery, conſul,	—	Alicant.
Michael Murphy, conſul,	—	Malaga.
John Culnan, do.	—	Teneriffe.

To the Kingdom of PORTUGAL, and its Dominions.

David Humphreys, of Connecticut, miniſter reſident.

Edward Church, Conſul,	—	Liſbon.
John Marſden Pintard, conſul,	—	Madeira.
John Street, vice conſul,	—	Fayal.

To the UNITED NETHERLANDS, and their Dominions.

John Quincy Adams, miniſter reſident.
C. W. F. Dumas, agent at the Hague.

James Greenleaf, conſul,	—	Amſterdam.
Sylvanus Bourne, vice conſul,	—	do.
David Matthew Clarkſon, do.	—	St. Euſtatia.
Samuel Cooper Johonnot, do.	—	Demarara.

To the Dominions of DENMARK.

Hans Rodolph Seabye, conſul,	—	Copenhagen.
Henry Cooper, do.	—	Santa Cruz.

To the HANSE TOWNS.

John Pariſh, conſul,		Hamburgh.
Arnolfs Delius, do.	—	Bremen.

To GERMANY.

Philip Mark, conſul,	—	Franconia.

To ITALY.

Peter Felicihy, conſul,	—	Leghorn, &c.

To MOROCCO.

Thomas Barclay, conſul.

To CHINA and the EAST INDIES.

—		Canton.
Benjamin Joy, conſul,	—	Calcutta.

A ſum not exceeding 40,000 dollars, is annually appropriated to compenſate and ſupport ſuch perſons as may be appointed by the Preſident, to ſerve the United States in foreign parts; but the annual ſalary of a miniſter plenipotentiary muſt not exceed 9000 dollars; of

a charge des affairs, 4,500; of a secretary of a minister plenipotentiary, 1350; nor the outfit of either minister, or charge des affairs, his salary. A further sum of 100,000 dollars is now superadded to the aforesaid sum.

MINISTERS *and* CONSULS *from foreign powers, resident in the* United States.

From the FRENCH REPUBLIC,

Citizen Jean Baptist Fauchet, minister plenipotentiary.
Citizen De la Foreſt, consul general,
Citizen Petry, consul, } Philadelphia.
Citizen Cassan, vice consul, }
Citizen Cherui, do. Alexandria
Citizen Hauterive, consul, at New-York.
Citizen ——— consul, at Charleston, (S. C.)
Citizen Dannery, consul, at Boston.
Citizen Paul Thomas, vice consul, at Baltimore.

From GREAT BRITAIN.

His excellency George Hammond, minister plenipotentiary.
Sir John Temple, Bart, consul general, for the eastern states, resident at New-York.
Phineas Bond, consul general for the middle and southern states, resident at Philadelphia.
Thomas M'Donough, consul for the states of New-Hampshire, Massachusets, Rhode-Island and Connecticut, resided at Boston.
Thomas William Moore, vice consul for Rhode-Island, resident at Newport.
Edward Thornton, vice consul for Maryland, resident at Baltimore.
John Hamilton, consul for Virginia, resident at Norfolk.
George Miller, consul for N. Carolina, S. Carolina and Georgia, resident at Charleston.

From SPAIN.

Their Excellencies.
Don Joseph de Viar, } commissioners.
Don Joseph de Jaudennes, }

From the UNITED NETHERLANDS.

His excellency, Francis Van Berckel, minister resident.
Diederick Leertonwer, consul for the states of New-Hampshire and Massachusetts.

Harman le Roy, conſul for the ſtates of New-York and New-Jerſey.
Jan Hendrick Chriſtian Heinicker, conſul for the ſtates of Pennſylvania and Delaware.

From SWEDEN.

Richard Soderſtrom, conſul at Philadelphia.

From PRUSSIA.

Charles Godfrey Poleſke, conſul general.

From PORTUGAL.

Ignatius Palyart, conſul general.
James Barry, vice conſul, for Maryland and Virginia.
Francis James Ver Cnocke, vice conſul, for S. Carolina.
Richard Codman, vice conſul, for Maſſachuſetts.
John Abrans, vice conſul, for New-York.

DEPARTMENT of the TREASURY.

ALEXANDER HAMILTON, of New-York, ſecretary, 3,500.

SECRETARY'S OFFICE.

Edward Jones, } principal clerks.
Leighton Wood, jun. }
Daniel Brent, } clerks.
George Bond, }
William Eſenbeck, meſſenger and doorkeeper.

COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE.

Oliver Wolcott, jun. of Connecticut, comptroller, 2,650 dolls.
Henry Kuhl, chief clerk.

Clerks.

Gervas Hall,
William Brodie,
Alexander Brodie,
William Irvine,
Charles Jarvis,
John Wright,
James Shoemaker,
John P. Ripley,
William Felch,
Patrick Ferrall,
George Paxton.

John Burrows, meſſenger and door-keeper.

Auditor's Office.

Richard Harrison, of Virginia, Auditor, salary 2400 dolls.

William Simmons, chief clerk.

Clerks.

William Alricks,
Nathan Baker,
William Blackburne,
Clement C Brown,
James Burnside,
Ezekiel Freeman,
John Gibson,
George Nixon,
Richard Reddy,
John Stapleton,
Doyle Sweeney,
Morgan Sweeney,
Robert Underwood.

Joseph Bowman, messenger.

Revenue Office.

Tench Coxe, of Pennsylvania, commissioner of the Revenue, salary 2400 dollars.

William Barton, chief clerk.

Clerks.

William Banks,
Richard Banks,
Ezekiel Forman,
John Meafe.

Michael Gitts, door-keeper, &c.

Register's Office.

Joseph Nourse, register, salary 2000 dollars.

Clerks.

Joshua Dawson,
William James,
John Woodside, junr.
Robert M'Knight,
John Boyd,
John Mathews,
Michael Kennedy,
John Woodside,
Michael Nourse,
John Burchan,
Miles F Colfley
Steuart Cummin,
Joseph Stretch,
Chales Tompkins,
William Stoy, jun.
William Shepherd,
George Mitchell,
John Little.
John Hindman,
William P. Gardner.

Messengers.

Leonard Hiteley, Andrew Wright,

Treasurer's Office.

Samuel Meredith, of Pennſylvania, treaſurer, ſalary 2400 dollars.

Andrew Graydon, chief clerk.

John Thompſon, Samuel Brooks, clerks.

Commissioners of Loans.

States.	*Commiſſioners.*	*Salaries.*
New Hampſhire,	William Gardner,	650 dolls.
Maſſachuſetts,	Nathaniel Appleton,	1500
Rhode Iſland,	Jabez Bowen,	600
Connecticut,	William Imlay,	1000
New York,	John Cochran,	1500
New Jerſey,	James Ewing	700
Pennſylvania,	Stephen Moylan,	1500
Delaware,	James Tilton,	600
Maryland,	Benjamin Harwood,	1000
Virginia,	John Hopkins,	1500
North Carolina,	William Skinner,	1000
South Carolina,	John Neufville,	1000
Georgia,	Richard Wylly,	700

Officers of the CUSTOMS *with their respective Districts and Ports.*

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

Districts.	*Ports.*	*Collectors.*	*Naval Officers.*	*Surveyors.*
Portſmouth	*PORTSMOUTH*	Joſeph Whimple	Eleazer Ruſſel	Thomas Martin.

VERMONT.

Vermont	*South Hero*	Stephen Keys	— — —	— — —

MASSACHUSETTS.

Newburyport	*NEWBURYPORT*	Edw. Wiggleſworth	John Titcomb	Michael Hodge
Glouceſter	*GLOUCESTER*	Epes Sargent	— — —	Samuel Whettmore
Salem, and Beverly,	*SALEM* / *BEVERLY*	Joſeph Hiller	William Pickman	Bartholom. Putnam
		— — — —	— — —	Joſiah Batchelder
	Ipſwich	— — — —	— — —	Jeremiah Staniford
Marblehead	*Marblehead*	Sam. Ruſſel Gerry	— — —	— — —
Boſton & Charleſton	*BOSTON*	Benjamin Lincoln	James Lovell	Thomas Melvill
Plymouth	*Plymouth*	William Watſon	— — —	— — —
Barnſtable	Barnſtable	Joſeph Otis	— — —	— — —
Nantucket	*Sherburne*	Stephen Huſſey	— — —	— — —
Edgarton	Edgarton	John Peaſe	— — —	— — —
New Bedford	*New Bedford*	Edward Pope	— — —	— — —
Dighton	*Dighton*	Hodijah Baylies	— — —	— — —
York	York	Joſeph Tucker	— — —	— — —
Biddeford, and Pepperelborough	Biddeford.	Jeremiah Hill	— — —	— — —

Districts.	*Ports.*	*Collectors.*	*Naval Officers.*	*Surveyors.*
Portland and Falmouth	*PORTLAND* *FALMOUTH*	Nathaniel Fofdick	— — —	James Lunt
Bath	*Bath*	William Webb	— — —	— — —
Wifcaffett	*Wifcaffett*	Francis Cook	— — —	— — —
Penobfcot	*Penobfcot*	John Lee	— — —	— — —
Frenchman's Bay	*Frenchman's Bay*	Melathia Jordan	— — —	— — —
Machias	*Machias*	Stephen Smith	— — —	— — —
Paffamaquady	Paffamaquady	L. F De Lefdernier	— — —	— — —
RHODE ISLAND.				
Newport	*NEWPORT*	William Ellery	R Crooke	Daniel Lyman
	North Kingſton	— — —	— — —	D. Eldridge Updike
	Eaft Greenwich	— — —	— — —	Thomas Arnold
	Warren&Barrington	— — —	— — —	Nathaniel Phillips
	Briſtol	— — —	— — —	Samuel Bofworth
	Pawcatuck river	— — —	— — —	George Stillman
Providence	*PROVIDENCE*	Jeremiah Olney	Ebenezer Thomfon	William Barton
	Patuxet	— — —	— — —	Zachariah Rhodes
CONNECTICUT.				
New London	*NEW LONDON*	JedediahHuntington	— — —	Nathaniel Richards
	Stonington	— — —	— — —	Jonathan Palmer
	Middletown	— — —	— — —	Comfort Sage
New Haven	*NEW HAVEN*	David Auſtin	— — —	William Munſon
Fairfield	Fairfield	Samuel Sherdley	— — —	— — —

NEW-YORK.

Districts.	*Ports.*	*Collectors.*	*Naval Officers.*	*Surveyors.*
Sagg Harbour	Sagg Harbour	Henry P. Dering	— — —	— — —
New York —	*NEW-YORK*	John Lamb	Benjamin Walker	John Lasher
	Albany —	— — —	— — —	Henry J. Bogart
	Hudson —	— — —	— — —	John C. Fen Broeck
Champlain	*Champlain* —	M. Lloyd Woolsey	— — —	— — —

NEW-JERSEY.

Perth-Amboy	*PERTH-AMBOY*	John Halsted	— — —	— — —
Burlington	*Burlington*	John Rofs	— — —	— — —
	Little Egg harbour	— — —	— — —	Ebenezer Tucker
Bridgetown —	Bridgetown	Eli Elmer	— — —	— — —
Great Egg-harbour	Somers' Iland	Daniel Benezet, jun	— — —	— — —

PENNSYLVANIA.

Pennsylvania	*PHILADELPHIA*	Sharp Delany	Wm. M'Pherson	Walter Stewart

DELAWARE.

Delaware —	*WILMINGTON*	George Bush	— — —	— — —

MARYLAND.

Baltimore —	*BALTIMORE*	Otho H. Williams	Robert Purviance	Daniel Delozier
Chester —	Chester	Jeremiah Nicholls	— — —	— — —
Oxford —	*Oxford* —	Jeremiah Banning	— — —	— — —
Vienna —	*Vienna* —	John Muir	— — —	— — —
Snowhill —	*Snowhill* —	John Gunby	— — —	— — —
Annapolis	*ANNAPOLIS*	Robert Denny	— — —	— — —

Districts.	*Ports.*	*Collectors.*	*Naval Officers.*	*Surveyors.*
Nottingham	*Nottingham*	George Biscoe	— — —	— — —
— — —	*Town Creek* —	— — —	— — —	Charles Chilton
Cedar Point	*Cedar Point* —	John C. Jones	— — —	— — —
— — —	Saint Mary's	— — —	— — —	Robert Cheffey
— — —	Lewellenfburg	— — —	— — —	Jeremiah Jordan
Georgetown	*GEORGETOWN*	James M. Lingan	— — —	— — —

VIRGINIA.

Hampton	*Hampton*	George Wray	— — —	— — —
Norfolk and Portfmouth	*NORFOLK*	William Lindfay	Philemon Gatehood	Daniel Bedinger
	Suffolk —	— — —	— — —	John Driver
	Smithfield	— — —	— — —	Copeland Parker
Bermuda Hundred	*Bermuda Hundred,* or, *City Point*	William Heth	— — —	Chriftopher Roane
— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —
— — —	Petersburg	— — —	— — —	James Gibbon
— — —	Rich. & Winchefter	— — —	— — —	Zechariah Rowland
Yorktown	*Yorktown*	Abraham Archer	— — —	— — —
— — —	*W. Point & Cumber*	— — —	— — —	Alexander Moore
Tappahannock	*Tappahannock*	Hudfon Muſe	— — —	— — —
— — —	*Urbanna* —	— — —	— — —	Peter Hemp
— — —	*Port Royal*	— — —	— — —	George Catlet
— — —	*Fredericksburg*	— — —	— — —	Thomas Moffat
Yeocomico	Yeocomico	Vincent Redman	— — —	— — —
Dumfries —	Dumfries	Richard M. Scott	— — —	— — —

Districts.	*Ports.*	*Collectors.*	*Naval Officers.*	*Surveyors.*
Alexandria	*ALEXANDRIA*	John Fitzgerald	— — —	Vincent Gray
Foley Landing	Accomack court H.	William Gibb	— — —	— — —
Cherryſtone	Cherryſtone	Nathaniel Wilkins	— — —	— — —
South-Quay	South-Quay	Thomas Browne	— — —	— — —
Louiſville	Louiſville	Richard Taylor	— — —	— — —

NORTH-CAROLINA.

Wilmington	*WILMINGTON*	James Read	John Walker	Thomas Callender
Newbern	*NEWBERN*	John Daves	— — —	— — —
— — —	Beaufort	— — —	— — —	John Eaſton
— — —	Swansborough	— — —	— — —	John M'Cullough
Waſhington	*WASHINGTON*	Nathaniel Keais	— — —	— — —
Edenton	*EDENTON*	Samuel Tredwell	— — —	— — —
— — —	Hertford	— — —	— — —	Joſiah Mordaugh
— — —	Winton	— — —	— — —	William Wynne
— — —	Bennet's Creek	— — —	— — —	John Baker
— — —	Plymouth	— — —	— — —	John Armiſtead
— — —	Windſor	— — —	— — —	William Benſon
— — —	Skewarkey	— — —	— — —	Henry Hunter
— — —	Murfreesborough	— — —	— — —	Hardy Murfree
Camden	*Plankbridge*	Iſaac Gregory	— — —	— — —
— — —	Nixonton	— — —	— — —	Hugh Knox
— — —	Indian town	— — —	— — —	Thomas Williams
— — —	Currituck Inlet	— — —	— — —	Samuel Jaſper

Districts.	*Ports.*	*Collectors.*	*Naval Officers.*	*Surveyors.*
— — —	Pasquotankerbridge	— — —	— — —	Edmund Sawyer
— — —	Newbiggin Creek	— — —	— — —	Elias Albertson

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

Georgetown	*GEORGETOWN*	Charles Brown	— — —	— — —
Charleston	*CHARLESTON*	Isaac Holmes	Isaac Moble	Edward Weyman
Beaufort	*BEAUFORT*	Andrew Agnew	— — —	— — —

GEORGIA.

Savannah	*SAVANNAH*	John Habersham	Lachlan M'Intosh	John Berrian
Sunbury	*SUNBURY*	John Lawson, jun.	— — —	— — —
Brunswick	*Brunswick*	Christopher Hillary	— — —	— — —
Saint Mary's	*Saint Mary's*	James Seagrove	— — —	— — —
Hardwick	*Hardwick*	William Thompson	— — —	— — —

N. B. The ports distinguished by Italics, (together with Newcastle and Port Penn, in the state of Delaware; Chestertown, Digges Landing, and Carrolsborough, in Maryland; Kinsale, Newport, and Rockets Landing, in Virginia; and Frederica, in Georgia) are ports to which foreign vessels are restricted; and these distinguished by capitals, ports to which vessels, arriving from the Cape of Good Hope, or from beyond it are restricted.

CUTTERS EMPLOYED IN AID OF THE CUSTOMS.

Stations	*Names.*	*Maſters.*	*Firſt Mates.*	*Second Mates.*	*Third Mates.*
N. Hampſhire	Scammel	Hopley Yeaton	John Adams	Benj. Gunniſon	Sam. Odiorne
Maſſachuſetts	Maſſachuſetts	John F. Williams	Hezekiah Welch	Nath. Nichols	Silv. Coleman
Connecticut	Argus	Jonath. Maitbie	George Houſe	Jer. Greenman	Eben. Perkins
New-York	Vigilant	Patrick Dennis	John Tanner	—	Caleb Stacy
Pennſylvania	General Green	J. Montgomery	Iſaac Roaſh	Char. Nuttle	William Dunton
Maryland	Active	David Porter	Will. Thomas	— — —	James Forbes
Virginia	Virginia	Richard Taylor	John Lurty	William Ham	— —
North Carolina	Diligence	William Cooke	Ben. Gordenner	James Sandy	—
South Carolina	—	Robert Cochran	H. G. Gampbel.	William Barker	Mat. Cozens.
Georgia	— —	John Howel	Hendr. Fiſher	John Wood	

The pay and ſubſiſtence of the captains of the revenue cutters are the ſame with captains in the army; the firſt mate, 26 dollars per month; ſecond mate, 20; and third mate, 18—with the ſubſiſtence of lieutenants. The pay of mariners is not to exceed 10 dollars per month.

*State of the Light-houses * erected on the headlands and islands of the United States.*

In what state.	*Where situated.*	*Number*	*Superintendents.*	*Keepers.*
New Hampshire	New-Castle Island, near Portsmouth	One	Joseph Whipple	Titus Salter
Massachusetts	Nantucket Island	One	Benjamin Lincoln	Paul Pinkham
ditto	Thatcher's Island	Two	ditto	Joseph Soward
ditto	Plumb Island, near Newbury Port	Two	ditto	Abner Lowell
ditto	Portland Head	One	ditto	Joseph Greenleaf
ditto	Light-house Island, in Boston bay	One	ditto	Thomas Knox
ditto	On the Gurnet, near Plymouth	1 with 2 lanterns	ditto	John Thomas
Rhode Island	On Conaniut Island	One	William Ellery	William Martin
Connecticut	At the mouth of Thames River	One	Jededi. Huntington	Daniel Harris
New-Jersey	Sandy-Hook, New-York bay	One	T. Randall, of N.Y.	Matthew Ely
Delaware	Cape-Henlopen, Delaware bay	One	W. Allibone, of Ph.	Abraham Hurgis
Virginia	Cape-Henry, Chesapeak bay	One	William Lindsay	Laban Goffigan
North Carolina	Cape-Feer Island (nearly completed)	One		
South-Carolina	Middle-bay Island, near Charleston	One	Edward Blake	Thomas Hollingsby
Georgia	Tybee Island, near Savannah	One	John Habersham	

* *N. B.* These, and all the Beacons, Buoys, public Piers, and Stakeages, for the protection and guidance of ships, are under the superintendence of the Commissioner of the Revenue, in the department of the treasury of the United States.

OFFICERS of the EXCISE,

With their respective Districts and Surveys.

District of New-Hampshire.

Joshua Wentworth, supervisor, salary 500 dollars and 1-2 per cent. commission.

Vermont.

Noah Smith, supervisor salary 400 dollars and 1-2 per cent. commission.

Massachusetts.

Nathanial Gorham, supervisor, salary 800 dollars and 1-2 per cent. commission.

1st Survey, the duties of the inspector to be performed by the supervisor.

2d Survey, Jonathan Jackson, inspector, salary 500 dollars and 1-2 per cent. commission.

3d Survey, Leonard Jarvis, inspector, salary 500 dollars and 1-2 per cent. commission.

Rhode-Island.

John S. Dexter, supervisor, salary 500 dollars and 1-2 per cent. commission.

Connecticut.

John Chester, supervisor, salary 600 dollars and 1-2 per cent. commission.

New-York.

Nicholas Fish, supervisor, salary 800 dollars and 1-2 per cent. commission.

New-Jersey.

Aaron Dunham, supervisor, salary 400 dollars and 1-2 per cent. commission.

Pennsylvania.

Henry Miller, of New-York, supervisor, salary 1000 dollars and 1-2 per cent. commission.

2d Survey, John Boyd, inspector, salary 480 dollars and 1 per cent. commission.

3d Survey, Edward Hand,

4th Survey, John Neville.

Delaware.

Andrew Barratt, supervisor, salary 400 dollars and 1 per cent. commission.

Maryland.

George Gale, ſupervisor, ſalary 700 dollars and 1 per cent commiſſion.
2d Survey. Philip Thomas, inſpector,
3d Survey, William Richardſon,

Virginia.

Edward Carrington, Supervisor, ſalary 1000 dollars, and 1 per cent. commiſſion.
1ſt Survey, Drury Ragſdale, inſpector,
2d Survey, Edward Stephens,
3d Survey, Mayo Carrington,
4th Survey, James Gibbon,
5th Survey, Edward Smith,
6th Survey, James Brackenridge,
7th Survey, Thomas Marſhal.

North-Carolina.

William Polk, Supervisor, ſalary, 700 dollars, and 1 per cent. commiſſion.
1ſt Survey, Thomas Overton, inſpector,
2d Survey, Hardy Murfree,
3d Survey, William Polk,
4th Survey, John Whitaker,
5th Survey, Daniel M'Kiſſack.

South-Carolina.

Daniel Stephens, Supervisor, ſalary 700 dollars, and 1 per cent. commiſſion.
2d Survey, Benjamin Cudworth, Inſpector,
3d Survey, Silvanus Walker.

Georgia.

John Mathews, Supervisor, ſalary 500 dollars, and 1 per cent. commiſſion.

By an act of Congreſs paſſed the 8th of May, 1792, the Preſident is authoriſed to make ſuch diſcretionary allowances to the officers of the Exciſe as he ſhall deem reaſonable; not exceeding ſeven and an half per cent. of the amount of duties on diſtilled ſpirits, nor the annual ſum of 70,000 dollars. And by an act of the 5th of June, 1794, he is authoriſed to make ſuch further allowances as may appear reaſonable; not exceeding, by one-third, the allowances heretofore made.

This branch of Revenue is under the immediate direction and ſuperintendance of the commiſſioner of the Revenue. The accounts of the officers are however paſſed in the ſame form with all others; being firſt examined by the Auditor, and receiving their final ſettlement in the office of the Comptroller of the Treaſury.

ALPHABETICAL LIST

Of articles on which duties are payable at their importation, with the respective rates of impost as regulated by Congress; the inner colum shewing the cents per hundred pound, bushel, gallon, &c. the outward column, the rate per centum ad valorem.

	cents.	ad. v.
ALE, beer, and porter, per gallon	8	
Do. do. do. per dozen in bottles	20	
Annifeed		15
Anchors		10
Beer, see ale		
Blank books		10
Bonnets, see hats		
Bricks and tiles		15
Boots, per pair	75	
Brushes		10
Buckles, shoe and knee		15
Buttons of all kinds		15
Cables per 112lb.	180	
Cambrics		10
Candles of wax or spermaceti, per lb.	6	
Candles of tallow	2	
Canes, walking-sticks and whips		10
Capers and pickles of all kinds		15
Caps, see hats,		
Cards, playing, per pack	25	
Cards, cotton, and wool, per dozen	50	
Carpets and carpeting		15
Cheese per lb.	7	
Chintzes and coloured calicoes, including all kinds of printed, stained and coloured cotton or linen manufactures		10
China ware		15
Chocolate, per lb.	3	
Cinnamon and cloves		15
Clocks and watches		15
Clothing ready made		10
Coal, per bushel	5	
Cocoa, per lb.	4	
Coffee, per lb.	5	
Colours, painters, whether dry or ground in oil		15

	cents	ad v
Coaches, chariots, chaiſes, chairs, pl ætons, ſolos, and other carriages or parts of carriages -		0
Cordage, tarred, per 112lb. - -	180	
Cordage, untarred, and yarn per 112lb.	225	
Cotton, per lb. - -	3	
Dentifrice powders, and all preparations for the teeth and gums - -		15
Doll's, dreſſed and undreſſed -		15
Drugs, medicinal, except ſuch as are commonly uſed in dying - -		15
Earthen and ſtone ware - -		15
Fans - -		15
Flowers, artificial feathers and other ornaments for women's head dreſſes - -		15
Floor-cloths and mats - -		15
Fringes, commonly uſed by coachmakers, ſadlers and upholſterers - -		10
Fruits, viz. currants, dates, figs, plumbs, prunes, raiſins, oranges, lemons, limes, and generally all kinds of fruits and comfits - -		15
Gauzes - -		10
Ginger - -		15
Glaſs, window and looking, and all manufactures of glaſs, except black quart bottles		15
Gloves and mittens of all kinds -		15
Glue - - -		15
Grocery, except ſuch articles as are ſpecially enumerated - -		15
Hair-powder - -		15
Hats, caps and bonnets of all kinds		15
Hemp, per 112lb. - -	100	
Indigo, per lb. - -	25	
Iron, caſt, ſlit and rolled, and all manufactures of iron - -		15
Jewellery and paſte-work		15
Lace, gold and ſilver - -		15
Laces and lawns - -		10
Laces, lines, fringes, taſſels and trimmings, commonly uſed by upholſterers, coachmakers, &c.		15
Leather, tanned and tawed, and all manufactures of which it is the chief article of value, not otherwiſe enumerated - -		15
Mace - -		15

	cents.	ad. v.
Malt, per bushel	10	
Mats and floor-cloths		15
Millinery, ready made		15
Molasses, per gallon	3	
Muslins and muslinets		10
Mustard		15
Manufactures of iron, steel, copper, brass, tin and pewter, of all kinds except brass and iron wire; locks, hinges, hoes, anvils and vises; or of which either of those metals is the article of chief value		15
——— of leather, not being otherwise specified		15
——— of glass, except black quart bottles		15
Nails per lb.	2	
Nankeens		10
Nutmegs		15
Oil and Olives		15
Oranges, see fruits		
Odours, ointments, &c. see powders, pastes &c.		
Paper, writing and wrapping		10
Ditto Sheathing and cartridge		15
Paper hangings		15
Pasteboards		10
Parchment and vellum		10
Pepper per lb.	6	
Pimento per do.	4	
Pickles of all sorts		
Pictures and prints		
Porter, see ale		
Powder hair		15
Powders, pastes, balls, balsams, ointments, oils, waters, washes, tinctures essences, or other preparations, or compositions, commonly called sweet scents, odours, perfumes or cosmetics		15
Saddles		10
Sail cloth		10
Salt per bushel, (or per 56lb.)	12	
Salts, glauber, per 112lb.	200	
Sattins and other wrought silks		10
Shoes and slippers of silk, per pair	25	
All other shoes and slippers for men and women, clogs and goloshoes	15	
All other shoes and slippers for children	10	

	cents.	adv.
Snuff per lb.	22	
Soap ditto	2	
Starch		15
Steel per cwt.	100	
Stockings		15
Stone, viz. marble, ſlate, &c. mortars, tables and other utenſils of marble or ſlate, and all kinds of ſtone or earthen ware,		15
Sugar, loaf, per lb.	9	
Sugar, brown, ditto	2½	
All other ſugar	3½	
Sugar candy		15
Spirits diſtilled wholly or chiefly from grain		
Firſt proof per gallon	28	
Second ditto	29	
Third ditto	31	
Fourth ditto	34	
Fifth ditto	40	
Sixth ditto	50	
All other diſtilled ſpirits:		
Second proof and under, per gallon	25	
Third ditto	28	
Fourth ditto	32	
Fifth ditto	38	
Sixth ditto	46	

N. B. The rates of proof, according to Bicas' hydrometer, reſpect, the firſt, ſuch ſpirits as are more than ten per cent. below proof; the ſecond, ſuch as are between five and ten per cent. below proof; the third, ſuch as are between proof and five per cent. below it; the fourth, ſuch as are between proof and twenty per cent. above it; the fifth, ſuch as are between twenty and forty per cent. above proof; the ſixth, ſuch as exceed forty per cent. above proof.

Teas from China and India, in ſhips or veſſels of the United States.

Bohea, per lb.	10	
Souchong and other black teas	18	
Hyſon	32	
Other green teas	40	

	cents.	ad v.
Teas From Europe, in ſhips or veſſels of the United States.		
Bohea, per lb.	12	
Souchong and other black teas	21	
Hyſon	40	
Other green teas	24	
— From any other place, or in any other ſhips or veſſels.		
Bohea, per lb.	15	
Souchong and other black teas	27	
Hyſon	50	
Other green teas	30	
Tobacco, manufactured, per 112lb.	10	
Toys		10
Twine and pack thread, per lb,	400	
Velvets and velverets		10
Velium		10
Wafers		15
Ware, cabinet, and all manufactures of wood		15
Ware, china		15
Ware, gold, ſilver, and plated		15
Wines, viz. Madeira of the quality of London particular, per gallon	56	
Ditto, London market	49	
Other Madeira wines	40	
Sherry	33	
Saint Lucar	30	
Liſbon and Oporto	25	
Teneriffe and Fayall	20	
All other wines, provided the duty do not exceed 30 cents per gallon		40
Yarn, per 112lb.	225	

On all goods, wares and merchandize, imported directly from China or India in ſhips or veſſels, which are not of the United States, teas excepted, twelve and a half per centum ad valorem.

And generally, ſeven and a half per cent. ad valorem, on all goods, wares and merchandize, not particularly enumerated in the above liſt; except the following, which, by expreſs proviſion in ſeveral ſtatutes, are permitted to be imported free from duty, to wit:

Bullion, tin, and copper in pigs, copper in bars, tin plates, old pewter, braſs tutenague, iron and braſs wire, copper in plates, ſalt petre, plaiſter of Paris, wool, dying woods and dying drugs, raw hides and ſkins, all undreſſed furs, the feaſtores of ſhips and veſſels, the cloths, books, houſhold furniture, tools and implements of

trade and profeſſion of perſons coming to reſide in the United States, philoſophical apparatus ſpecially imported for any ſeminary of of learning, all goods intended to be re-exported to any foreign port or place in the ſame ſhip or veſſel in which they ſhall have been imported, lapis caliminaris, unmanufactured wool, wood, ſulphur, horſes, cattle, ſheep, ſwine, and other uſeful beaſts imported for breed, and during one year from the 22d May 1794, braſs cannon, muſkets and firelocks with bayonets ſuited to them, piſtols, ſwords, cutlaſſes, muſket balls, lead and gun-powder, and generally, all articles of the growth, product or manufactures of the United States.

The duties ſpecified in the above liſt reſpect goods, &c. imported in veſſels of the United States, except where foreign veſſels are particularly mentioned; and thoſe caſes excepted, an additional duty of ten per cent. is impoſed on all goods, wares and merchandize imported in foreign veſſels.

On the tonnage of ſhips or veſſels are impoſed the following duties, to wit.

On ſhips or veſſels of the United States when entered from any foreign port or place; and when entered in a diſtrict in one ſtate from a diſtrict in another ſtate (other than an adjoining ſtate on the ſea coaſt, or on a navigable river; and other than veſſels duly licenſed, employed in the coaſting trade, or in the bank or whale fiſheries, which are exempt from paying tonnage, while ſo employed, more than once in a year) having on board goods, wares and merchandize, taken in, in one ſtate, to be delivered in another, at the rate of ſix cents per ton. On ſhips or veſſels built within the United States ſince the 20th July 1789, but owned wholly or in part by foreigners, when entered from a foreign port or place, at the rate of thirty cents per ton; on all other ſhips or veſſels when entered from a foreign port or place, at the rate of fifty cents per ton: and on all ſhips or veſſels not of the United States, when entered in one diſtrict from another diſtrict, having on board goods wares and merchandize taken in, in one diſtrict, to be delivered in another, at the rate of fifty cents per ton.

To aſcertain the tonnage of a ſhip, if the ſame be double decked, take the length thereof from the fore part of the main ſtem to the after part of the ſtern poſt above the upper deck; the breadth at the broadeſt part above the main wales; half of which breadth account the depth, deduct from the length three fifths of the breadth; multiply the remainder by the breadth and that product by the depth; and divide the laſt product by ninety five. If the ſhip be ſingle decked, take the length and breadth as above directed; take the depth from the underſide of the deck plank to the ceiling in the hold; and deducting from the length three fifths of the breadth, multiply and divide as aforeſaid.

Duties on tonnage muſt be paid within ten days after report of the cargo made to the collector; and any maſter of a veſſel leaving or attempting to leave a port without paying ſuch duties forfeits five hundred dollars.

To determine the ad valorem rates of duty, add to the actual coſt of the goods twenty per cent. if imported from, or from beyond the Cape of Good-Hope; and ten per cent. if imported from any other place or country, excluſive of charges.

Duties on Domeſtic Objects.

On Carriages: viz.

	Dolls.
Coaches per annum,	10
Chariots,	8
Phætons and coachees,	6
Other four-wheel carriages,	2
Two-wheel top-carriages,	2
Other two-wheel carriages,	1

On Licences:

	Dolls.
Each licence for retailing wines,	5
Each do. do. ſpirits,	5

On Sales at Auction:

On the ſale of any intereſt in lands, &c. farming utenſils and ſtock, or of ſhips and veſſels, 25 cents per 100 dollars of the purchaſe money; and on the ſale of other property (not exempted by law) 50 cents per 100 dollars.

On Snuff and refined ſugar, manufactured within the United States.

	Cents
Snuff per pound.	8
Refined Sugar per pound.	2

On Spirits diſtilled within the United States the inner column expreſſing the duty when they are diſtilled from molaſſes, ſugar or other foreign materials, and the outward column, when they are diſtilled from materials of the growth or produce of the United States, to wit;

	C	C.
Firſt proof per gallon,	10	7
Second proof, ditto,	11	8
Third proof, ditto,	12	9
Fourth proof, ditto,	11	11
Fifth proof, ditto,	18	13
Sixth proof, ditto,	25	18

And on ſtills employed in diſtilling ſpirits from materials of the growth or produce of the United States, at any other place than a city, town or village; or at any diſtillery within a city, town or

village, at which the ſtill (or ſtills, if more than one) ſhall be of leſs capacity than four hundred gallons, fifty four cents per annum for every gallon Engliſh wine meaſure of the content of ſuch ſtill including the head thereof.

It being at the option, however of the proprietor of any ſtill, to pay, in lieu of the aforeſaid yearly duty either ſeven cents for every gallon of ſpirits by him or her diſtilled; or, to pay at the rate of ten cents per gallon of the capacity for every month's employment of his or her ſtill; notifying ſuch choice to the proper officer, and obtaining a licenſe duly executed for the ſtipulated time.

Having enumerated the ſeveral duties payable on importations, on the tonnage of veſſels, and on domeſtic objects, it will be proper to ſay ſomething on the ſubject of drawbacks, bounties and other allowances.

On all goods, wares and merchandize, (ſpirits, manufactured tobacco, ſnuff and refined ſugar e cepted,) for which duties, on importation, to the amount of twenty dollars ſhall have been paid, or ſecured, there is allowed, if the ſame, within twelve calendar months, be re-exported to any foreign country, a drawback equivalent to the duties ſo paid or ſecured, deducting therefrom, as an indemnification for the expence which may have accrued by ſtorage, fees of officers, and the like, one per cent.

On ſpirits, if the ſame amount to one hundred and fifty gallons, and be exported in veſſels of thirty tons and upwards, an allowance, by way of drawback, for every gallon exported, equal to the impoſt per gallon according to the reſpective proofs, deducting, for the purpoſes aforeſaid, half a cent per gallon: And on ſpirits diſtilled within the United States from imported molaſſes, an additional allowance of three cents per gallon: to balance the duty on that article.

On pickled fiſh of the fiſheries of the United States, eighteen cents per barrel, and on other proviſions ſalted within the ſaid States, fifteen cents per barrel (provided the bounty amount to three dollars) at their exportation, as an equivalent for the duty on ſalt.

There is alſo an annual bounty payable on the laſt day of December, in lieu of a former allowance on dried fiſh, to the owners or agents of fiſhing veſſels legally qualified and employed in carrying on the bank, and other codfiſheries, and which ſhall be therein employed four months during the fiſhing ſeaſon, reckoning from the laſt day of February to the laſt day of November, one dollar and twenty cents for every ton of the actual admeaſurement of ſuch veſſels or boats, as are more than five, and leſs than twenty tons burthen, and ſhall have landed during the preceding ſeaſon a quantity of fiſh, which when cured and fit for exportation, ſhall be equal to twelve quintals for every ton of her ſaid admeaſurement; the allowance in this

caſe to be accounted as part of the proceeds of the fares of the ſaid boat or veſſel, and to be ſo divided among the perſons intereſted: one dollar and eighty cents for every ton of the admeaſurement of ſuch veſſels as are between twenty and thirty tons burthen: and three dollars for every ton of ſuch veſſels as exceed thirty tons burthen; provided the allowance to any one veſſel do not, in a ſeaſon, exceed one hundred and ſeventy dollars. The allowances in the two caſes laſt mentioned are to be divided, three eighths to the owners of the veſſels, and five eighths to the fiſhermen employed therein the preceding ſeaſon, in ſuch proportion as the quantity of fiſh by them reſpectively taken ſhall bear to the whole quantity taken on board ſuch veſſels during the ſaid ſeaſon.—

Beſides the above ſpecified drawbacks and allowances, which entitle the exporter, &c. to the receipt of money, there are ſundry other allowances, which tend to diminiſh the duty to the importer, &c. Such are the allowances for leakage on liquors, and for draught and tare on articles of weight.

For leakage, on all liquors, upon which duties are payable by the gallon, including ſpirits diſtilled within the United ſtates, there is an allowance of two per cent, according to the guage of the caſks containing the ſame.

For Draught, on any quantity to the amount of an hundred weight, or an hundred and twelve pounds	lb. 1
On any quantity, from one to two hundred weight	2
From two to three hundred weight	3
From three to ten hundred	4
From ten to eighteen hundred	7
On any quantity above eighteen hundred	9
For tare, on every whole cheſt of bohea tea	70
On every half cheſt	36
On every quarter cheſt	20
On every cheſt of hyſon or other green tea of the weight of ſeventy pound or upwards, groſs	20
On every box of other tea, of not leſs than fifty pounds, nor more than ſeventy pounds, groſs	18
All other boxes of tea, according to their invoice.	pr. C.
On Coffee, in bags	2
In bales	3
In caſks	12
On pepper in bales	5
In caſks	12
On ſugar, other than loaf, in caſks	12
In boxes	15
On all other goods according to the invoice	

It being lawful alſo in any caſe where the original invoice is produced, and the tare appears therein, the importer or conſignee concurring, to eſtimate the tare according to ſuch invoice.

The preceding are the principal caſes in which drawbacks and premiums are recognized by Congreſs: of the benefit of which no one can avail himſelf without a careful adherence to the rules and reſtrictions of the law. Which reſtrictions, being enacted for the prevention of fraud, are very particular and explicit; any material departure from which will not only deprive the party of the benefit of the premium or drawback; but expoſe him to forfeiture, and in ſome caſes both of goods and veſſel. We ſhall, in a conciſe view, collect and ſet forth the principal regulations on the ſubject, with the forfeitures annexed to the violation thereof, for the information of thoſe who may not have had opportunity or leiſure to attend minutely to the laws; referring ſuch as wiſh for more particular information to the ſeveral acts of Congreſs relative to imports.

In caſe of the exportation of goods, wares and merchandize, the exporter muſt, previous to lading them on board any veſſel for that purpoſe, give to the collector of the diſtrict, from which the exportation is intended to be made, twenty-four hours notice of ſuch his intention, ſpecifying therein the ſeveral articles intended to be exported, together with the caſks, caſes, cheſts, boxes and other packages containing the ſame, and their reſpective marks, numbers and contents. And if they be imported articles, notice muſt alſo be given of the ſhip or veſſel in which, the perſon for or by whom, and the place from which they were imported; accompanied with proof by oath of the perſons, including the exporter, through whoſe hands they have paſſed reſpecting their due importation, and the ſecurity of the duties thereupon. Proof muſt alſo be made in reſpect to pickled fiſh and ſalted proviſions, that the fiſh are of the fiſheries of the U. States, and that the proviſions were ſalted therein. The exporter muſt further make oath that the ſaid goods are, bona fide, intended to be exported; and enter into bond with ſufficient ſureties, in a ſum equal to the amount of the drawback, not to reland them within the limits of the United States, as ſettled by the late treaty of peace.

Theſe requiſitions being complied with on the part of the exporter, and the goods inſpected by the collector, and found to correſpond with the notice and proof reſpecting the ſame, a permit is granted for lading them.

But the drawback thereon is not payable till ſix months after their exportation, a written certificate from two reputable merchants at the foreign port or place where they ſhall have been

landed, accompanied with the oath of the master and mate of the veſſel, certifying their delivery, being required previouſly to be produced to the collector with whom the outward entry was made: unleſs when the landing of the goods is prevented by ſome unavoidable accident, as ſhip-wreck; in which caſe a proteſt, in due form of law, made by the maſter and mate, or ſome of the ſeamen; or when no ſuch proteſt can be had, the oath of the exporter (unleſs there is good reaſon to ſuſpect the truth of the ſame) is permitted to be taken in lieu of ſuch other proof.

Theſe regulations being intended to prevent every kind of fraud, coluſion, or deception, it is enacted, ſect. 59 of the "act to provide more effectually for the collection of the duties impoſed by law on goods, wares and merchandize imported into the United States, and on the tonnage of ſhips and veſſels," That if any goods, &c. entered for exportation, with intent to draw back the duties, or to obtain any allowance given by law on the exportation thereof, ſhall be landed in any port or place within the limits of the United States as aforeſaid, all ſuch goods, &c. ſhall be ſubject to ſeizure and forfeiture, together with the ſhip or veſſel from which ſuch goods ſhall be landed, and the veſſel or boats uſed in landing the ſame; and all perſons concerned therein, ſhall, on indictment and conviction thereof, ſuffer imprisonment for a term not exceeding ſix months.

In caſe alſo of the exportation of ſpirits, whether of foreign or domeſtic diſtillation, notice as aforeſaid muſt be given to the proper officer of inſpection, ſix hours previous to putting them on board any veſſel for that purpoſe, of the exporter's intention to export them, of the number of caſks, veſſels, and caſes containing them, and the reſpective marks thereof, the place where they are then depoſited, the ſhip or veſſel in which, and the place to which they are intended to be exported. He muſt alſo produce to the ſaid officer the certificates, which by law ought to accompany them, and make oath as aforeſaid of his true intention to export the ſame, and proof of the duties being paid or ſecured, and enter into bond with two ſufficient ſureties, (the maſter of the veſſel being one) in a ſum equal to the value of the ſpirits, not to re-land them. After which, being duly inſpected and branded, they muſt be laden on board the veſſel in preſence of the officer who inſpected them: And if afterward unſhipped or re-landed within the limits of the United States, or within four leagues of the coaſt thereof, unleſs the voyage ſhall not have been purſued, or ſhall have been altered, or in diſtreſs of weather, (which diſtreſs muſt be immediately notified to the principal officer of the cuſtoms, reſiding at the neareſt port thereto) both

the said spirits, and the ship with her tackle, apparel and furniture, and all boats or vessels employed in unshipping or landing the same, and their tackle and furniture, are forfeited, and are liable to seizure by any officer of the customs or of inspection. The payment of the drawback is also in this case deferred till six months after exportation.

And in case of allowances on fishing vessels, where the boats or vessels are under twenty tons, an account of the weight of fish caught, the original adjustment and settlement of the fare or fares among the owners and fishermen, together with a written account of the length, breadth, and depth of the boat or vessel, and the time she has been actually employed in the fishery during the preceding season, must be produced to the collector of the district authorised to pay the said allowance, and sworn or affirmed to before him, in order to entitle the owner, his agent or lawful representative, to receive the same. And if any fraud or deceit in obtaining such allowance shall, at any time within a year after paying it, appear to have been practised, the boat or vessel, upon which the allowance shall have been paid, is by law forfeited, if found within the district; otherwise the owner having practised such fraud or deceit, forfeits and is liable to pay one hundred dollars.

Where the vessels are of twenty tons or upwards, an agreement in writing or print must, previous to any voyage, be made between the skipper or master and every fisherman, expressing the terms of shipment; whether the same are to continue for the voyage only, or for the season; and that the fish or proceeds of such voyage or voyages, which may appertain to the fishermen, shall be divided among them in proportion to the quantity of fish by them respectively caught; to be also indorsed or countersigned by the owner or his agent. Which agreement, together with a certificate, subscribed by the owner, his agent or lawful representative, and certifying on his or their oath, the particular day on which any vessel sailed on, or returned from the several voyages, which she may have made the preceding season, must, in like manner, be produced to the collector, before the said owner, &c. can be entitled to receive any allowance.

A GENERAL ABSTRACT from the REVENUE LAWS; wherein the several Parts of the ACTS are digested, and transposed under distinct Heads, agreeably to the Subjects with which they have relation.

Of the Duty of Masters of Vessels.

EVERY master of a vessel, bound to the district of Nottingham, must, on penalty of five hundred dollars, deposit with the surveyor of the port of Town Creek, a manifest of the cargo, unless he shall have previously delivered one to some officer of the customs coming on board; bound to the district of Tappahannock, with the surveyor of the port of Urbanna; to the district of Bermuda Hundred, or City Point, with the collector of Norfolk and Portsmouth, or of Hampton; to the district of South-Quay, with the collector of Edenton. Which manifests, the respective collectors and surveyors must, after registry transmit, duly certified, to the officer with whom entry is to be made.

Also, every master of a vessel, belonging wholly, or in part, to citizens of the United States, must, on arrival from any foreign country have an accurate and true manifest of the cargo on board; and in default thereof, he forfeits the value of all goods not included in such manifest, unless due proof be made, that no part of the cargo, has been unshipped since taken on board, and that such manifest has been lost, or mislaid, or defaced by accident, or was incorrect by mistake.

Which manifest, every master of a vessel, as aforesaid, must, on penalty of a sum not exceeding five hundred dollars, produce to the first officer of the customs, who shall appear on board, after his arrival within four leagues of the coasts of the United States; and also to the first such officer, who shall appear on board after his arrival in a district in which any part of his cargo is to be discharged; delivering in either case, a copy thereof, by himself subscribed. The production of the manifest and receipt of the copy, such officer must certify respectively, on penalty of five hundred dollars; certifying on the original, the day and year when produced, and the delivery of a copy; and on the copy, the day and year it was delivered. He must also transmit said copy to the collector of the district to which such vessel is bound.

If any part of the cargoes of such vessels, as laden with goods, and bound to the United States, have arrived within four leagues of the coast, be unladen previous to their coming into port and being legally authorized to unlade, all the goods so unladen, and any vessel or boat into which they may be put, are forfeited; and the master and mate of the vessel so unladen, forfeit, each, one thousand dollars; and every other person aiding and assisting, re-

ble the value of the goods unladen.—Theſe forfeitures, are not however, incurred in caſe of unavoidable accidents, neceſſity or diſtreſs of weather, if duly notified and ſtrictly proved.

Alſo, if any ſhip or veſſel has arrived within the limits of a diſtrict of the United States, from a foreign country, ſhe leaves or attempts to leave it, (unleſs to proceed to a more interior diſtrict,) previous to report and entry made, the maſter forfeits four hundred dollars. And the collector, naval officer, ſurveyor, or any revenue cutters may arreſt and bring her back; unleſs the departure was occaſioned by diſtreſs of weather, dureſs of enemies or other neceſſity, which in either caſe muſt be ſtrictly proved.

Further, every maſter of a veſſel (ſhips of war and public packets excepted) muſt within twenty-four hours after his arrival in any port of the United States (if the uſual hours of buſineſs will permit) make report thereof to the chief officer of the cuſtoms at the port, and within forty-eight hours, a further report of the cargo, and deliver a manifeſt to the collector. In default of which, he forfeits one thouſand dollars.

But maſters of veſſels, whereof only part of the cargoes is deſtined to any particular port of the United States, may, after paying or ſecuring the duties of ſuch part, and giving bond equal to the amount of duties on the remainder, that no part thereof ſhall be landed in the United States without due entry, proceed to the port or place of their deſtination.

And when the cargoes of any veſſels are deſtined to ports in different diſtricts, the maſters thereof may proceed from diſtrict to diſtrict, paying in each diſtrict, the duties on ſuch goods as may be delivered therein, and giving bond to the collector of the diſtrict where they firſt arrived, for their due entry in every other diſtrict, and alſo obtaining from the reſpective collectors, to whom any part of their cargoes may be reported, copies of ſuch reports, and certificates of the quantity and particulars of the goods delivered.—Any maſter, in default of obtaining ſuch copy and certificate, or neglecting to produce them to any ſubſequent collector forfeits five hundred dollars.—But in caſe of ſpirits, ſuch certificates muſt be had from, and produced to the officers of inſpection.

Sea-ſtores, being exempt from duty, muſt be deſignated as ſuch in the maſters report; and if exceſſive, the duty may be eſtimated, on the exceſs, the value whereof is forfeited unleſs ſuch duty be paid; as alſo treble the value of any articles thereof, if landed for ſale.—Veſſels not bound to the United States, but putting in, in diſtreſs, the maſter and mate muſt, within twenty-four hours, make proteſt, ſetting forth the circumſtances of the

diſtreſs, before a notary public, or other perſon duly authorized; and, within forty-eight hours, report of the cargo as in other caſes: and the diſtreſs being duly certified by the wardens of the port, permits, may if neceſſary, be granted for unlading; the collectors cauſing the goods unladen to be ſtored, and, if damaged, or if neceſſary in repairing the ſhip, allowing them, the duties thereon being firſt paid, to be ſold.

Maſters of veſſels bound to foreign ports, previous to obtaining a clearance, muſt deliver to the collector of the diſtrict from which they are about to ſail, manifeſts of their cargoes, and any maſter departing without a clearance, forfeits two hundred dollars.

The penalty of falſe ſwearing, as well of maſters of veſſels, as of the owners or conſignees of goods, or their factors or agents, is fine or impriſonment, or both; not exceeding in caſe of the former, one thouſand dollars; of the latter, one year.

No maſter of a veſſel arriving at any port, where there is a poſt office, may report or make entry, till he has delivered to the poſtmaſter all letters in his poſſeſſion, directed to any perſon within the United States.

2d. *Of the duty of the Owners or Conſignees of Goods.*

Within fifteen days after the maſter of any veſſel ſhall have made report to the collector, the owners or conſigners, or their factors or agents muſt, on oath or affirmation, make entry with the ſaid collector, of the goods conſigned to them, particularizing the marks, numbers and contents of each package: or if in bulk, the quantity and quality; producing the original invoices, documents, and bills of lading, and declaring, that ſhould any other goods afterwards appear to be conſigned to them, they will make it known in order to a due entry thereof.

Articles exempt from duty, as clothes, books, houſehold furniture, &c. muſt be ſeparately and diſtinctly entered by the owner or his agent; who, according to the beſt of his knowledge, muſt make oath reſpecting ſuch owner, his occupation, arrival or expected arrival; and that the ſaid articles are really intended for his, or his family's uſe, and not for ſale; which oath being endorſed on the entry, muſt be ſubſcribed by the perſon making it. And in caſe ſuch perſon be not the real owner of the goods, he muſt give bond, that a like oath, ſhall, within a year be had of the real owner, either taken before the collector with whom the entry is made, or produced to him duly executed. A copy of which oath and entry muſt be tranſmitted to the ſecretary of the treaſury.

Report and entry must also be made on the re-importation of articles of the growth or manufactures of the United States.—Such articles being duty-free, their identity must be carefully proved. For which purpose the oaths of such persons as have knowledge of the facts are required, relative to the time of their exportation, the ship in which, and the person by whom exported; and if imported into any other district than that from which they were exported, a certificate from the collector of the district, certifying their exportation: such certificate, however, being dispensed with, where it cannot be immediately produced, on giving bond for its production within four months.

No goods imported from a foreign country may be unladen till the duties, agreeably to an estimate made by the collector and naval officer (where there is one at the port) are paid or secured; and a permit signed by the said collector, and countersigned by the said naval officer (where there is one at the port) granted; nor in any case, except by special licence, unless between sun rise and sun set. Goods unladen in violation of these restrictions (as also the vessel and her tackle, where the value of the goods amount to four hundred dollars) are forfeited; and every person concerned therein incurs a penalty of four hundred dollars, of being advertised in the public papers, and incapacity of holding office for seven years. Also goods requiring to be weighed or gauged, may not, on penalty of forfeiture, be removed from the wharf where first landed, without the presence of a proper officer, till it be done.

Goods whereof the entry does not specify the particulars, are required to be stored till the particulars are ascertained, and the duties adjusted. And in all cases, where the final adjustments of the duties exceed the estimate thereof before taken, the difference is to be paid to the collector; and where it is less than such estimate, the party having paid or secured them agreeably thereto, to be refunded or credited, as the case may be.

3d. *Of the duty of the Officers of the Customs.*

The officers of the customs are required to take oath and give bond for the faithful discharge of the duties of their respective offices; and for default of the former, they incur a penalty of two hundred dollars.

The collectors are empowered, in presence of the naval officer, where there is one, to administer the necessary oaths to masters of vessels, the owners of goods, &c. And collectors, naval officers, and surveyors of ports, may, in case of absence or sickness, act by deputy.

To superintend the delivery of goods, inspectors may be put and kept on board of vessels, while lying in port, or while going from district to district, may prohibit any goods from being unladen without a permit. and after sun set, secure the hatches, which may not be opened, except in their presence, on penalty of two hundred dollars.—In like manner the officers of the customs, including those of the revenue cutters, may as well without as within their respective districts, go on board all such vessels as, bound to the United States, have arrived within four leagues of the coast, may demand manifests, examine the cargoes, and designate any trunk or package, being separate from the rest of the cargo, sealing the same if thought proper. and transmitting to the collectors of the districts to which such vessels are bound, a particular account thereof; and any such trunk or package. on arrival, not appearing, or the seal being broken, subjects the master to a penalty of two hundred dollars. Such officers may in like circumstances, make seizures, where goods are legally forfeited; and if, in any case, impeded or resisted in the execution of their duty, the person offending forfeits a sum not exceeding four hundred dollars.

Entries on the delivery of the cargoes of vessels, must, when such delivery is completed, be compared with the entries of the owners, or consignees, and the result endorsed on the respective entries, and subscribed by the officers making the comparison.—And in case any package which shall have been reported, be missing, the master forfeits five hundred dollars; but may save the penalty by making due proof before proper authority, that no part of his cargo since taken on board, had been unshipped, except, as contained in his report, or that such disagreement was by accident or mistake.

In case any goods, other than salt and coal, remain on board any vessel, fifteen days after the master's report is required to be made, the same must, by the inspectors, be delivered into the custody of the collector; who keeping them at the risk of the owner, may at the expiration of nine months, if claim be not previously made, cause them to be appraised by two reputable merchants (to ascertain the duties thereon) and sold at public auction, retaining the duties, and paying the overplus, if any, for the use of the owner, into the treasury of the United States.—And when goods are damaged, or not accompanied with the original invoice, the duties may be ascertained by appraisement of two merchants, the collector choosing one, and the owner the other: or goods not accompanied with invoices, may at the option and risk of the owner, be kept by the collector till the in-

voice be obtained. But goods entered and not invoiced are forfeited; and any collector ſuſpecting invoices to be not according to the true value of the goods, may cauſe an appraiſement thereof to be made, as in caſe of damaged goods.

On ſuſpicion of fraud, packages, whereof entry has been made, may, in the preſence of two or more reputable merchants, be opened and examined; and in caſe of diſagreement, unleſs it be proved to have been by accident or miſtake, ſuch articles as diſagree with their reſpective entries, are ſubject to forfeiture. Goods concealed with intention to defraud the revenue, are alſo if found, ſubject to forfeiture. And any perſon purchaſing goods liable to ſeizure, knowing them to be ſuch, forfeits double their value.

Officers of the cuſtoms, demanding or receiving other than legal fees, incur a penalty of two hundred dollars; and accepting a bribe or reward, for conniving at a falſe entry of veſſels or goods, a penalty of, not leſs than two hundred, nor greater than two thouſand dollars. And perſons giving or offering ſuch bribe or reward, incur a like penalty.

4th. *Of the Payment of Duties, &c.*

In all caſes where the duties do not exceed fifty dollars, they muſt be paid immediately; but where they exceed that ſum, they may be either paid immediately, or ſecured by bond, for their payment, if accruing on Weſt India goods other than ſalt in four months; on ſalt in nine months; on wines in twelve months; and on all other articles, teas excepted, one half in ſix, one quarter in nine, and the remainder in twelve months: which bond may, at the option of the obligor, either include one or more ſureties, or, without ſureties, be accompanied with a depoſit of part of the goods. And the duties on teas may be ſecured, by a bond with ſureties, payable in one year; or by bond, without ſureties, in double their amount, payable in two years; the teas being depoſited at the riſk and expence of the importers, in ware-houſes agreed on between them and an inſpector. And in caſe of depoſit, any part of teas may be delivered to the owners on paying, or further ſecuring the payment of the duties, by bond, with ſureties to be paid, where the duties do not exceed one hundred dollars, in four months; where they exceed one hundred and do not exceed five hundred dollars, in eight months; or where they exceed five hundred dollars, in twelve months.—But the credit by the laſt mentioned bond muſt not exceed two years from the depoſit of the teas; the collector then having power to cauſe ſo much thereof, to be ſold at public auction as will diſcharge the arrears of duties ſtill due, with coſt of ſale.

Bonds for duties not being paid at the time they become due, the collectors are required to inſtitute ſuits for their recovery; and in caſe of inſolvency, the debts due to the United States have priority.

5th. Of the Manner in which Goods muſt be imported.

Spirits, wines and teas, muſt on pain of forfeiture, at leaſt of the two former, be landed under the ſuperintendence of ſome officer of inſpection, to whom all permits from collectors for their landing muſt be previouſly produced.

diſtilled ſpirits may not be imported in any caſk which ſhall have been marked purſuant to any law reſpecting ſuch ſpirits, on pain of forfeiture of the ſpirits and the ſhip or veſſel importing them. Nor may any diſtilled ſpirits, except arrack, and ſweet cordials, be imported in caſks of leſs capacity than ninety gallons, on pain of forfeiture.—Ale, beer, or porter may not be imported in leſs caſks than of the capacity of forty gallons, or in leſs packages than ſix dozen bottles, on pain of forfeiture thereof, and of the ſhip or veſſel importing them.——

No goods other than houſehold furniture, and clothes of perſons coming into the United States, for the purpoſe of becoming inhabitants, may be brought from a foreign country, into any diſtrict thereof, Louiſville, Champlain, and South Hero excepted, in any other manner than by ſea, nor by ſea in veſſels leſs than thirty tons burthen, on pain of forfeiture of all ſuch goods, and the carriages, teams or veſſels by which conveyed.

Value of the goods, wares and merchandize, exported from each State, from the 1ſt October, 1792, to the 30th September, 1793.

	dollars.
New-Hampſhire	198 197
Maſſachuſetts	3,676.412
Rhode-Iſland	616,416
Connecticut	770,239
New-York	2,934,370
New-Jerſey	54,176
Pennſylvania	6,958,736
Delaware	71,242
Maryland	3,687,119
Virginia, North and South Carolina and Georgia	7,044,873
Total	26,011,788

[Note]—*Sundry returns from ſmall ports, not yet received.*

A summary of the value and deſtination of the exports of the United States, within the ſame time, agreeably to the foregoing abſtract.

	dollars.
To the dominions of Ruſſia	5,769
— the dominions of Sweden	310,427
— the dominions of Denmark	870,508
— the dominions of the United Netherlands	3,169,536
— the dominions of Great-Britain	8,431,239
— the Imperial ports of the Auſtrian Netherlands and Germany	1,013,347
— Hamburg, Bremen, and other Hanſe Towns	792,537
— the dominions of France	7,050,491
— the dominions of Spain	2,237 950
— the dominions of Portugal	997,590
— the Italian Ports	220,688
— Morocco	2,094
— the Eaſt Indies, generally	253,131
— Africa, generally	251,343
— the Weſt-Indies, generally	399,559
— the North-Weſt Coaſt of America	1,586
— Uncertain	3,986
Total	26,011,788

PUBLIC DEBT.

On the fourth day of Auguſt, 1792, when the act was paſſed making proviſion for the debt of the United States, the eſtimate amount of FOREIGN DEBT was dollars 11 710,378 62.

We are not able to ſtate to the public, what proportion of it has been ſince diſcharged; nor what accretion of new debt of this deſcription may have ariſen from the negociation of loans in Holland and Antwerp, ſince the commencement of the preſent adminiſtration.

The commiſſioners for ſettling the accounts of the United States with the individual States, created by an act paſſed on the fifth day of Aug. 1790, compleated their labours on the firſt of July, 1793, and the following is a ſtatement of the ſums due, agreeably to their report, to and from the ſeveral ſtates.

Debtor States.	dollars.	*Creditor States.*	dollars.
New-York,	274,846	New-Hampſhire,	75,055
Pennſylvania,	76 709	Maſſachuſetts,	1,248,801
Delaware,	612,428	Rhode-Iſland,	292,911
Maryland,	151,640	Connecticut,	619,121
Virginia,	100,899	New-Jerſey,	49,030
North Carolina,	51,082	South Carolina,	1,205,976
		Georgia,	19,988

Eſtimate of the Expences of Government for the year 1794.

	dollars.
Civil Liſt	542,982,02
Military eſtabliſhment, including the expences of fortifications	2,130,949,76
Arſenals, armories, and ammunition	421.865
Intercourſe with foreign nations	1.040,000
Frigates and Gallies	768,888,82
Intereſt of National debt	2,849,194,73
Total, dollars	7,753 830,36

DOMESTIC DEBT.

The eſtimated amount of the Domeſtic Debt, with arrears of intereſt, to the 31ſt December 1790, according to the ſecretary's report to the houſe of repreſentatives, dated the 9th Jan. 1790, is ſtated at

Liquidated — — —	40,414,085 94
Unliquidated — —	2,000,000
Dollars	42,414,085 94

	Dols. Cts.
Of which there have been ſubſcribed to the loan, to 30th Sept. 1793, —	39,635,248 26
There remained, at that time, on the books of the treaſury, unſubſcribed, commonly called Regiſtered Debt,	527,984 11
Surplus eſtimate, on 30th Sept. 1793,	2,250,853 57
Dols.	42,414,085 94

ASSUMED DEBT.

The following are the ſums aſſumed to the debit of the United States, agreeably to the act above referred to.

	dollars.		*dollars.*
New Hampſhire,	300,000	Maryland,	800,000
Maſſachuſetts,	4,000,000	Virginia,	3,500,000
Rhode Iſland,	200,000	North-Carolina,	2,400,000
Connecticut,	1,600,000	South Carolina,	4,000,000
New-York,	1,200 000	Georgia,	300,000
New-Jerſey,	800,000		
Pennſylvania,	2,200,0 0	*dolls.*	21,500,000
Delaware,	200,000		

Of which there has been ſubſcribed to the loan, to the 31ſt December, 1793, agreeably to the accounts ſettled at the Treaſury, as follows:

States.	6 per cent. ſtock.	Deferred ſtock.	3 per cent. ſtock.	Total.
New Hampſhire	125,598 07	62,798 99	94,198 45	282,595 51
Maſſachuſetts,	1,769,661 32	884,827 77	1,327,243 96	3,981,733 05
Rhode Iſland	88,890 45	44,443 79	66,665 76	200,000
Connecticut	711,108 02	355,557 20	533,334 78	1,600,000
New-York	572,262 17	286,133 41	429,195 71	1,287,591 29
New Jerſey	44,905 52	22,452 71	33,672 51	101,030 74
Pennſylvania	345,769 76	172,885 32	269,328 40	787,983 48
Delaware	26,294 52	13,147 19	19,720 94	59,162 65
Maryland	229,995 34	114,998 27	172,497 47	517,491 08
Virginia	1,304,183 71	652,093 60	978,138 68	2,934,415 99
North-Carolina	797,246 89	398,623 10	597,933 86	1,793,803 85
South-Carolina	1,777,625 99	888,810 40	1,333,215 34	3,999,651 73
Georgia	108,981 54	54,490 77	81,736 33	245,208 64
	7,902,523 30	3,951,262 52	5,936,882 19	17,790,668 01

SINKING FUND.

THE truſtees of this fund are, the Vice Preſident of the United States, the Chief Juſtice, the Secretary of the United State, the Secretary of the Treaſury, and the Attorney General, *ex officiis.*

LIST OF THE ARMY, 1794.

WAR DEPARTMENT.

Secretary of War.
Henry Knox.

Chief Clerk.
John Stagg, jun.

Clerks.
Philip Audibert,
Nathan Jones,
William Burton,
Samuel Lewis,
John Powell,
Andrew B. Bankson,
Nathaniel Thomas,
M. Pourchereſſe.

Meſſenger, Frederick Sprig.

ACCOUNTANT'S OFFICE.

Accountant, Joſeph Howell.

Clerks.
Benjamin Mifflin,
Philip Hagner,
Benjamin Betterton,
Joſeph Parker,
Stephen Hillis,
Henry Barry,
Charles Heath.

Superintendant of Public Stores, Samuel Hodgſon.

NAVAL DEPARTMENT.

Captains of Frigates.
John Barry,
Samuel Nicholſon,
Silas Talbot,
Richard Dale,
Thomas Truxtun,
James Seaver.

Lieutenants and Marine Officers not appointed.

REGISTER OF THE GENERAL, FIELD, COMMISSIONED AND STAFF OFFICERS OF THE TROOPS IN THE SERVICE OF THE UNITED STATES.

Major-General and Commander in Chief.
Anthony Wayne.

Brigadier General.
James Wilkinſon.

Adjutant and Inſpector.
John Mills.

Quarter-maſter.
James O'Hara.

Deputy Quarter-maſter.
John Belli,

Pay Maſter.
Caleb Swan,

Surgeon.
Richard Allſon,

Chaplain, David Jones.

CAVALRY.

Major, William Winston.

Captains.

Robert Mis Campbell,
Tarleton Fleming, *(dead)*
Solomon Van Renſſelaer,
James Taylor.

Lieutenants.

Leonard Covington,
John Webb,
George H. Dunn,
Abraham Jones.

Cornets.

Daniel Torrey, *(killed 30th June. 1794.)*
John Poſey,
William H. Blue,
Matthias Slough, Jun.

CORPS OF ARTILLERISTS AND ENGINEERS.

Lieutenant-colonel Commandant not appointed.

Majors.

Henry Burbeck,

Captains.

Mahlon Ford,
John Pierce,
Moſes Porter,
George Ingerſoll,
Griffith T. M'Kee,
Richard Scott Blackburn,
James Bruff,
Alexander Thompſon,
Decius Wadsworth,
George Taylor,
James Gamble,
William Littlefield,
Frederick Frye,
William A. Lee,
Michael Kalteiſen,
Donnel Grant Mitchell.

Lieutenants.

Abimael Youngs Nicoll,
Staats Morris,
George Demlar,
Joſeph Elliott,
Piercy Pope,
Ebenezer Maſſey,
Peter Van Alen,
Frederick Dalcho,
John M'Clellan,
John Parker Hale,
Simon Geddes,
Nehemiah Freeman,
Thomas Hutchins,
James Sterrit,
William Buchanan Smith,
Benjamin Wall,
George Izard,
Noel Bartholomew Monvel,
William Cox,
Charles Harriſon,
William Smallwood Grayſon,
Carey M. Carter,

Robert Rowan,
Jonathan Robertſon,
Henry Muhlenberg,
David Hale,
Theophilus Elmer,
William Wilſon,
Horatio Dayton,
William Morris,
George Hardy.

Surgeon.

Charles Brown.

Mates.

John Gorham Coffin,
John R. Lynch,
Francis G Brewſter,
Richard Griffith.

FIRST SUB LEGION.

Lieutenant-colonel Commandant.

John F. Hamtramck.

Majors.

Thomas Doyle,
Thomas Hughes,
Thomas H. Cuſhing.

Captains.

William Kerſey,
William Peters,
Jacob Kingſbury,
Thomas Martin,
Thomas Paſteur,
Cornelius R. Sedam,
John Jeffers,
Abner Prior,
Aſa Hartſhorne, *(killed 30th June 1794)*
James Clay
Daniel Brett,
Hamilton Armſtrong.

Lieutenants.

Bernard Gaines,
Bartholomew Shomberg
John Wade,
Roſs Bird,
Haſtings Marks,
William H. Harriſon,
Robert Hunter,
John Whiſtler,
Henry Montford, *(reſigned)*
Jacob Kreemer,
Daniel Biſſell,
Charles Hyde.

SECOND SUB LEGION.

Lieutenant-colonel Commandant.

David Strong.

SECOND SUB LEGION CONTINUED.

Majors.

Thomas Hunt,
John Mills,
John H. Buell.

Captains.

Bezaleel Howe,
Daniel Bradley,
Cornelius Lyman,
Richard H. Greaton,
Ruſſel Biſſel,
Joſeph Dickinſon,
Edward Miller,
Samuel Andrews,
Daniel Tilton, Jun.
Edward D. Turner,
Theodore Sedgwick,
John Sullivan.

Lieutenants.

Andrew Marſchalk,
William Marts,
Andrew M'Clary,
Iſaac Younghuſband,
Samuel Drake,
Peter Shoemaker,
Jeſſe Lukens,
John Michael,
Nanning J. Viſcher,
Robert Lee,
Archibald Gray,
Charles Lewis,

THIRD SUB LEGION.

Lieutenant-colonel Commandant,
Henry Gaither.

Majors.

Jonathan Caſs,
Richard Brooke Roberts,
Joſeph Shaylor.

Captains.

Uriah Springer,
Zebulon Pike,
Iſaac Guion,
John Heth,
Nicholas Hannah,
Richard Sparks,
William Lewis,
Howell Lewis,
Thomas Lewis,
John Read,
William Rickard,
Samuel Tinſley.

Lieutenants.

William Mac Rea,
Samuel Vance,
John Bowyer,
Robert Craig, (*killed 30th June*, 1794)
Aaron Gregg.
John Polhemus,
John Steele,
Peter Marks,
Charles Wright,
Andrew Shanklin,
Samuel Davidſon,
Hartman Leitheiſer.

FOURTH SUB LEGION.

Lieutenant Colonel Commandant
John Clarke, *(resigned)*

Majors.

Thomas Butler,
Jonathan Haskell.

William M'Mahon, *(killed 30th june 1794.*

Captains.

John Crawford,
Edward Butler
Jacob Slough,
Joseph Brock,
Alexander Gibson,
William Preston,

William Eaton,
John Cooke,
Benjamin Price,
Henry De Butts,
Robert Thompson,
Maxwell Bines,

Lieutenants:

Henry B. Towles,
Benjamin Lockwood
Benjamin Strother,
James Underhill,
William Clark,
William Diven,

Peter Grayson,
Jonathan Taylor,
Robert Purdy,
Campbell Smith,
Hugh Brady,
Stephen Trigg.

Ensigns for the four Sub Legions.

Francis Jonston,
Garret Voorhies, *(dead)*
John Wallington,
Levi M'Clean,
Ferdinand L. Claiborne,
Howell Cobb,
Edmund Taylor,
Elijah Strong,
John Breck,
William, A. Dangerfield,
Thomas Swaine,
Joseph Campbell,
Rezin Webster,
Samuel Dold,
John M'Clary,
Benjamin Rand,
Henry Sterling,
Ephraim Carpenter,
David Fero Jun,
James Richmond Jun,
Nicholas Rosencrantz,
Robert Semple,
James Nicholas,

Charles Martin,
Abraham Faulkner,
David Thompson,
George Strother,
Thomas Lewis,
Henry Bowyer,
Thomas Bodly,
William Smith,
William M'Carrell,
Hugh M'Call,
Daniel M'Intosh,
Edwin Harris,
Sam. Speak,
Peter Frothingham,
Aron Catlin,
Robert Torrans,
Samuel Allison,
Jonathan Remington,
John M. Thompson,
Edward Voss,
Edward Chatham,
Yelverton Peyton,

Surgeons.

John Elliot,
John Scott,
Nathan Hayward,
John F. Carmichael.

Surgeon's Mates.

Elijah Tifdale,
Joſeph Philips,
William M'Coſkry,
William A. M'Crea,
John Sellman,
George Balfour,
Thomas Farley,
Joſeph Strong
Joſeph Andrews,
Samuel Hanſon Marlow,
Thomas Vandyke,
John Cornman,
William Lawton,
Elihu Lyman,
Charles Watrous,
John Hamill,
John C. Wallace.

Thoſe in Italics appointed to act in the ſeveral Stations above mentioned and on condition of the approbation of the Senate, will be commiſſioned.

MONTHLY PAY AND SUBSISTENCE OF THE ARMY.

	month-ly pay. dolls.	*month allow. f. for.* dolls.	*rat. or money in lieu*
General Staff.			
Major General — —	166	20	15
Brigadier General — — —	104	16	12
Quarter maſter — —	100	12	6
Adjutant, to do alſo the duty of inſpector	75		
Chaplain — —	50		
Surgeon — —	70	10	3
Deputy quarter maſter —	50		
Aid-de-camp in addition to his pay in the line — —	24	10	4
Brigade major, to act as deputy inſpector, in addition to his pay in the line	24	10	4
Principal artificer — —	40		
Second artificer — —	26		
Regimental.			
Lieutenant colonel commandant	75	12	
Major commandant of artillery and of dragoons — —	55	10	4
Paymaſter, in addition to his pay in the line	10		

	monthly pay. dolls.	month allow. f. for dolls.	rat. or money in lieu
Quartermaſter, in addition, &c.	8		
Adjutant, in addition, &c.	10		
Majors of infantry	50	10	4
Captains	40		3
Lieutenants	26		2
Enſigns and Cornets	20		2
Surgeons	45	10	3
Mates	30	6	2
Serjeant majors and Quarter maſter ſerjeants	7		1
Senior muſicians	6		1
Serjeants	6		1
Corporals	5		1
Privates	3		1
Muſicians	4		1
Artificers allowed to the infantry, light dragoons, and artillery, and included as privates	8		1
Matrons and nurſes in the hoſpital	8		1

THE MINT ESTABLISHMENT.

David Rittenhouse, director, salary 2000.
(Not appointed), aſſayer, 1500.
Henry Voight, chief coiner, 1500.
Robert Scott, engraver, 1200.
Tristram Dalton, treaſurer, 1200.

The COINS *of the United States, as eſtabliſhed by law, are,*

GOLD COINS.

	Dollars.		*Grains of fine gold.*		*Grains of ſtandard do.*
Eagles, value, each	10	containing	247 4-8	or,	270
Half Eagles,	5		123 6-8		135
Quarter Eagles,	2½		61 7-8		67½

SILVER COINS.

		Grains of pure ſilver.		*Grains of ſtandard do.*
Dollars,	containing	371 4-16	or,	416
Half Dollars,		185 10-16		208
Quarter Dollars,		92 13-16		104
Diſmes,		37 2-16		41 3-5
Half Diſmes,		18 9-16		20 4-5

COPPER COINS.

Cents, value, each 1-100 doll.	containing	208	*grs. of copper.*
Half Cent, 1-200		104	

The following devices are to be engraven on the reſpective coins, *viz.* on one ſide of them an impreſſion emblematic of liberty, with an inſcription of the word. LIBERTY, and the year of the coinage; and on the reverſe of each of the gold and ſilver coins, the figure of an eagle, with the inſcription, UNITED STATES OF AMERICA: of the copper, an inſcription expreſſing its denomination and value.

The denominations of money of account, as they are by law required to be uſed in the public offices, and in all judicial proceedings of the United States, are dollars, (the dollar being the unit) diſmes or tenths, cents or hundredths, and mills or thouſandths of a dollar.

The ſtandard of the Gold coins is eſtabliſhed to be eleven parts fine to one part alloy; and that of the ſilver coins, one thouſand four hundred and eighty five parts fine to one hundred and ſeventy nine parts alloy; and the proportional value of gold to that of ſilver, coined agreeably to theſe ſtandards, as fifteen to one.

For the time being, the gold and ſilver coins of Great Britain, France, Spain, and Portugal are allowed to be legal tender in the payment of all debts and demands within the United States at the ſeveral rates following, to wit, the gold coins of Great Britain,

and Portugal, of their preſent ſtandard, at the rate of one hundred cents for every twenty ſeven grains of actual weight thereof; and thoſe of France, and Spain, of their preſent ſtandard at the rate of one hundred cents for every twenty ſeven grains and two fifths of a grain; the Spaniſh milled dollar, containing not leſs than ſeventeen penny weights and ſeven grains, at one hundred cents, and in proportion for the parts thereof; and the crown of France, containing not leſs than eighteen penny-weights and ſeventeen grains, at one hundred and ten cents. Provided that no foreign coin, iſſued ſubſequent to the firſt day of January one thouſand ſeven hundred and ninety-two, ſhall be tender, till ſamples thereof ſhall have been aſſayed at the mint and found to be reſpectively agreeable to the ſeveral ſtandards eſtabliſhed by law.

But at the expiration of three years from the time, when the coining of gold and ſilver ſhall commence at the mint, all foreign coins, excepting the Spaniſh milled dollar and the parts of the ſame, are to ceaſe from being tender as aforeſaid, till coined anew.

And from the completion of ſix calendar months, after cents and half cents to the amount of fifty thouſand dollars ſhall have been coined and paid into the treaſury, no copper coin, other than the aboveſaid will be permitted to be offered in payments of any kind, on penalty of a fine of ten dollars, and forfeiture of the pieces ſo offered.

Four different currencies, or rates, at which any one ſpecies of coin of the ſame value is reckoned in the denominations of account, have, perhaps from the firſt ſettlement of America, been, and ſtill continue to be uſed in different parts of the union. In the New England States, viz. New Hampſhire, Maſſachuſetts including the diſtrict of Maine, Rhode-Iſland and Connecticut; in Vermont, Virginia, and Kentucky, the dollar is reckoned at ſix ſhillings; in New York, and North Carolina, at eight ſhillings. in New Jerſey, Pennſylvania, Delaware, and Maryland, at ſeven ſhillings and ſix pence; and in South Carolina, and Georgia, at four ſhillings and eight pence.

Conceiving, that in an extenſive and commercial nation, the trade and intercourſe of one extremity with another, will frequently render it neceſſary to reduce the currency of the one to that of the other, we have framed the following

RULES *for reducing the Currencies of the different States to a par with each other; as alſo, for reducing the Money of account of the United States to thoſe Currencies, and* vice verſa, *by Decimals.*

1. To reduce New England, &c. to New-York and North-Carolina currency, to any given ſum, add its third part; and vice verſa, ſubtract a fourth part.

2. To reduce New-England, &c. to New-Jerſey &c. curreney, add to any given ſum its fourth part; and vice verſa, ſubtract a fifth part.

3. To reduce New-England, &c. to South Carolina and Georgia currency, as 9 to 7; and vice verſa, as 7 to 9, ſo is the one currency to the other.

4. To reduce New-York and North-Carolina, to New-Jerſey, &c. currency, as 16 to 15; and vice verſa, as 15 to 16, ſo is the one to the other.

5. To reduce New York and North-Carolina, to South-Carolina and Georgia currency, as 12 to 7; and vice verſa, as 7 to 12, ſo is the one to the other.

6. To reduce New-Jerſey, &c. to South-Carolina and Georgia currency, as 45 to 28, and vice verſa, as 28 to 45, ſo is the one to the other.

7. To reduce either of the above currencies to the money of account of the United States, let the inferior denominations, if any, in the given ſum be annexed to the pounds in decimals, and divide, if the rate of the dollar be ſix ſhillings, by ,3; if eight ſhillings, by ,4; if ſeven ſhillings and ſix-pence, by ,375; if four ſhillings and eight-pence, by ,23; and pointing off the decimals according to rule, the figures to the left will be dollars thoſe to the right, decimals of a dollar, or diſmes, cents, and mills, And to reduce the money of account of the United States to either of the aforeſaid currencies, multiply reſpectively by the decimals, by which, in the former caſe, it was directed to divide, and the product will be pounds, and decimals of a pound.

TABLE,

Shewing the Number of Cents, and Decimal Parts of Cents, (or Mills) in any Number of Shillings and Pence less than a Dollar, in the Currencies of the different States.

Shillings and Pence.		Ne. England, Vermont Virginia & Kentucky.	New York, & North Carolina.	New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware, & Maryland.	South-Carolina & Georgia.
s.	d.	cents.	cents.	cents.	cents.
0	1	1,38	1,04	1,11	1,78
0	2	2,77	2,08	2,22	3,57
0	3	4,16	3,12	3,33	5,35
0	4	5,55	4,16	4,44	7,14
0	5	6,94	5,20	5,55	8,92
0	6	8,33	6,24	6,66	10,71
0	7	9,72	7,28	7,77	12,50
0	8	11,11	8,32	8,88	14,28
0	9	12,50	9,37	10,00	16,07
0	10	13,88	10,41	11,11	17,85
0	11	15,27	11,45	12,22	19,64
1	0	16,66	12,50	13,33	21,42
1	1	18,05	13,54	14,44	23,21
1	2	19,44	14,58	15,55	25,00
1	3	20,83	15,62	16,66	26,78
1	4	22,22	16,66	17,77	28,57
1	5	23,61	17,70	18,88	30,35
1	6	25,00	18,75	20,00	32,14
1	7	26,38	19,79	21,11	33,92
1	8	27,77	20,83	22,22	35,71
1	9	29,16	21,87	23,33	37,50
1	10	30,55	22,91	24,44	39,28
1	11	31,94	23,95	25,55	41,07
2	0	33,33	25,00	26,66	42,85
2	1	34,72	26,04	27,77	44,64
2	2	36,11	27,08	28,88	46,42
2	3	37,50	28,12	30,00	48,21
2	4	38,88	29,16	31,11	50,00

TABLE, &c. *continued.*

		N. Eng. &c.	New York &c.	N. Jersey &c.	S. Carolin. &c.
s	*d.*	*cents.*	*cents.*	*cents.*	*cents.*
2	5	40,27	30,20	32,22	51,78
2	6	41,66	31,24	33,33	53,57
2	7	43,05	32,28	34,44	55,35
2	8	44,44	33,32	35,55	57,14
2	9	45,83	34,37	36,66	58,92
2	10	47,22	35,41	37,77	60,71
2	11	48,61	36,45	38,88	62,50
3	0	50,00	37,50	40,00	64,28
3	1	51,38	38,54	41,11	66,07
3	2	52,77	39,58	42,22	67,85
3	3	54,16	40,62	43,33	69,64
3	4	55,55	41,66	44,44	71,42
3	5	56,94	42,70	45,55	73,21
3	6	58,33	43,75	46,66	75,00
3	7	59,72	44,79	47,77	76,78
3	8	61,11	45,83	48,88	78,57
3	9	62,50	46,87	50,00	80,35
3	10	63,88	47,91	51,11	82,14
3	11	65,27	48,95	52,22	83,92
4	0	66,66	50,00	53,33	85,71
4	1	68,05	51,04	54,44	87,50
4	2	69,44	52,08	55,55	89,28
4	3	70,83	53,12	56,66	91,07
4	4	72,22	54,16	57,77	92,85
4	5	73,61	55,20	58,88	94,64
4	6	75,00	56,24	60,00	96,42
4	7	76,38	57,28	61,11	98,21
4	8	77,77	58,32	62,22	100,00
4	9	79,16	59,37	63,33	
4	10	80,55	60,41	64,44	
4	11	81,94	61,45	65,55	
5	0	83,33	62,50	66,66	
5	1	84,72	63,54	67,77	

s.	d.	N. Eng. &c. cents.	New York &c. cents.	N. Jersey &c. cents.	S. Carolin. &c
5	2	86,11	64,58	68,88	
5	3	87,50	65,62	70,00	
5	4	88,88	66,66	71,11	
5	5	90,27	67,70	72,22	
5	6	91,66	68,75	73,33	
5	7	93,05	69,79	74,44	
5	8	94,44	70,83	75,55	
5	9	95,83	71,87	76,66	
5	10	97,22	72,91	77,77	
5	11	98,61	73,95	78,88	
6	0	100,00	75,00	80,00	
6	1	—	76,04	81,11	
6	2	—	77,08	82,22	
6	3	—	78,12	83,33	
6	4	—	79,16	84,44	
6	5	—	80,20	85,55	
6	6	—	81,24	86,66	
6	7	—	82,28	87,77	
6	8	—	83,32	88,88	
6	9	—	84,37	90,00	
6	10	—	85,41	91,11	
6	11	—	86,45	92,22	
7	0	—	87,50	93,33	
7	1	—	88,54	94,44	
7	2	—	89,58	95,55	
7	3	—	90,62	96,66	
7	4	—	91,66	97,77	
7	5	—	92,70	98,88	
7	6	—	93,75	100,00	
7	7	—	94,79		
7	8	—	95,83		
7	9	—	96,87		
7	10	—	97,91		
7	11	—	98,95		
8	0	—	100,00		

	cents.		cents.
One Dollar	is 100	One Crown	is 110
One-half do.	— 50	One-half do.	— 55
One-quarter do.	— 25	One Piſtareen	— 20
One-eighth do.	— 12 1-2	One-half do.	— 10
One-ſixteenth do.	— 6 1-4		

TABLE

Shewing the Value of DOLLARS, from 1 to 10,000, in the Currencies of the different States.

Dollars.	*N. Eng. Ver. Virg. &c.*		*New York & North Caroli.*		*N. Jerſ. Pen. Dela & Mar.*			*South Carolina and Georgia.*		
	£.	s.	£.	s.	£.	s.	d	£.	s.	d.
1	0	6	0	8	0	7	6	0	4	8
2	0	12	0	16	0	15	0	0	9	4
3	0	18	1	4	1	2	6	0	14	0
4	1	4	1	12	1	10	0	0	18	8
5	1	10	2	0	1	17	6	1	3	4
6	1	16	2	8	2	5	0	1	8	0
7	2	2	2	16	2	12	6	1	12	8
8	2	8	3	4	3	0	0	1	17	4
9	2	14	3	12	3	7	6	2	2	0
10	3	0	4	0	3	15	0	2	6	8
11	3	6	4	8	4	2	6	2	11	4
12	3	12	4	16	4	10	0	2	16	0
13	3	18	5	4	4	17	6	3	0	8
14	4	4	5	12	5	5	0	3	5	4
15	4	10	6	0	5	12	6	3	10	0
16	4	16	6	8	6	0	0	3	14	8
17	5	2	6	16	6	7	6	3	19	4
18	5	8	7	4	6	15	0	4	4	0
19	5	14	7	12	7	2	6	4	8	8
20	6	0	8	0	7	10	0	4	13	4

TABLE, &c. *continued.*

Dollars.	*N. Eng. &c.*		*New York &c.*		*N. Jersey, &c.*			*S. Carolina &c.*		
	£,	s.	£.	s.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s	d.
21	6	6	8	8	7	7	6	4	18	0
22	6	12	8	16	8	5	0	5	2	8
23	6	18	9	4	8	12	6	5	7	4
24	7	4	9	12	9	0	0	5	12	0
25	7	10	10	0	9	7	6	5	16	8
26	7	16	10	8	9	15	0	6	1	4
27	8	2	10	16	10	2	6	6	6	0
28	8	8	11	4	10	10	0	6	10	8
29	8	14	11	12	10	17	6	6	15	4
30	9	0	12	0	11	5	0	7	0	0
31	9	6	12	8	11	12	6	7	4	8
32	9	12	12	16	12	0	0	7	9	4
33	9	18	13	4	12	7	6	7	14	0
34	10	4	13	12	12	15	0	7	18	8
35	10	10	14	0	13	2	6	8	3	4
36	10	16	14	8	13	10	0	8	8	0
37	11	2	14	16	13	17	6	8	12	8
38	11	8	15	4	14	5	0	8	17	4
39	11	14	15	12	14	12	6	9	2	0
40	12	0	16	0	15	0	0	9	6	8
41	12	6	16	8	15	7	6	9	11	4
42	12	12	16	16	15	15	0	9	16	0
43	12	18	17	4	16	2	6	10	0	8
44	13	4	17	12	16	10	0	10	5	4
45	13	10	18	0	16	17	6	10	10	0
46	13	16	18	8	17	5	0	10	14	8
47	14	2	18	16	17	12	6	10	19	4
48	14	8	19	4	18	0	0	11	4	0
49	14	14	19	12	18	7	6	11	8	8
50	15	0	20	0	18	15	0	11	13	4
60	18	0	24	0	22	10	0	14	0	0

Dollars.	New Engl. &c.		New York &c.		N. Jersey, &c.			S. Carolina &c		
	£.	s.	£.	s.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
70	21	0	28	0	26	5	0	16	6	8
80	24	0	32	0	30	0	0	18	13	4
90	27	0	36	0	33	15	0	21	0	0
100	30	0	40	0	37	10	0	23	6	8
200	60	0	80	0	75	0	0	46	13	4
300	90	0	120	0	112	10	0	70	0	0
400	120	0	160	0	150	0	0	93	6	8
500	150	0	200	0	187	10	0	116	13	4
900	270	0	360	0	337	10	0	210	0	0
1,000	300	0	400	0	375	0	0	233	6	8
2,000	600	0	800	0	750	0	0	466	13	4
3,000	900	0	1,200	0	1,125	0	0	700	0	0
4,000	1,200	0	1,600	0	1,500	0	0	933	6	8
5,000	1,500	0	2,000	0	1,875	0	0	1,166	13	4
9,000	2,700	0	3,600	0	3,375	0	0	2,100	0	0
10,000	3,000	0	4,000	0	3,750	0	0	2,333	6	8

POST-OFFICE ESTABLISHMENT.

TIMOTHY PICKERING, Poſtmaſter-general, ſalary 2400 dollars.
Charles Burral aſſiſtant, 1200 dollars.

Abraham Bradley, Guſtavus F. Goetz, clerks.

RATES OF POSTAGE.

Single letters conveyed by land, for any diſtance not exceeding thirty miles 6 cents.
Over thirty miles, and not exceeding ſixty 8

60	100	10	
100	150	12 1-2	
150	200	15	
200	250	17	
250	350	20	
350	450	22	
450		25	

Double letters are double, and triple letters, triple of theſe rates. A packet of the weight of one ounce avoirdupoiſe at the rate of four ſingle letters, and in like proportion for one of a greater weight: And newſpapers (except from one printer to another, they being allowed to ſend one paper free to each of their correſpondents) for any diſtance not exceeding one hundred miles one cent, and for any greater diſtance, one cent and a half each.

Single letters paſſing by ſea, (either to and from the United States, or from one port to another within the ſame) in packet boats or veſſels which are the property of the United States, or provided by them, eight cents each; double letters, ſixteen; and triple letters twenty four: and all letters or packets conveyed in any private ſhip or veſſel (whether brought into, or carried from one port to another in the United States) four cents each, with the addition of legal poſtage, if deſtined to any other than the place where ſuch ſhip or veſſel may arrive.

All letters and packets to or from the Preſident or Vice Preſident of the United States are to be free of poſtage; as alſo all letters and packets, not exceeding two ounces in weight, to or from any member of Congreſs, the ſecretary of the ſenate or clerk of the houſe of repreſentatives, during their actual attendance in any ſeſſion of Congreſs, and twenty days after it; all letters to or from the ſecretary of the

treasurer, the comptroller, the auditor, and register, the commissioner of the revenue, and treasurer, the secretary of state, the secretary at war, the postmaster general and his assistant. But no person authorised to frank letters, may frank any except his own, and any letter inclosed to either of the above mentioned persons, and directed to some other person, is required to be again put into the post office and charged with the usual postage. Public letters or packets from the treasury department, may however be franked by either the heads of the department.

A List of the Post Towns in the United States, with their distances as established by the Postmaster general.

Main line from Wiscasset to Sunbury.

		miles.	
Maine.	Wiscasset to		
	Bath	13	
	Brunswick	12	25
	N. Yarmouth	15	40
	Portland	15	55
	Biddeford	14	69
	Wells	14	83
	York	16	99
Massachusetts.	Portsmouth	12	111
	Newbury Port	22	133
	Ipswich	12	145
	Beverly	10	155
	Salem	2	157
	Lynn	6	163
	Boston	13	176
	Worcester	48	224
	Springfield	49	273
Connecticut.	Hartford	28	301
	Middletown	14	315
	Newhaven	26	341
	Stratford	14	355
	Fairfield	8	363
	Norwalk	12	375
	Stamford	10	385
N. York.	Kingsbridge	30	415
	New York	14	429
New Jersey.	Newark	9	438
	Elizabethtown	6	444
	Bridgetown	6	450
	Woodbridge	4	454
	New Brunswick	20	464
	Princeton	18	482
	Trenton	12	494
Del. Penns.	Bristol	10	504
	Philadelphia	20	524
	Chester	15	539
	Wilmington	13	552
	Christianabridge	11	563
Maryland.	Elkton	10	573
	Charleston	10	583
	Havre de Grace	6	589
	Harford	12	601
	Baltimore	25	626
	Bladensburg	38	664
	Georgetown	8	672
Virginia.	Alexandria	8	680
	Colchester	16	696
	Dumfries	12	708
	Fredericksburg	25	733
	Bowling Green	22	755
	Hanov. court h.	25	780
	Richmond	22	802
	Petersburg	25	827

N. C.	Halifax	75	902
	Tarrburgh	37	939
	Smithfield	60	999
	Fayetteville	50	1049
S. C.	Cherawc.h.orGreenv.	75	1124
	Camden	55	1179
	Columbia	35	1214
	Cambridge	80	1294
Georg.	Auguſta	50	1344
	Savannah	120	1464
	Sunbury	49	1513

CROSS POSTS.

Portſmouth to Hanover.

N. Hamp.	Portſmouth to Exeter	15	15
	Concord	40	55
	Hanover	60	115

Salem to Glouceſter.

Maſſa.	Salem to Marblehead	4	4
	Glouceſter	12	16

Boſton to Nantucket.

Maſſ.	Boſton to Taunton	36	36
	New Bedford	27	63
	Nantucket	50	113

Boſton to Barnſtable.

Maſſa.	Boſton to Plymouth	41	41
	Barnſtable	30	71

Boſton to Newport.

Rhd. I. Maſſ.	Boſton to Taunton	36	36
	Warren	1	57
	Briſtol	6	63
	Newport	12	75

Newport to New Haven.

R. I.	Newport to Weſterly	40	40

Connec.	Stonnington	5	45
	New London	14	59
	Saybrook	18	77
	Guilford	18	95
	New Haven	18	113
Providence to Worceſter			40

Springfield to Hanover.

Maſſa.	Springfield to Northampton	20	20
	Greenfield	21	41
Ver.	Brattleboro'	20	61
	Weſtminſter	18	79
	N. H. Charleſton	12	91
	Ver Windſor	19	110
	N. H. Hanover	20	130

Springfield to Kinderhook.

Maſſ.	Springfield to Stockbridge	44	44
	N. Y. Kinderhook	25	69

Hartford to New London.

Connec.	Hartford to Middletown	14	14
	New London	41	55

New York by Litchfield to Hartford.

Connect.	New York to Ridgefield	60	60
	Danbury	10	70
	New Milford	13	83

Con.	Litchfield	20	103
	Hartford	32	135

New-York to Burlington and Montreal.

New York.	New York to Kingsbridge	15	15
	Peekskill	35	50
	Fishkill	20	70
	Poughkeepsie	14	84
	Rhinebeck	17	101
	Red Hook	8	109
	Clermont	6	115
	Hudson	16	131
	Kinderhook	14	145
	Albany	20	165
	Lansingburgh	9	174
Vermont.	Bennington	28	202
	Manchester	22	224
	Rutland	35	259
	Vergennes	44	303
	Burlington	22	326
	Montreal (Canada)		

Albany to Connajoharrie.

New York.	Albany to Schenectady	16	16
	Connajoharrie	36	52
	German flats		
	Whitestown		

Hudson to the Painted Post.

New York.	Hudson to Catskill	6	6
	Harpersfield	52	58
	Ouliont	36	94
	Chenango	50	44
	Union	9	153
	Oswego	7	160
	Newtown	45	205
	Painted Post	15	220

Woodbridge, N. J. 2 m. Amboy.

Elizabethtown to Suffex court House.

N. Jers.	Elizabethtown to Morristown	18	18
	Rockaway		
	Booneton		
	Suffex court house		50

Philadelphia to Bridgetown West New Jersey.

N. Jers.	Philadelphia to Woodbury	9	9
	Woodstown		
	Sweedsborough		
	Salem		36
	Bridgtown, w. J.	18	54

Philadelphia, by Goshen, to Rhinebeck.

Penn.	Philadelphia to Bethlehem	53	53
	Easton	12	65
N. J.	Hope	18	83
	Suffex court house	17	100
	Warwick	29	129
N. York	Goshen	12	141
	Wardsbridge	10	151
	Shawangunk	10	161
	New Paltz	12	173
	Kingston	14	187
	Rhinebeck	6	193

Bethlehem to Wilkesbarre. 67

Philadelphia to Carlisle.

Pennsyl.	Philadelphia to Pottsgrove	36	36
	Reading	20	56
	Lebanon	28	84
	Harrisburgh	25	109
	Carlisle	17	126

Philadelphia to Niagara.

N. Y. Penſ.

Philad. to Reading		66
Northumberland	70	126
Lycoming	40	166
Painted Poſt	66	232
Bath	18	250
Williamſburg	40	290
Niagara	80	370

Philadelphia to Pittſburgh.

Penſylvania.

Philadelphia to Lancaſter	66	66
Yorktown	23	89
Carliſle	31	120
Shippenſburg	21	141
Chambersburgh	11	152
Straſburgh		
Bedford		210
Greenſburgh	67	277
Pittſbnrgh	33	310

Philadelphia to Norfolk.

Delaware.

Philadelphia to Wilmington, Del.	28	28
Cantwelſbridge	23	51
Duck creek, C. road	12	63
Frederica	12	75
Milford	7	82

Virginia. Maryland.

Clowes	12	94
Dagſborough	27	121
Snowhill	31	152
Horntown	16	168

Virginia.

Drummond or Accomack court houſe	26	194
Bellhaven	20	214
Northamp. c. h.	20	234
Norfolk	43	277

Philadelphia to Snowhill.

Maryland.

Philadelphia to Wilmington D.	28	28
Warwick	25	53
Georgetown croſs roads	9	62
Cheſtertown	16	78
Cheſter Mills	15	93

Maryland.

Brought forward.		93
Eaſton	22	115
Vienna	28	143
Saliſbury	15	158
Snowhill	19	177

Baltimore to Leonardſtown.

Maryland.

Baltimore to Annapolis	30	30
Upper Marlborough	21	51
Piſcatawa	16	67
Port Tobacco	16	83
Newport	11	94
Chaptico	8	102
Leonardſtown	11	113

Baltimore to Chamberſburg.

Maryland.

Baltimore to Frederickſtown	52	52
Sharpſburgh	24	76
Hagerſtown	14	90
Chamberſburg p.	12	111

Alexandria to Staunton.

Virginia.

Alexandria to Leeſburg	46	46
Shepherdſtown	32	78
Martinſburg	10	88
Wincheſter	22	110
Stevenſburg	8	118
Straſburg	10	128
Woodſtock	12	140
Rockingham	33	173
Staunton	37	210

Frederickſburg by Kinſale to Urbanna.

Virginia.

Frederickſburg to Leedſtown	40	40
Weſtmoreland	14	54
Kinſale	20	74
Northumberland	15	89
Urbanna	30	119

Fredericksburg to Urbanna.

Virginia	Fredericksburg to		
	Port Royal	20	20
	Tappahannock	30	50
	Urbanna	28	78

Richmond to Portsmouth.

Virginia.	Richmond to		
	Williamsburg	68	68
	York Town	12	80
	Hampton	18	98
	Norfolk	18	116
	Portsmouth	1	117

Richmond to Danville.

Virginia.	Richmond to		
	Columbia	46	46
	Charlottesville	40	86
	Staunton	40	126
	Lexington	33	159
	Fincastle	40	199
	Montgomery court h.	55	254
	Withe Court house	47	301
	Abingdon	56	357
	South West Territory.		
	Hawkins Court-house	66	423
	Kentucky.		
	Danville	201	624

Petersburgh to Portsmouth.

Virginia.	Petersburg to		
	Cabbin point	26	26
	Smithfield	37	63
	Suffolk	22	85
	Portsmouth	28	113

Petersburg to Wilmington.

Virg.	Petersburg to		
	Suffolk	85	85
N. Carolina.	Edenton	54	139
	Plymouth	23	162
	Washington	38	200
	Newbern	38	238
	Wilmington	93	331

Halifax to Plymouth.

N. Carolina	Halifax to		
	Bluntsville	30	30
	Williamston	25	55
	Plymouth	24	79

Halifax to Salisbury.

North Carolina.	Halifax to		
	Warrenton	35	35
	Williamsborough	18	53
	Hillsborough	48	101
	Guilford Court house	50	151
	Salem	25	176
	Salisbury	35	211

Edenton to Indiantown.

N. Carolina.	Edenton to		
	Hertford	16	16
	Nixonton	12	28
	Sawyers ferry	15	43
	Indiantown	11	54

Fayetteville to Wilmington.

N. Caro.	Fayetteville		
	Elizabethtown	36	36
	Wilmington	47	83

S. C.	Charleston to		
	Georgetown	60	60

Camden to Sunbury.

Geor. S. Carolina.	Camden to		
	Statesburg	20	20
	Charleston	100	120
	Jacksonborough	36	156
	Coosawhatchie	36	191
	Savannah	47	239
	Sunbury	49	288

Georgia.	Augusta to		
	Washington	50	50
	Greensborough	28	78
	Georgetown	32	110
	Augusta	40	150

TABLE shewing the Latitude and Longitude of some of the principal Towns in the United States and their Vicinity; the Longitude being reckoned from Philadelphia.

TOWNS.	Latitude.	Longitude.
Albany	42°39′ N.	1°39′ E.
Alexandria	38 45 —	2 01 W.
Anapolis	39 02 —	1 31 W.
Auguſta	33 39 —	7 00 W.
Baltimore	39 21 —	1 39 W.
Bennington	42 42 —	1 59 E.
Bethlehem *(Pennſylvania)*	40 37 —	0 05 W.
Boſton	42 23 —	4 05 E.
Burlington *(New Jerſey)*	40 08 —	0 09 E.
Charleſton *(South Carolina)*	32 3 —	4 03 W.
Dover *(Delaware)*	39 10 —	0 25 W.
Edenton *(North Carolina)*	36 04 —	1 51 W.
Haliſax *(Nova Scotia)*	44 40 —	11 54 E.
Hartford	41 50 —	2 19 E.
Hanover *(New Hampſhire)*	43 35 —	2 39 E.
Hudſon (city)	42 05 —	1 23 E.
Lexington *(Kentucky)*	38 25 —	10 00 W.
Montreal	45 35 —	1 58 E.
Mount Vernon	38 40 —	2 11 W.
Marietta *(Weſtern Territory)*	39 34 —	6 31 W.
New-Haven	41 19 —	2 09 E.
New-York	40 40 —	1 09 E.
Newport *(Rhode Iſland)*	41 35 —	4 03 E.
Norfolk *(Virginia)*	36 55 —	1 20 W.
Plymouth *(Maſſachuſetts)*	41 48 —	4 44 E.
Portſmouth *(New Hampſhire)*	43 05 —	4 26 E.
Portland	43 43 —	
Providence	41 50	3 48 E.
Philadelphia	39 56 —	0 00
Quebec	46 55 —	5 21 E.
Richmond	37 40 —	2 41 W.
St. Auguſtine	29 45 —	6 03 W.
Salem *(Maſſachuſetts)*	42 35 —	4 17 E.
Savannah	31 55 —	5 11 W.
Trenton *(New-Jerſey)*	40 15 —	0 06 E.
Williamſburg	37 12 —	1 39 W.
Waſhington	38 53 —	2 00 W.
Worceſter *(Maſſachuſetts)*	42 23 —	3 25 E.

BANKS.

BANK OF THE UNITED STATES

Was incorporated by act of Congress on the 25th of Feb. 1791; and the subscribers are to continue a corporation till the 4th of March 1811. It is under the management of a president and twenty-four directors.—The directors are elected on the 1st Monday in January annually; and at their first meeting thereafter they elect, from their own number, one to preside. Only three fourths of the existing members, exclusive of the president, may, at any election, be re-chosen.

The amount of capital is 10,000,000 dollars; the number of shares, 25,000; and the amount of property, which the corporation may, at any time, possess, 15,000,000 dollars, including the capital.

Besides the principal bank, at Philadelphia, there are four branches, established for the purposes of discount and deposit. These are at Boston, New-York, Charleston (S C.) and Baltimore.

The bank is open for business every day in the year, except Sundays, the fourth of July and Christmas. Bills and notes for discount must be presented on Mondays and Thursdays: On Tuesdays and Fridays they are laid before the directors; and on Wednesdays and Saturdays the discount is settled and made known.

Discounts are made for a term not exceeding sixty days with the allowance of three days of grace; and on personal security only—Payment must be examined at the bank, and no suggestion of errors will be afterwards attended to.

Directors, elected Jan. 1794.

THOMAS WILLING, president.

Joseph Ball, Philadelphia,	Jacob Downing,
Robert Smith,	Archibald M'Call,
Matthew M'Connel,	Israel Wheelen,
Joseph Anthony,	Matthew Clarkson,
John M. Nesbitt,	Harman Le Roy, New York
Samuel Breck,	John Lawrence,
Jeremiah Parker,	Richard Harrison,
Isaac Wharton,	John Delafield,
William Bradford,	Matthew Clarkson,
James C Fisher,	Abijah Hammond,
Thomas Ewing,	David Sears, Boston,
William Bingham,	Henry Nicholls, Baltimore.

John Kean, cashier; George Simpson, assistant cashier.

Bank of North America.

The Bank of North America is under the management of a president and eleven directors, who are elected on the second Monday in January annually. Present capital, 750,000; which may be increased to 10,000,000 dollars.—

The bank is open on the same days as the bank of the United States, except the first of January and Good Friday. Discount days are Mondays and Thursdays. Bills and notes, which become due on days when the bank is shut, are paid on the preceding days. And those, which are not paid on the day when they become due, are protested on the evening of the same day. Errors are not corrected unless suggested, at the bank, at the time of their being committed.

John Nixon, president; Richard Wells, cashier.

Besides the preceding, there are several banks established in different states: These will be more particularly mentioned under the respective states to which they belong; being only named here, in order to exhibit as far as possible, the amount of bank property in the United States.

Names.	*Places where.*	*Amount of Capital.*
Bank of N. Hampsh.	Portsmouth	60,000 dolls.
Massachusetts Bank	Boston	400,000
Union Bank	Boston	800,000
Essex Bank	Salem	unknown
Providence Bank	Providence	unknown
Hartford Bank	Hartford	100,000
Union Bank	New London	100,000
Bank of New York	New York	950,000
Bank of Columbia	Hudson	160,000
Bank of Albany	Albany	240,000
Bank of Pennsylva.	Philadelphia	2,000,000
Bank of Maryland	Baltimore	300,000

LITERARY INSTITUTIONS.

American Philosophical Society, *held at* Philadelphia, *for promoting* Useful Knowledge.

This society was formed in January 1769, by the union of two literary societies then existing in Philadelphia; and were, by a charter under the authority of the state of Pennsylvania, granted March 15th, 1780, created a body corporate and politic, with such powers

privileges and immunities, as are neceſſary for anſwering the valuable purpoſes for which it was inſtituted.

The number of members is not limited.

THOMAS MIFFLIN, governor of Pennſylvania, is patron *ex officio*.

The officers for the year 1794 were,

DAVID RITTENHOUSE, L. L. D. preſident.

Vice preſidents.

Thomas Jefferſon, L. L. D. Rev. William Smith, D. D.
Rev. John Ewing, D. D.

Treaſurer, John Vaughan.

Curators.

Benjamin S. Barton, M. D. Charles W. Peale.
Caſper Wiſtar, M. D.

Counſellors.

John Andrews, Samuel P. Griffits, M. D.
James Davidſon, A. M. Jonathan Williams.
Andrew Ellicott,

Secretaries.

Nicholas Collin, D. D. Rev. Samuel Magaw, D. D.
William Barton, Robert Patterſon, A. M.

AMERICAN ACADEMY *of* ARTS *and* SCIENCES, *incorporated by the* Legiſlature *of* Maſſachuſetts, May 4 1780.

It is declared in the act, that the deſign of the inſtitution is to promote and encourage the knowledge of the antiquities and natural hiſtory of America; and to determine the uſes to which its various natural productions may be applied: alſo to promote medical diſcoveries, mathematical diſquiſitions, philoſophical enquiries and experiments; aſtronomical, meteorological and geographical obſervations; improvements in agriculture, arts, manufactures, commerce, and the cultivation of every ſcience that may promote the advancement of a people in freedom and virtue. There are never to be more than two hundred members, nor leſs than forty. The ſociety has four ſtated annual meetings.

JOHN ADAMS, L. L. D. preſident.

The Rev. Joſeph Willard, D. D. & L. L. D. vice preſident.

Counſellors.

Robert Treat Paine, Richard Cranch,
John Lowell, L. L. D. Benjamin Lincoln,

Loammi Baldwin,
Caleb Garret,
Cotton Tufts, M D.
John Warren, M. D.
Franeis Dana, L. L. D.
Rev. Jeremy Belknap, D. D.

Rev. John Clark, D. D. recording secretary.
Eliphalet Pearson, corresponding secretary.
Ebenezer Storor, treasurer.
Charles Bulfinch, vice treasurer.
Rev. John Lathrop, D. D. librarian and keeper of the cabinet.

NATIONAL MANUFACTORY.

At Paterson, New-Jersey.

Directors.

Nicholas Law, governor.

Elisha Boudinot, deputy governor.

Richard Harrison,
James Watson,
Abijah Hammond,
William Deaning.
Joseph Hardy,
George Scriba,
Matthias Williamson,
Samuel W. Stockton,
James Rickets,
John N. Cumming,
Lewis Dunham.

Times and Places of holding the Courts of the United States, as established by Law.

Supreme Court.

At the seat of government, on the first Mondays in February and August.

Circuit Court.

Eastern Circuit.

In New-Hampshire district, at Portsmouth, on the twenty seventh day of May; and at Exeter, on the twenty fourth day of October.

In Vermont,——at Windsor and Bennington alternately, on the twelfth day of May; being at Windsor in May 1793.

In Massachusetts,——at Boston, on the seventh day of June; and twelfth of October.

In Rhode-Island,——at Newport, on the nineteenth day of June; and at Providence, on the seventh of November.

In Connecticut,——at New Haven, on the twenty fifth day of April; and at Hartford on the twenty fifth of September.

In New-York——at New-York, on the fifth days of April and September.

Middle Circuit.

In New-Jerſey,——at Trenton, on the ſecond days of April and October.

In Pennſylvania——at Philadelphia, on the eleventh day of April; and at York-Town, on the eleventh of October.

In Delaware,——at New-Caſtle, on the 2d Monday in June, and at Dover, on the twenty-ſeventh day of October.

In Maryland——at Annapolis, on the ſeventh day of May; and at Eaſton, on the ſeventh of November.

In Virginia——at Richmond, on the twenty-ſecond days of May and November.

Southern Circuit.

In North-Carolina——at Wake Court-houſe, till there be convenient accommodations in the city of Raleigh, and thence at ſaid city, on the firſt day of June, and thirtieth of November.

In South-Carolina——at Columbia, on the twelfth day of May; and at Charleſton, on the twenty-fifth of October.

In Georgia——at Savannah, on the twenty-fifth day of April; and at Auguſta, on the eighth of November.

But when any of the above limited days happen on Sunday, the Monday following is the commencement of the court.

DISTRICT COURT.

In Maine diſtrict——at Portland, on the third Tueſday in June, and firſt in December, and at Pownalborough, on the firſt in March and September.

In New-Hampſhire——at Portſmouth, on the third Tueſdays in March and September; and at Exeter, on the third in June and December.

In Vermont——at Windſor, on the firſt Mondays in February and Auguſt; and at Rutland, on the firſt in May and November.

In Maſſachuſetts——at Salem, on the third Tueſday in March and ſecond in September, and at Boſton, on the fourth Tueſday in June and firſt in December.

In Rhode-Iſland——at Newport, on the firſt Mondays in February and Auguſt; and at Providence, on the firſt in May and November.

In Connecticut——at New Haven, on the third Tueſdays in February and Auguſt; and at Hartford, on the third in May and November.

In New-York——at the city of New-York, on the firſt Tueſdays in February, May, Auguſt, and November.

In New-Jerſey——at Burlington, on the firſt Tueſdays in February and Auguſt; and at New-Brunſwick, on the firſt in May and November.

In Pennſylvania——at Philadelphia, on the third Mondays in February, May, Auguſt and November.

In Delaware——at Dover, on the fourth Tueſdays in February and Auguſt; and at New-Caſtle, on the fourth in May and November.

In Maryland——at Eaſton, on the firſt Tueſdays in March and September; and at Baltimore, on the firſt in June and December.

In Virginia——at Williamſburgh, on the third Tueſdays in March and September; and at Richmond, on the third in June and December.

In Kentucky——at Frankfort, on the third Tueſdays in March, June, September and December.

In North-Carolina——at Newbern, Wilmington, and Edenton in rotation, on the firſt Mondays in January, April, July and October, beginning at Newbern in July 1792.

In South-Carolina——at Charleſton, on the third Mondays in March and September, the firſt in July and ſecond in December.

In Georgia——at Auguſta, on the ſecond Tueſday in November, and at Savannah, on the ſecond February, May and Auguſt,

The above has been carefully collated and compared with the ſeveral acts of Congreſs, eſtabliſhing the times and places of holding the reſpective courts; and the public may be aſſured of its accuracy.

WESTERN TERRITORY.

THE Weſtern Territory, as already hinted, conſiſts of two parts, *viz.* the Territory North-weſt, and the Territory South of the river Ohio. Over each of which, as being compriſed within the limits of the United States, Congreſs exerciſes juriſdiction. And though neither, being organized with the full powers and authorities of independent ſtates, is entitled to a complete repreſentation in the national legiſlature, ſtill the laws of the Union are of force as they reſpect them.

By an ordinance* of Congreſs, of the 13th of July, 1787, and by ſeveral ſtatutes ſince the eſtabliſhment of the preſent federal conſtitution, each territory, for the purpoſes of temporary government, forms a diſtrict, and has a governor, ſecretary, and three judges. The governor holds his office, ſubject to removal, three years;—the ſecretary, four;—the judges during good behaviour. They are appointed by the preſident of the United States, with the advice and conſent of the ſenate, and are required, as alſo the members of the legiſlative council; when there ſhall be a legiſlature, to take an oath or affirmation of fidelity and of office. The governor of either diſtrict muſt have a freehold in a thouſand acres of land, and reſide therein. He is, *ex officio*, ſuperintendant of Indian affairs, and commander in chief of the militia within his diſtrict; may appoint all military, except general officers; and, for the time being, all ſubordinate magiſtrates and civil officers neceſſary for the preſervation of peace and good order. And when there ſhall be formed a general aſſembly, he is to compoſe a branch of the legiſlature, to have a negative on the laws, and a power of convening and adjourning the other branches. In caſe of vacancy, by death, removal, reſignation, or neceſſary abſence in the office of governor, the ſecretary ſupplies his place during the vacancy.—He alſo muſt reſide in the diſtrict for which he is appointed, and be ſeized of a freehold therein of five hundred acres of land. He muſt preſerve the laws and acts of the legiſlature, public records, and the official proceedings of the governor; and tranſmit ſuch acts and proceedings once in ſix months to the preſident of the United States. The judges in like manner muſt reſide in their reſpective diſtricts, and have ſeverally freeholds in five hundred acres of land therein:

* *This ordinance was entered into for the government of the territory north-weſt of the Ohio; but, by an act of Congreſs, of the 26th of May, 1790, it is declared, that the territory ſouth of the Ohio, ſhall alſo be a diſtrict, and enjoy all the privileges and advantages of the ordinance.*

but a majority of them is not requiſite to form a bench, any one having power, in the abſence of his aſſociates to hold a court.—The governors and judges are required to adopt ſuch laws, criminal and civil, of the original ſtates, as are moſt appoſite to their reſpective diſtricts; which laws, when ſo adopted, muſt be reported to congreſs, and if not diſapproved by them, they have a binding efficacy in all parts of the ſaid diſtricts; ſubject, however, to be repealed by the governor and judges, if found to be inconvenient, or to be altered by a future legiſlature.

Whenever it ſhall happen that there are in either territory five thouſand free male inhabitants of full age, a legiſlature is to be formed, conſiſting of the governor, a houſe of repreſentatives, and a legiſlative council. The repreſentatives are to be choſen by the people, and appointed in ſuch manner, that there may be one to every five hundred free males, till they amount to twenty-five; after which their number and proportion to be regulated by the legiſlature. They are to be choſen for two years, and vacancies to be ſupplied by new elections.

The legiſlative council is to conſiſt of five members, to be nominated by the houſe of repreſentatives of the diſtrict, and appointed by the preſident and ſenate of the United States; double the number to be appointed being returned to the preſident in ſuch nomination. They are to continue in office five years unleſs ſooner removed. Three to form a quorum. The qualifications of a repreſentative are, having been three years a citizen of one of the United States, or having reſided three years in the diſtrict for which he is choſen, being ſeized in fee ſimple of two hundred acres of land, and being reſident in ſuch diſtrict: of a member of the legiſlative council, a freehold of five hundred acres of land and reſidence in the diſtrict; and of electors of repreſentatives, a freehold in fifty acres of land and two years reſidence in the diſtrict, or a like freehold and having been a citizen of one of the ſtates.

The legiſlatures thus organized, are to be veſted with the ordinary powers of legiſlation; but no bill may be paſſed repugnant to the principles and articles of the aforeſaid ordinance, nor without the concurrence of the three branches. They may by joint ballot, appoint delegates to congreſs, who are to have a ſeat with a right of debating, but not of voting.

It is alſo declared in the ſaid ordinance, that the eſtates both of reſident & non-reſident proprietors, dying inteſtate ſhall deſcend in equal portions to their children, and the deſcendants of deceaſed children; ſuch deſcendants taking, in equal parts, the ſhare of their deceaſed anceſtor; that where there are no lineal

heirs, the next of kin in equal degree, shall inherit equally; that, among collaterals, the children of a deceased brother or sister of the intestate shall have equal parts among them of their parents share; that there be no distinction between kindred of the whole and half blood; and that the right of dower, be, in all cases, saved to the widow of the intestate. That the above law, relative to descents, shall be in force till altered by the legislatures of of the districts; and that, till laws be adopted by the governors and judges, estates may be devised and bequeathed by wills in writing; and real estates conveyed by lease and release, or bargain and sale.—Then follows a general recognition of rights similar to what is recognised in the Constitution of the United States. Wherein are reserved to the people the privileges of being free from molestation on account of religion; of the writ of *habeas corpus*, and trial by jury; of bail, except in capital cases; and of being secure in their liberties and property: and wherein are prohibited, immoderate fines and cruel punishments; the application of private property or service to public use without just compensation, laws invalidating private contracts, and slavery except in the punishment of crimes.

It is also further declared that the means of education shall be encouraged.—That the utmost good faith shall be observed towards the Indians; that their lands and property shall not be taken from them without their consent, or invaded, unless by just wars, authorised by congress: but that laws shall be made to prevent wrongs from being done them, and to preserve peace and friendship with them.—That the said territory shall for ever remain a part the United States, subject to the laws and government of the same, and chargeable with a due proportion of the national debts and expenditures, levied by the respective legislatures thereof. That those legislatures shall never interfere with the primary disposal of the soil by congress, or any regulation by them made for securing the titles of bona fide purchasers.—That no tax shall be imposed on lands the property of the United States, nor shall non resident proprietors be taxed higher than resident. That the navigable waters leading into the Mississippi and St. Lawrence, and the carrying places between the same shall be common highways for ever, free both to the inhabitants of the territory, and to the citizens of the United States, without tax, impost or duty. And finally, that there shall be formed in said territory a number of states, which at a future period, when the population shall be sufficiently increased, are to establish for themselves permanent constitutions and states governments of republican forms,

and to be admitted into the union on an equal footing with the original ſtates.

It is underſtood, that the governor in the Southern Territory has iſſued his proclamation for forming a legiſlature, agreeably to the preceding ordinance.

Territory North West of the Ohio.

Arthur St. Clair, governor and ſuperintendent of Indian affairs, in the Northern department. Salary, 2000 dollars.
Winthrop Sargent, ſecretary. Salary, 750 dollars.
John Cleves Symmes, }
George Turner, } judges. Salary, 800 dollars, each.
Rufus Putnam, }

Territory South of the Ohio.

William Blount, governor, and ſuperintendent of Indian affairs, in the Southern department.
Daniel Smith, ſecretary,
Daniel Campbell, }
John Mc'Nairy, } Judges.
Joſeph Anderſon, }

Salaries are reſpectively the ſame as in the Northweſtern Territory.

STATE GOVERNMENTS.

NEW-HAMPSHIRE.

Length, 168 miles; breadth, 60; counties, 5; townſhips, 191, and 23 locations; inhabitants, 141,885.

Brief Abſtract from the Conſtitution.

THE ſupreme executive authority is veſted in a governor and council of five members: The legiſlative power in a ſenate and houſe of repreſentatives, who conſtitute what is called, in the language of the conſtitution of this ſtate, the "General Court." The judiciary is compoſed of two courts; the ſuperior and Common pleas. The ſuperior court conſiſts of a chief juſtice and three aſſociate juſtices; and the common pleas, of four juſtices—all of whom receive their appointments from the governor and council, and retain them *dum bene ſe gerentibus*. Juſtices of the peace derive their authority from the ſame ſource, and hold their commiſſion for the term of ſeven years.

The judiciary officers alone excepted, the election of all is annual, by the freemen aſſembled in their reſpective town meetings. The general election is on the firſt Wedneſday in June; but held at no ſtated place.

The general tenor of the conſtitution of this ſtate is not materially variant from that of the conſtitution of Maſſachuſetts, which will hereafter meet a more particular diſcuſſion.

OFFICERS.

Of the LEGISLATIVE and EXECUTIVE BRANCHES.

Governor, John Taylor Gilman, ſalary £300.

Council.

His excellency the Governor, Preſident.

Phillips White, Lemuel Holmes,
Ebenezer Smith, jun. Jonathan Freeman,
Robert Wallace,

Abiel Foſter, preſident of the Senate.

Nathaniel Peabody, ſpeaker of the Houſe of Repreſentatives.

Joſeph Pearſon, ſecretary of the ſtate, and clerk of the Houſe of Repreſentatives.

——————— treaſurer.

JUDICIARY.

Superior Court.

John Pickering, chief juſtice.

John Dudley,
Simeon Olcott, } juſtices.
Timothy Farrar,

Joſhua Atherton, attorney general.

Nathaniel Adams, clerk—his office kept at Portſmouth.

Common Pleas.

County of Rockingham.

Timothy Walker,
John Calef,
William Parker, } juſtices.
Thomas Bartlett,

Noah Emery, clerk—his office kept at Exeter

George Reid, ſheriff.

The ſuperior court ſits in this county at Portſmouth on the laſt Tueſday in April; and at Exeter, the third in September.

The common pleas, at Portſmouth, the firſt Tueſday in February and fourth in May; and at Exeter, the ſecond in Auguſt and firſt in November.

County of Strafford.

John Plumer.
Thomas Cogſwell,
Ebenezer Thompſon, } juſtices.
Joſeph Pierce,

Benjamin Thompſon, clerk; his office kept at Durham.

Theophilus Dame, ſheriff.

The ſuperior court ſits on the ſecond Tueſdays of April, and firſt Tueſday in September, at Dover; and the common pleas the third in February, at Dover; the third in June at Moultonboro; and the third in Auguſt and November at Gilmantown.

County of Hillſborough.

James Underwood,
Francis Blood,
Jeremiah Page,
Ebenezer Webſter,
} juſtices.

Robert Fletcher, clerk—his office kept at Amherſt.

Moſes Keely, ſheriff.

Superior court, at Amherſt, the ſecond Tueſday in May, and firſt in October.

Common pleas, at Amherſt, the ſecond Tueſdays in March, June and December, and firſt in September.

County of Cheſhire.

Francis Smith,
Sandford Kingsbury,
Nathaniel S. Prentice,
Lemuel Holmes,
} juſtices.

Thomas Sparhawk, clerk—his office kept at Walpole.

Samuel Hunt, ſheriff.

Superior court at Charleſton, the third Tueſday in May; and at Keene, the ſecond in October.

Common pleas, at Keene, the third in March and June, and at Charleſton, the fourth in September and third in December.

County of Grafton.

Samuel Emerſon,
Bezaleel Woodward,
Ezekiel Woodward,
Samuel Ladd,
} juſtices.

George Williamſon Livermore, clerk—his office kept at Holderneſs.

David Webſter, ſheriff.

Superior court, at Plymouth, the fourth Tueſday in May; and at Haverhill, the third in October.

Common pleas, at Plymouth, the firſt Tueſday in September and December; and at Haverhill, the firſt in March and June.

MILITIA.

The Governor, captain general.

Michael M'Clay, adjutant general.

Major generals.

Nathaniel Peabody. Moſes Dow. Amos Shepard.

BANK of NEW-HAMPSHIRE; incorporated in the year 1792, for the term of 50 years; capital 60,000 dollars. John Taylor Gilman, *Prefident*. John Pierce, *Caſhier*.

LITERARY INSTITUTIONS.

Dartmouth University,

Founded in the year 1770, by the Rev. Eleazor Wheelock, S. T. D:

The Earl of Dartmouth having been a liberal patron of it, the ſeminary, after its organization, received his name.

It is ſituated in the weſtern part of the ſtate, about half a mile eaſt of Connecticut river, in latitude 43° 35'; and in a moſt ſalubrious climate.

In Auguſt, 1792, the number who had received its honours was 459 The uſual number of reſident ſtudents for theſe 4 years paſt has been from one hundred and forty to one hundred and ſixty. Their commencement is on the 4th Wedneſday in Auguſt; vacations, from commencement four and a half weeks, from firſt Monday in January ſix and a half, from firſt ditto in May two weeks.

The truſtees, including the preſident, are twelve.

John Wheelock, L. L. D. preſident, and profeſſor of hiſtory.
Bezaleel Woodward, A. M profeſſor of mathematics and natural philoſophy.
Profeſſor of divinity. (*vacant.*)
Rev. John Smith, A M. profeſſor of the learned languages.
Moſes Fiſk, A. M tutor.
John Wheelock, director of Moor's ſchool.

Incorporated Academies:

Theſe are numerous; the moſt noted are,

Phillips' Academy at Exeter; liberally endowed by the Hon. John Phillips, L. L. D.
Benjamin Abbott, A M principal.

Moore's ſchool, at Hanover, incorporated with Dartmouth College. Aſa M'Farland, A. B preceptor.

Ipſwich Academy, at New Ipſwich. John Hubbard, A. M. preceptor.

Atkinſon Academy, at Atkinſon.

Amherſt Academy, at Amherſt.

The Medical Society of New-Hampſhire was incorporated 1792
Preſident, Dr. Brackett.

VERMONT.

Length, 150 miles; breadth, 70, counties, 7; townſhips, upwards of 200; inhabitants, 85,539.

Brief abſtract from the Conſtitution.

Legiſlation is performed by an aſſembly, or houſe of repreſentatives, and a council, conſiſting of twelve members beſides the governor, who is preſident, and the lieutenant governor, who is a member thereof, ex officio. The council may originate bills, other than money bills, and ſuſpend, till the next ſeſſion, ſuch bills as they may diſapprove; but have not a final negative.

The governor, lieutenant governor, members of the council, houſe of repreſentatives, and treaſurer of the ſtate are elected annually by the freemen; to the privileges of whom, every male, of twenty one years of age, who is of a peaceable diſpoſition, and will take the oath of fidelity to the ſtate, is entitled. The judges of the ſupreme and county courts, and courts of probate, ſheriffs and juſtices of the peace are appointed annually by joint ballot of the council and houſe. Major and brigadier genera's are alſo appointed by the council and houſe; but not annually: and the ſecretary of ſtate, the ſpeaker and clerk of aſſembly, annually, by the houſe only. Field officers of the militia, captains and ſubalterns are appointed as in Maſſachuſetts.

Members of the council, and judges of the ſupreme court are, ex officiis, juſtices of the peace through the ſtate, and the judges of the county courts, in their reſpective counties.

The freemen meet in their ſeveral towns, to chooſe their repreſentatives and give their votes for governor, &c. on the firſt Tueſday in September annually; and the general aſſembly, on the ſecond Thurſday in October following. They meet alternately at Rutland and Windſor. The ſeſſion in October 1793, was at Windſor.

LEGISLATIVE AND EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENTS.

Thomas Chittenden, governor and captain general.
Peter Olcott, lieutenant governor and lieutenant general.

Counſellors.

Samuel Safford,	Luke Knoulton,
Jonathan Hunt,	John Strong,
Paul Brigham,	John Faſſet, jun.
Ebenezer Walbridge,	Gideon Olin,
Ebenezer Marvin,	Thomas Porter,
Jonas Galuſha,	Jacob Bailey.

Joſeph Fay, ſecretary to the council.

Daniel Buck, ſpeaker
Richard Whitney, clerk } of the houſe of repreſentatives.

Roſwell Hopkins, ſecretary of ſtate, and auditor of public accounts.
Samuel Mattocks, treaſurer
Eliſha Clark, auditor of accounts againſt the ſtate
James Whitelaw, ſurveyor general.

JUDICIARY DEPARTMENT.

Supreme court, and court of Chancery.

Samuel Knight, chief juſtice.
Elijah Paine, Iſaac Tichenor, } judges.
Daniel Buck, attorney general.

County court, and courts of Probate.

Addiſon county, chief town, Middlebury; ſouls, 6,449.
John Strong, Gamaliel Painter, Abel Thompſon, } judges.
Roſwell Hopkins, clerk. John Chipman, ſheriff.
John Strong, judge, Seth Storr, clerk } of Probate.

Supreme court ſits on the 3d Tueſday in Auguſt; county court, on the firſt Monday in March and laſt in September.

Bennington county; chief towns, Bennington and Mancheſter; ſouls, 12,254.
Samuel Safford, Gideon Olin, Gideon Brownſon, } judges.
Nathaniel Bruſh, clerk. David Robinſon, ſheriff.
Nathaniel Bruſh, Martin Powell, } judges of Probate.

Supreme court, on the 1ſt Tueſday in Auguſt. County court, on the 3d Monday in December, at Bennington; on the 1ſt in June, at Mancheſter.

Chittenden county; chief towns, Burlington; ſouls, 7,301,
John Faſſet, John M'Neill, Martin Chittenden, } judges.
Stephen Pearle, ſheriff.
Mathew Cole, Jonathan Hoit, Timothy Pearl, } judges of probate.

Supreme court, on the 4th Tueſday in Auguſt. County court, on the laſt Monday, ſave one, in September, and laſt in February.

Orange county; chief town, Newbury, ſouls, 10,529.

Ifrael Smith,
Alexander Harvey,
Cornelius Lynde,
} judges.
Ifaac Bayley, clerk. Fry Bayley, ſheriff.
Jacob Kent,
Timothy Bartholomew
Ifrael Converſe,
Ebenezer W. Judd,
} judges of Probate.

Supreme court, on the 1ſt after the 4th Tueſday in Auguſt. County court, on the 2d Mondays in June and December.

Rutland county; chief town, Rutland; ſouls, 15,565.

Ebenezer Marvin,
Samuel Williams,
Lemuel Chipman,
} judges.
Nathan Oſgood, clerk. Jonathan Bell, ſheriff.
Eliſha Clark,
Simeon Smith,
} judges of Probate.

Supreme court, on the 2d Tueſday in Auguſt. County court, on the 3d Mondays in March and November.

Windham county; chief town, Newfane; ſouls, 17,693.

Luke Knoulton,
John Brigman,
Benjamin Burt,
} judges.
Calvin Knoulton, clerk. Samuel Fletcher, ſheriff.
Noah Sabin,
John Brigman,
} judges of Probate.

Supreme court, on the 3d Tueſday after the 4th in Auguſt. County court, the 1ſt Monday in June and 2d in November.

Windſor county; chief towns, Windſor and Woodſtock; ſouls, 15,748.

Joſeph Marſh,
Paul Brigham,
Elijah Robinſon,
} judges.
Lewis R. Morris, clerk. William Sweetſer, ſheriff.
Elijah Robinſon,
Paul Brigham,
} judges of Probate.

Supreme court, on the 2d Tueſday after the 4th in Auguſt. County court, the 4th Mondays in March and September.

MILITIA.

The number of men in the ſtate capable of bearing arms, are eſtimated at above 17,000. Theſe are arranged into four diviſions, eight brigades, twenty regiments of infantry, fourteen troops

of cavalry, six companies of artillery, and three of light-infantry. The governor is captain-general, ex officio; and the lieutenant-governor, lieutenant-general.

Major-Generals.

Samuel Fletcher, Ira Allen,
Isaac Tichenor, Paul Brigham.

Brigadier-Generals.

Lewis R. Morris, David Whitney,
Arad Hunt, Jonathan Spafford,
Josiah Wright, Elias Stevens,
Eli Cogswell, Israel Morey.

Joseph Fay, Adjutant General.

Aids-de-Camp to the Governor.

Oliver Gallup, John Chipman,
David Fay, John Graham.

UNIVERSITY.

An act was passed on the 2d of November 1791, by the legislature, for founding a University at Burlington, on lake Champlain. Large subscriptions and donations of land and other property have been proposed by individuals, (in aid of legislative measures) for the purposes of erecting convenient buildings and establishing a fund.

We learn that measures are taking to carry the act into complete effect; and, from the salubrity of the climate, and the local situation of the place, we anticipate the idea of its soon becoming an institution of importance. The management of it is entrusted to thirteen

TRUSTEES.

The governor of the State,
The speaker of the house of repr. & } ex officiis.
The President of the University.

Caleb Blood, Charles Platt,
Bethuel Chittenden, Enoch Woodbridge,
Asa Burton, Samuel Hitchcock,
George Bourne, Jonathan Hunt,
Ira Allen, (not known.)

COMPARATIVE VIEW of the INCREASE of PROPERTY in the STATE.

The amount of taxable property (exclusive of unimproved land) agreeably to the grand list taken in the several years following, will exhibit a comparative view of the increasing wealth and importance of the State.

Years,	*Grand Lists.*
1782	£. 151,891
1786	201,007
1791	323,680
1792	354,330

According to the foregoing amount of grand lists (which were taken on the following valuation, to wit. horses at £4 per head; oxen, at £3; cows at £2; young horses and young cattle, at, from 15s. to £2; and improved land at 10s. per acre; being on an average somewhat less than half the real value of property) the wealth of the state has annually increased, for six years past, more than £25,000; or 85,000 dollars.

MASSACHUSETTS.

Maſſachuſetts (proper,) length 125 miles; breadth 50: ſquare miles, 62[illegible]0; counties, 12; towns 265, inhabitants, 378,7[illegible]7.

Maine, length, 170 miles; breadth, 125; ſquare miles 21,750; counties, 5; inhabitants, 96 540.

Brief abſtract from the Conſtitution.

The legiſlature conſiſts of a ſenate and houſe of repreſentatives, which (together with the governor. and lieutenant governor) are elected annually by the people; the ſenators, on the firſt Monday in April, and the repreſentatives in May, at leaſt ten days previous to the laſt Wedneſday in the month; that being the day of the legiſlature's meeting, and of the general election. The votes for governor, and lieutenant governor, are taken on the ſaid firſt Monday in April. To be eligible to the office of governor or lieutenant governor, the candidate muſt have reſided in the ſtate ſeven years, and during that time, been ſeized, in his own right, of a freehold, of the value of £. 1000, and profeſs the chriſtian religion: to that of ſenator, he muſt have reſided in the ſtate five years, be, at his election, an inhabitant of the diſtrict for which he is to be elected, and ſeized of a freehold eſtate to the value of £. 300, or poſſeſſed of perſonal, to the value of £. 600: to that of repreſentative, he muſt have reſided one year in the town which he is choſen to repreſent, and been ſeized therein of freehold eſtate to the value of £ 100, or poſſeſſed of perſonal to the value of £. 200. Electors muſt be twenty one years of age, have freeholds of the annual income of £. 3, or perſonal eſtate to the value of £. 60. Every corporate town containing 150 rateable polls, elects one repreſentative; containing 375, two; containing 600, three; and ſo on, electing one for every 225 rateable polls, as the towns increaſe.

From the perſons returned as Senators and Counſellors (being 40 in the whole) nine are annually, elected by joint ballot of both houſes, to conſtitute a council, for adviſing the governor in the execution of his office. He is, *ex officio*, preſident, and the lieutenant governor, a member of the council.

All judicial officers, the attorney and ſolicitor general, ſheriffs, coroners, and regiſters of probate, are nominated, and with the advice and conſent of the council, appointed by the governor; the ſecretary, treaſurer and receiver-general, the commiſſary-general and notaries public, are elected annually by joint ballot of both houſes; major-generals are alſo appointed by both houſes, but not annually; brigadiers, by the field officers of their brigades;

field officers, by the captains and subalterns of their regiments; and the captains and subalterns, by the train bands and alarm lists of their companies respectively. The governor appoints the adjutant-general; major-generals, their aids; brigadiers, their brigade-majors; and the commanding officers of regiments, their adjutants and quarter-masters.

The judges (except justices of the peace, whose commissions expire once in seven years, but may be renewed) hold their offices during good behaviour; and judges of the supreme court, are, ex officiis, justices of the peace through the state.

The treasurer and receiver-general may not be elected more than five years successively.

Legislative and Executive Departments.

Samuel Adams, governor, salary, dolls. 2666.67.

Moses Gill, lieutenant governor, salary, dolls. 533.33, and pay as member of the council.

Counsellors.

Azar Orne, William Shepard, Stephen Metcalf,
Thomas Durfee, Eleazer Brooks, Samuel Thompson,
Oliver Wendell, Samuel Baker, John Reed,

Samuel Phillips, president
Samuel Cooper, clerk, } of the senate.

Edward H. Robbins, speaker,
Henry Warren, clerk, } of the house.

Peter Thacher, D. D. chaplain of the senate.
Samuel Stillman, D. D. chaplain of the house.
John Avery, jun secretary of the state
Thomas Davis, treasurer.

John Stearns, } of the senate.
William Ternigan, } of the house.
John Saunders, jun. } of the house.
Samuel Flagg, } of the house.
Benjamin Reed, } of the house.
} Committee to examine and pass on public accounts.

Richard Cranch,
Thomas Dawes,
John Mason,
} Committee for defacing public securities.

Samuel Phillips,
Nathaniel Wells,
Leonard Jarvis,
John Read,
Daniel Conby,
} Committee for the sale of unappropriated lands.

JUDIDIARY AND CIVIL DEPARTMENTS.

Supreme Court.

Francis Dana, chief juſtice; ſalary, doll. 1235,33.
Robert Treat Paine, Increaſe Sumner, Nathan Cuſhing, Thomas Dawes, jun. } judges; ſalary, each, doll. 1166, 2-5.
James Sullivan, attorney-general; ſalary, doll. 1000.
Charles Cuſhing, John Tucker, } clerks.

Court of Common Pleas and General Seſſions of Peace.
County of Suffolk.

Joſeph Gardner, Samuel Barrett, Thomas Crafts } juſtices of the common pleas, and general ſeſſions.
Tuthill Hubbard, ſpecial juſtice of the common pleas.
George R. Minot, judge, William Cooper, regiſter } of probate.
Ezekiel Price, clerk of the pleas and ſeſſions.

Thomas Crafts, treaſurer, Henry Allen, regiſter of deeds,
Jeremiah Allen, ſheriff, Richard Boynton, gaol-keeper.

Ezekiel Price, Henry Alline, Samuel Cooper, Samuel Barrett, of Boſton, notaries public.

Supreme court, on the 3d Tueſday in February, and laſt in Auguſt. Common pleas and general ſeſſions, on the firſt Tueſdays in January, July, and October, and 3d in April.

Benjamin Greenleaf, Samuel Holton, John Pickering, Samuel Phillips, } Juſtices of the common pleas, &c.
Iſaac Oſgood, Ebenezer Marſh, George Cabot, } ſpecial juſtices, &c.
Benjamin Greenleaf, judge, Daniel Noyes, regiſter } of probate.
John Pickering, regiſter of deeds.
Stephen Choate, county treaſurer.
Bailey Bartlett, ſheriff. Iſaac Oſgood, clerk of pleas, &c.

Edward Norris, of Salem, *Daniel Rogers*, of Gloceſter, *John Rogers*, of Ipſwich, *Michael Hodge*, of Newbury Port, *Joſeph Wood*, of Beverly, *Samuel Sewall*, of Marblehead, notaries public.

Supreme court, at Salem, 2d Tuesday in November; at Ipswich, 3d in June. Common pleas, &c. at Ipswich, 1st Tuesday in April; at Salem, 2d in July; at Newbury Port, the 1st in Oct.

County of Middlesex.

James Prescott,
Nathaniel Gorham,
James Winthrop,
} justices of the common pleas, &c.

Eleazer Brooks,
William Hull,
} special justices, &c.

Oliver Prescott, judge
James Winthrop, register
} of probate.

Abraham Bigelow, clerk of the pleas and sessions.
Joseph Hosmer, sheriff.
William Winthrop, register of deeds.
Ebenezer Bridge, county treasurer.
Joseph Cordes, of Charleston, notary public.

Supreme court, at Cambridge, the last Tuesday in Oct. at Concord, 2d in April. Common pleas, at Cambridge, the last Tuesday in Nov.; at Concord, the 2d in March and 2d in Sept.

County of Hampshire,

Eleazer Potter,
John Blis,
Samuel Mather,
Samuel Lyman,
} justices of the common pleas, &c.

Abraham Burbank
Justin Ely,
William Pynchon,
} special justices, &c.

Robert Breck, clerk of the pleas and sessions.
Elisha Potter, sheriff.
Eleazer Potter, judge,
Samuel Hinckley, register,
} of probate.

William Pynchon,
Ebenezer Hunt,
John Williams,
} registers of deeds.

Supreme court, at Northampton, the last Tuesday in April; and 4th in September. Common pleas on the 2d Tuesday in January, 3d in May, 1st in Sept. and 2d in Nov.

County of Plymouth.

Benjamin Willis,
William Watson,
Ephraim Spooner,
} justices of the common pleas, &c.

William Drew,
Richard Perkins,
} special justices, &c.

Josiah Cotton, clerk of the pleas and sessions.

George Partridge, ſheriff.
Joſhua Thomas, judge of probate.
Iſaac Lothrop, regiſter of ditto.
Roſſetter Cotton, regiſter of deeds.
Ephraim Spooner, county treaſurer.
Nathaniel Goodwin, of Plymouth, } notaries public.
Henry Warren, of ditto. }

Courts are held at Plymouth, ſupreme, on the 3d Tueſday in May; common pleas, the 2d Tueſdays in April and Auguſt, and 3d in November.

County of Barnſtable.

Daniel Davis, }
Nathaniel Freeman, } juſtices of the common pleas, &c.
Solomon Freeman, }
David Thacher, }
Joſeph Nye, } ſpecial juſtices, &c.
John Davis, }
Joſeph Otis, clerk of the pleas and ſeſſions.
Daniel Davis, judge } of probate.
Nathaniel Freeman, regiſter }
Joſeph Dimock, ſheriff.
Ebenezer Bacon, regiſter of deeds, and county treaſurer.
Ebenezer Bacon, of Barnſtable, } notaries public.
Joſeph Palmer, jun. of Falmouth }

Supreme court, on the Wedneſday next preceding the 3d Tueſday in May. Common pleas, on the firſt Tueſdays in April and November.

County of Briſtol.

Walter Spooner, }
George Leonard, } juſtices of the common pleas, &c.
William Baylies, }
David Cobb, }
Ezra Richmond, }
Shubael Peck, } ſpecial juſtices, &c.
Samuel Tobey, }
Apollos Leonard, }
Samuel Fales, clerk of the pleas and ſeſſions.
David Cobb, }
Samuel Fales, } dedimus poteſtatum.
Seth Paddleford, }
Zephaniah Leonard, ſheriff.
William Baylies, judge, regiſter, } of probate.

James Williams, regiſter of deeds,
George Godfrey, county treaſurer,
William Brown, of Dighton, notary public.

Courts at Taunton, Supreme, on the Tueſday preceding the laſt in October. Common pleas, the 2d Tueſdays in September and December, and 3d in April.

County of Duke's County.

James Athearn,
Shubael Cettle,
Ebenezer Smith,
John Allen,
} juſtices of the common pleas, &c.

Benjamin Baſſett,
Samuel Smith,
Ebenezer Norton,
Benjamin Mayhew,
} ſpecial juſtices, &c.

Stephen Luce, clerk of the pleas and ſeſſions.
Benjamin Smith, ſheriff.
James Athearn, judge,
Thomas Cook, regiſter,
} of probate.

Samuel Smith, regiſter of deeds.
Jethro Allen, junr. county treaſurer.

Supreme court, ſame as in Barnſtable county. Common pleas at Edgartown 3d Tueſday in April, at Tiſbury, laſt in October.

County of Nantucket.

Joſiah Baker,
Stephen Huſſey,
William Hammatt,
Joſiah Coffin,
} juſtices of the common pleas, &c.

Peleg Coffin, jun. and Chriſto. Huſſey, ſpecial juſtices, &c.
Joſeph Nichols, clerk of the pleas and ſeſſions.
John Gardner, ſheriff.
Jethro Huſſey judge,
Abner Coffin, regiſter,
} of probate.

Nathaniel Coleman, regiſter of deeds.
Joſiah Coffin, county treaſurer. *Abner Coffin*, not. pub.

Court of common pleas at Sherburne, the laſt Tueſday in March, and 1ſt in October.

County of Worceſter.

Artemas Ward,
Samuel Baker,
Joſeph Dorr,
Dwight Foſter,
} juſtices of the common pleas, &c.

Michael Gill, ſpecial juſtice.

Joſeph Allen, clerk of the pleas and ſeſſions.
William Caldwell, ſheriff.
Joſeph Door, judge
Theophilus Wheeler, regiſter, } of probate.
Daniel Clap, regiſter of deeds.
Samuel Allen, county treaſurer.

Supreme court, the 3d Tueſday in September, and the laſt but one in April, Common Pleas the 4th Tueſday in March, 2d in June, laſt in Auguſt, and 1ſt in December.

County of Berkſhire.

Jahleel Woodbridge,
Thompſon J. Skinner, } juſtices of the common pleas, &c.
John Bacon,
Tim. Edwards, and Theodo. Sedgwick, ſpecial juſtices, &c.
Henry Williams Dwight, clerk of the pleas and ſeſſions.
Simon Larned, ſheriff.
Jahleel Woodbridge, judge
Edward Edwards, regiſter } of probate.

Moſes Hopkins,
Caleb Hyde, jun. } regiſters of deeds.
James Barker,
Barnabas Bidwell, county treaſurer.

Supreme court, at Lenox, the firſt Tueſday in October. Common pleas, the 1ſt in February, and 2d in September.

County of Norfolk.

James Endicot,
Ebenezer Warren, } juſtices of the common pleas.
Eben H. Robbins, and Solomon Lovell, ſpecial juſtices, &c.
Atherton Thayer, ſheriff. Nathaniel Ames, clerk.
William Heath, judge
Samuel Haven, regiſter } of probate.
Iſaac Bullard, treaſurer.
Elphalet Bond, regiſter of deeds.

Supreme court, on the Tueſday immediately preceding the laſt, in Auguſt.

The following COUNTIES *are in the* DISTRICT *of* MAINE.

County of York.

Riſhworth Jordan,
Benjamin Chadbourn,
Joſeph Simpſon, } juſtices of the common pleas, &c.
Nathaniel Wells,

Edward Cutts,
Ichabod Goodwin, } special juſtices.
John Heard Bartlett, clerk of the pleas, &c.
Ichabod Goodwin, ſheriff.
Joſeph Simpſon, judge
David Stewall, regiſter } of probate.
William Froſt, regiſter of deeds, and county treaſurer.

Supreme court at York on the 4th Tueſday in June. Common pleas, at York the 3d in April; at Waterboro' 4th in Auguſt; at Biddeford 2d in November.

County of Cumberland.

David Mitchel,
John Lewis,
Joſiah Thacher, } juſtices of the common pleas, &c.
William Gorham,
William Thompſon,
Richard Codman, } ſpecial juſtices.
Iſaac Parſons,
Samuel Freeman, clerk of the pleas.
John Waite, ſheriff.
William Gorham, judge
Samuel Freeman, regiſter } of probate.
Iſaac Iſley, regiſter of deeds,
Joſeph M'Lellen, county treaſurer.
John Frothingham, of Portland, notary public

Supreme courts at Portland, on the Tueſday ſucceeding the 4th in June. Common pleas, the laſt in May and 3d in October; and at New-Glouceſter, 1ſt in January.

County of Lincoln.

William Lithgow,
Thomas Rice,
Nathaniel Thwing, } juſtices of the common pleas, &c.
Joſeph North,
Henry Dearborn,
Daniel Cony, } ſpecial juſtices, &c.
Dummer Sewall,
Jonathan Bowman,
Jonathan Bowman, junr. } clerks of the pleas, &c.
Edmund Bridge ſheriff
Jonathan Bowman judge
Jonathan Bowman junr. regiſter } of probate.
Thomas Rice, regiſter of deeds.
Nathaniel Thwing, county treaſurer.
Francis Winter, of Bath, notary public.

Supreme court, at Wiſcaſſet and Hallowell alternately, on the 2d Tueſday in July; being at the former, in July 1793. Court of common pleas, at Hallowell, on 2d Tueſday in January; at Pownalboro', on 1ſt in June; at Waldoboro', 2d in September.

County of Hancock.

Paul Dudley Sergeant,
Oliver Parker,
William Vinall, } juſtices of common pleas, &c.
Jonathan Eddy, and Joſeph Hibber, ſpecial juſtices.
Thomas Phillips, clerk of the pleas, &c.
Richard Hunne well, ſheriff.
Paul Dudley Sergeant, judge
Jonathan Eddy, regiſter } of probate.
William Webber, regiſter of deeds.
Samuel Fowler, county treaſurer.
Thomas Phillips, of Penobſcot, notary public.

Court of common pleas at Penobſcot on the 3d Tueſdays in April and September.

County of Waſhington.

Stephen Jones,
James Avery,
Alexander Campbell,
John Crane, } juſtices of common pleas, &c.
George Stillman, ſpecial juſtice.
Ralph Hart Bowles, clerk of the pleas, &c.
John Cooper, ſheriff.
Stephen Jones, judge; James Avery, regiſter of probate.
George Stillman, county treaſurer, and regiſter of deeds.
William Chaloner, of Machias, notary public.

Court of common pleas, at Machias, on the 4th Tueſday in April and September.

MILITIA.

Agreeably to the preſent arrangements, the militia of this commonwealth, contains 9 diviſions, 19 brigades, 79 regiments of infantry, 11 ſquadrons of cavalry, and 8 batallions of artillery. The aggregate amount of the ſeveral corps is about 50,000 infantry, 2,000 cavalry, and 1,500 artillery. Theſe are compoſed of men between 16 and 40 years of age; beſides which, the *corps de reſerve*, conſiſting of ſuch as are between 40 and 60, amount to about 25,000.

Major Generals.

Henry Jackſon,
John Fiſh,
John Brooks,
William Shepard,
Nathaniel Goodwin,
Ichabod Goodwin,
Salem Towne,
William Lithgow, junr.
John Aſhley, junr.

Brigadier Generals.

Theophilus Guſhing
Eliphalet Bond,
Stephen Abbot,
Ralph Croſs,
William Hull,
Henry Woods,
Ebenezer Mattoon,
Seth Murray,
Silas Cobb,
Nathaniel Freeman,
Noah M. Littlefield,
John Kilby Smith,
John Cutler,
William Whiting,
Alexandria Campbell,
Jeremiah Hickock,
Thompſon J. Skinner.

William Donniſon, Adjutant-general.
Amaſa Davis, Quarter-maſter.

In 1638, a company was incorporated at Boſton, ſtyled *The Antient and Honourable Artillery Company*. It is compoſed of military officers, who aſſemble and exerciſe themſelves as privates. Their election is on the 1ſt Monday in June annually, previous to which a ſermon is delivered ——Their preſent officers are
Andrew Cunningham, captain, Samuel Todd, lieutenant,
John Bray, enſign, Thomas Clark, clerk.

LITERARY INSTITUTIONS.

Harvard Univerſity at Cambridge.

This ſeminary was founded in 1636. It derives its name from the Rev. John Harvard, in conſequence of a liberal donation made by him —Perhaps no inſtitution in America is better calculated for the purſuit of ſcience. It is furniſhed with a well choſen library, conſiſting of upwards of 13000 volumes; a philoſophical apparatus equally complete; and able profeſſors and tutors, in the various branches of ſcience. After the commencement in July 1793, the whole number of thoſe, who had been admitted to academical degrees ſince its inſtitution was 3360. The uſual number of reſident ſtudents are from 130 to 160.

The governor, lieutenant governor, council, senate, president of the University, and ministers of the congregational churches of Boston, Roxbury, Dorchester, Charleston, Cambridge and Watertown, are ex officiis overseers.

Rev. Simeon Howard, D D. their Secretary.

Corporation.

Rev. Joseph WILLARD, D. D. & L. L. D. President.

Fellows.

Oliver Wendell,
John Lowell, L. L. D.
James Bowdoin,
Rev. John Lathrop, D. D.
Rev. Simeon Howard, D. D.
Ebenezer Storer, A. M. trea.

Professors.

David Tappan, D. D. Hollis professor of Divinity.
Eliphalet Pearson, A.M. professor of the Hebrew, other oriental and English languages.
Samuel Webber, A.M. Hollis professor of Mathematics, and Natural philosophy.
John Warren, M. D. Hersey professor of Anatomy and Surgery.
Benjamin Waterhouse, M. D. Hersey professor of the Theory and practice of physic.
Aaron Dexter, M. D. Erving, professor of Chymistry and Materia medica.

Tutors.

Abiel Abbot, A. M. Greek.
William A. Barrow, A. M. Geography, Elements of Geometry Natural philosophy and Astronomy.
Foster Waterman, A. M. Metaphysics and Ethics.
Micah Stone A. M. Latin.
J. D. Nancrede, preceptor of the French language.
Samuel Shayleige, A. M. Librarian.
Commencement, on the third Wednesday in July,
Vacations: from commencement four weeks; from the third Wednesday in October, two weeks; the first Wednesday in January, five weeks; and the third in April two weeks.

WILLIAMS'-COLLEGE, at Williamstown.

Colonel Ephraim Williams, may in propriety, be said to be the founder of this institution; it being established in consequence of a con

ſiderable donation bequeathed by him, for the purpoſe of ſupporting a free ſchool. The truſtees of the bequeſt improved upon the original deſign, and have finally obtained an act of incorporation for a colledge. This was paſſed on the 22d of June 1793: and, in honor of the benefactor, the college bears his name.

EBENEZER FITCH, A. M. preſident.

Stephen Weſt, D. D. vice-preſident.

Noah Linſley, tutor.

Nathaniel Steel, preceptor of the grammar ſchool.

Daniel Dewey, ſecretary to the corporation,

Firſt commencement on the 1ſt Wedneſday in Sept. 1795.

Incorporated Academies and Schools.

Names	*Places*	*Preceptors*
Dummer	Newbury	Iſaac Smith
Phillips	Andover	Eden Pemberton
Leiceſter	Leiceſter	Eden Adams
Berwick	Berwick	Samuel Moody
Hallowell	Hallowell	
Fryeburg	Fryeburg	Paul Langdon
Taunton	Taunton	
Waſhington	Machias	
Plymouth	Plymouth	
Weſtfield	Weſtfield	
Groton	Groton	
Weſtford	Weſtford	
Derby School	Hingham	Abner Lincoln
Ipſwich gram. ſch.	Ipſwich	
Roxbury gram. ſc.	Roxbury	
Charleſton free School	Charleſton	

SOCIETIES.

A great number of ſocieties are eſtabliſhed in different parts of the ſtate, for the purpoſe of improvement, and benevolence.—Some of the principal of which are the following:

Boſton Epiſcopal Charitable Society; eſtabliſhed in 1724, and incorporated Feb. 12th, 1784.—Wm. Tudor, preſident.

Massachusetts Charitable Society; incorporated Nov. 16th, 1779. Thomas Dawes, president.

The American Academy of Arts and Sciences; already mentioned, (see page 90) incorporated May 4th, 1780.

Massachusetts Medical Society; incorporated Nov. 1st, 1781.—Cotton Tufts, M. D. president.

Society for propagating the Gospel among the Indians, and others in North America; incorporated Nov. 19th, 1787.—Thomas Russel, president.

Humane Society, for the purpose of recovering persons apparently dead from drowning, strangling, &c. incorporated in 1791.—Thomas Russel, president.

Historical Society, established in 1791, and incorporated in 1794, for the purpose of improving the history of America.—James Sullivan, president.

Agricultural Society; incorporated in 1792.—Thomas Russel, president.

Marine Society; instituted for the relief of widows and orphans of deceased members, being seamen.—Nehemiah Somes, master.

Massachusetts Congregational Society, instituted for the relief of the widows and orphans of deceased clergymen of the congregational order.—Rev. Joseph Willard, D. D. president.

*** The limits of the present work would not allow the editors to enter into a minute description of the above. Their names are, in most cases, expressive of the end of their institution.

LODGES.

At Boston—*Grand Lodge.*

John Cutler, grand master.

Quarterly communication, on the evenings of the 2d Mondays in March, June, September and December.

Lodges.	*Monthly meetings.*
1st and 2d St. John's Lodges, incorporated with the Rising Sun Lodge,	Last Wednesdays
St. Andrew's Lodge,	2d Thursdays
Royal Arch,	Last Thursdays
Rising States	Last Mondays
Massachusetts,	2d Mondays
African,	1st Tuesdays
At Charleston—King Solomon's,	2d do.

TyrinianLodge; Cape Ann	Eſſex; Salem
St. Peters; Newbury Port	Amity; do.
Berkſhire; Stockbridge	Unity; Ipſwich
Trinity; Lancaſter	Warren; Machias
United States; Danvers	Federal; Hampſhire county.
Morning Star; Worceſter	

Public Officers in the Town of Boſton.

Town Clerk.

Samuel Cooper, (annually and ſucceſſively elected for 34 years).

Selectmen.

Ezekiel Price,	Thomas Edwards
Thomas Walley,	William Little,
William Bordman,	Charles Bulfinch,
Ebenezer Seaver,	William Scollay.
Thomas Crafts,	

They are alſo ſurveyors of highways, and members of the committee for viſiting and ſuperintending the public ſchools.

BANKS.

There are three in Maſſachuſetts, beſides a branch of the National one, *viz.* Maſſachuſetts Bank, and Union Bank, at Boſton; and Eſſex Bank, at Salem.

Massachusetts Bank.

Was incorporated in 1784. Its preſent capital is 400,000 dollars —the number of ſhares 800. The election of directors is on the firſt Wedneſday in January, annually.

Preſident, William Phillips. Caſhier, James Thwing.

Union Bank.

Was incorporated in 1792. Its capital, when the payment of the ſhares ſhall be compleated, will amount to 800,000 dollars, the number of ſhares being 100,000.

Preſident, Moſes Gill, Caſhier, Alex. Hodgdon.

JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court.

Daniel Owen, chief juſtice.

Aſſiſtant juſtices.

Eliſha Bicknall, Walter Cook,
William Tagart, Thomas Tillinghaſt.

Ray Green, attorney general.

Court of Common Pleas.

County of Newport.

Conſtant Taber, chief juſtice
Oliver Durfee, Perez Richmond, William Anthony, William P. Tillinghurſt, } juſtices
Chriſtopher Ellery, clerk ſup crt.
Thomas Peckham, clerk c. pleas
William Davis, ſheriff
Chriſtopher Ellery, notary public

County of Providence.

Calib Harris, chief juſtice,
John Burton, Stephen Steel, John Dorance, Arnold Paine, } juſtices.
William Batron, jun. clerk ſup. ct.
James Fenner, clerk common pl.
Nehemiah Knight, ſheriff,
Sam. Chace, notary public.

County of Waſhington.

Peter Phillips, chief juſtice,
Gideon Clarke, Robert Stanton, John Allen, Thomas Telft, } juſtices.
Jam. Sheldon, clerk ſup. court
Sam. E. Gardner, do. co. pl.
Nicholas Gardner, ſheriff,
George Thomas, notary public.

County of Briſtol.

Samuel Allen, chief juſtice
Elkanah Humphry, William Barton, Stephen Smith, Joſeph Reynolds, } juſtices,
Jonathan Ruſſel, clerk, ſu. ct.
Daniel Bradford, do. com. pl.
Richard Smith, ſheriff,
Shearj. Bourne, notary public.

County of Kent

Stephen Arnold, chief juſtice,
Anthony Low, Iſaac Johnſon, Benjamin Johnſon, Stephen Green, } juſtices.
Allen Fry, clerk, ſupreme court,
Benjamin How and, do. com. pl.
Jonathan Niles, ſheriff,
Hopkins Cooke, notary public.

Court Sessions.

Counties.			*Supreme Court.*	*Common Pleas.*
Newport	1ſt	Monday in	March, laſt Auguſt,	laſt May, 3d November
Providence	3d		do. 3d Septem.	3d June, 3d December,
Waſhington,	1ſt		April, 1ſt October	3d Feb. 2d Auguſt,
Briſtol,	2d		do. 2d do.	1ſt Jan. 1ſt July,
Kent,	4th		do. 3d do.	3d do. 3d do.

MILITIA.

This ſtate compoſes one diviſion, which conſiſts of four brigades.

Major General—Simeon Martin.
His Aids—Meſſrs. Potter and Hazarel.

Brigadiers.

Thomas Allen, George Thurſton,
William Berton, Thomas Gorton.

Robert Rogers, *adjutant-general.*
Charles Lippitt, *commiſſary-general.*
Iſaac Senter, *director and purveyor-general,* alſo, *ſurgeon and phyſician-general.*
John Mathewſon, *quarter-maſter-general.*
Thomas Lloyd Halſey, *aid de-camp to the governor.*

PROVIDENCE BANK.

John Brown, preſident.
Olney Winſor, caſhier.

LITERARY INSTITUTIONS.

The principal are, Rhode-Iſland College, at Providence; and an academy, at Newport. The former was inſtituted in the year 1764. It flouriſhed conſiderably previous to the late war; but the buildings being then occupied by the troops, the courſe of education was interrupted; till about the cloſe of the war. The inſtitution has, however, been ſince re-organiſed, and is now in a flouriſhing ſituation, having uſually about eighty reſident ſtudents. It is furniſhed with a library, which contains upwards of 2000 volumes; and a valuable philoſophical apparatus.

Thoſe concerned in the adminiſtration and inſtruction of the college are,

JABEZ BOWEN, chancellor.
Jonathan Maxcey, D. D. preſident.
David Howell, L. L. D. profeſſor of law.
Benjamin Weſt, L. L. D. profeſſor of Math. and aſtronomy.
Perez Fobes, D. D. profeſſor Nat. Philoſophy.
Simeon Doggitt, A. M. } tutors.
Aſa Miſſer, A. M. }
Gilbert Dinch, A. B. }

The academy at Newport is ſaid to be flouriſhing.

The principal ſocieties are, a *Marine Society*, inſtituted at Newport, in 1752, for the relief of diſtreſſed widows and orphans of the fraternity,—

And the *Providence Society* for promoting the abolition of ſlavery, for the relief of perſons unlawfully held in bondage, and for improving the condition of the African race. This was inſtituted in 1789, and incorporated the year following; and now conſiſts of more than 150 members.

CONNECTICUT.

Length, 82; breadth, 57; counties, 8; townships upwards of 100; inhabitants, 237,946.

Brief Abstract from the Constitution.

What was hinted in regard to organization, and appointment of the legislative and executive in the state of Rhode Island, is, substantially, applicable to this state.—One or two variations in point of name and number constitute the only difference. The officer there styled deputy, is here styled lieutenant-governor; and in place of her ten assistants, Connecticut has twelve.

The general election, which was there on the first Wednesday, is here on the second Thursday, in May: And the autumnal meeting of the legislature, on the second Thursday in October. The lower house consists of two deputies from each town, chosen as in Rhode Island, except that here a freeman must have freehold estate of the value of £ 2, or personal, of £ 40.

The judges of the superior court hold their offices during the pleasure of the general assembly; judges of the county courts, and justices are appointed annually. Sheriffs are appointed by the upper house, and continue in office during their pleasure.—General and field officers are appointed by the legislature; captains and subalterns by the companies.

LEGISLATIVE AND EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

Governor, SAMUEL HUNTINGTON (Salary £ 300.)
Lieutenant governor, Oliver Wolcott.

Assistants.

William Williams,	Heman Swift,
Joseph P. Cook,	John Chandler,
William Hillhouse,	Jonathan Ingersoll,
John Treadwell,	Thomas Grosvenor,
James Davenport,	Thomas Seymour.
Roger Newbury,	Aaron Austin,

The speaker, the clerk and assistant clerk of the assembly, are chosen from that body at every election.

George Wyllys, secretary of the state.
Andrew Kingsbury, treasurer.
John Porter, comptroller of public accounts.

JUDICIARY AND CIVIL DEPARTMENTS.

SUPERIOR COURT.

Andrew Adams, chief judge.

Judges.

Jesse Root, Benjamin Huntington,
Jonathan Sturges, Asher Miller.

George Pitkin, clerk.

COUNTY COURT.

County of Hartford.

Ste. M. Mitchell, chief judge.
John Treadwell, Thos. Seymour, John Chester, Roger Newbury, } judges.
George Wyllys, clerk,
Stephen Chester, sheriff.

County of New-Haven.

Samuel Bishop, chief judge.
Joseph Hopkins, Andrew Ward, G. Buckingham, Simeon Bristol, } judges.
Abraham Bishop, clerk,
Jehu Brainard, sheriff.

County of New-London.

Wm. Hillhouse, chief judge.
William Noves, Charles Phelps, Benjamin Coit, Marvin Wait, } judges.
Winthrop Saltonstall, clerk,
Joshua Huntington,

County of Fairfield

Joseph P. Cook, chief judge.
John Chandler, Lem. Sandford, Phil. B. Bradley, Jam. Davenport, } judges.
David Burr, clerk.
Elijah Abel, sheriff.

County of Windham.

William Williams, chief judge.
Eben. Devotion, C. Southworth, Thos. Grovesnor, James Gordon, } judges.
Samuel Gray, clerk.
Shubael Abbe, sheriff.

County of Litchfield.

Joshua Porter, chief judge.
Heman Swift, Aaron Austin, Nathan Hale, David Smith, } judges.
Frederick Wolcott, clerk.
Lynde Lord, sheriff.

County of Middlesex.

William Hart, chief judge.
John Dickinson, Hezek. Brainard, Ebenezer White, Hezekiah Lane, } judges.

Stephen T. Hofmer, clerk.
Enoch Parsons, sheriff.

County of Tolland.

Samuel Gilbert, chief judge.

Jeremiah Ripley,
Reuben Sikes,
John Phelps,
Jeremiah West,
} judges.
Ephraim Grant, jun. clerk.
Elijah Chapman, jun. sheriff.

Sessions of the Courts.

Supreme Court of Errors.

At Hartford, and New-Haven, alternately on the first Tuesday in June; beginning at Hartford in June 1794.

Superior Court.

At Haddam, the last Tuesday in December; at Middletown, the last save two in July; at New-Haven, the first in January and last in July; at Fairfield, the third in January; at Danbury, the second in August; at Litchfield, the last in January and third in August; at Hartford, the second in February, and first in September; at Tolland, the fourth in February: at Windham, the first in March and third in September; at Norwich, the third in March; at New-London, the fourth in September.

Court of Common Pleas.

At Hartford the first Tuesdays in April and November; at New-Haven, the third in March and fourth in November; at New-London, the second in June, at Norwich, the fourth in Nov.; at Fairfield, the third in April; at Danbury, the third in Nov.; at Windham, the third in August and second in December; at Litchfield, the fourth in March and third in Sept; at Middletown, the second in Nov.; at Haddam, the first in April; at Tolland, the second in Feb. and third in Sept.

Notaries Public.

In Hartford,	*Enoch Perkins, Noah Webster, jun.*
New Haven,	*Elizar Goodrich, Dyer White.*
N. London,	*Lyman Law.——Coit.*
Norwich,	*Samuel Huntington, jun.*
Fairfield,	*Lewis B. Sturges.*
Middletown,	*Matthew T. Russel.*
Preston,	*Samuel Mott.*
Woodstock,	*Jedediah Morse.*
Plainfield,	*Calvin Goddard.*

INCORPORATED CITIES.

New-Haven,	Samuel Bifhop, mayor.
New-London,	Richard Law, do.
Hartford,	Thomas Seymour, do.
Middletown,	Afher Miller, do.
Norwich,	Benjamin Huntington, do.

MILITIA.

His excellency the Governor, captain general.
The lieutenant governor, lieutenant general.
Ebenezer Huntington, adjutant general.

Major Generals.

Samuel Wyllys,	James Gordon,
William Hart,	Heman Swift.

Brigadier Generals.

Noah Phelps,	Daniel Larned,
Auguftus Collins,	John Sedgwick,
Elihu Marvin,	*(7th, not known)*
Elijah Abel,	David Smith.

Independent Corps.

The governor's Horfe Guard, at Hartford;
Thos. Y. Seymour, major commandant,
Foot Guard, at N. Haven; Wm. Lyon, capt. commandant.

BANKS.

UNION BANK, at New-London;
Incorporated in 1792. Preſent capital 100,000 dolls. with the power of extending it to 500,000—ſhares, 100 dollars each.
Jedediah Huntington, preſident.
John Hallam, caſhier.

HARTFORD BANK, at Hartford;
Incorporated in May, 1792. Capital, ſame as the former—number of ſhares, 250.
John Caldwell, preſident,
Hezekiah Merrill, caſhier.

LITERARY INSTITUTIONS.

YALE COLLEGE, at New-Haven,

Was founded in the year 1700; and called *Yale*, in honour of Gov. Yale, one of its principal benefactors.

Its library contains 2500 volumes: the philoſophical apparatus is ſufficiently complete to exhibit experiments in the whole courſe of natural philoſophy. The muſeum contains a variety of curioſities, and is conſtantly increaſing. Its funds received a liberal addition in 1792, by a grant from the legiſlature.

The number of matriculated ſtudents is about 2200.

EZRA STILES, D. D. & L. L. D. preſident.

Fellows.

Eliphalet Williams, D. D.	Joſiah Whitney,
Nathaniel Taylor,	David Ely,
Elizur Goodrich, D. D.	Nathan Williams,
Timothy Pitkin,	Hezekiah Ripley,
Enoch Huntington,	Levi Hart.

The governor, lieutenant governor, and ſix ſenior aſſiſtants in the council, are, aſſociated with the preſident. &c. members of the corporation.

(vacant) profeſſor of divinity.

Preſident Stiles, profeſſor of eccleſiaſtical hiſtory.

Jonathan W. Edwards, A. M.
James Gould, A. M. } tutors.
Joſiah Stebbins, A. M.

The "CONNECTICUT MEDICAL SOCIETY" is an inſtitution of conſiderable note.

NEW-YORK.

Length, 350 miles; breadth, 300; counties, 20; inhabitants, 340,120.

Brief abſtract from the Conſtitution.

In the ſtate of New-York, the legiſlature conſiſts of a ſenate and an aſſembly or houſe of repreſentatives. The number of ſenators is equal to one third of the aſſembly, the whole number of which is at preſent 70, and may never exceed 300. They are elected for four years, and claſſed in ſuch a manner that the ſeats of a fourth part are vacated every year. They are alſo required to be freeholders, and to be choſen by perſons who are ſeized of freehold eſtates of the net value of £100. Members of the aſſembly are elected annually, in May. The qualifications, requiſite to vote for an aſſembly-man, are a maturity of age, an oath of allegiance to the ſtate, ſix months reſidence, a freehold eſtate during that time of the value of £20, or a rented *tenement* of the yearly value of £2, and having paid taxes: or being a freeman and uſually reſident in one of the cities of New-York, or Albany. The governor, chancellor and judges of the ſupreme court, are ex-officiis, a council for the reviſion of all bills about to be paſſed into laws. They may object to a bill, but have not a complete negative. For two thirds of both houſes adhering to any bill, it will finally paſs.

The governor, and lieutenant governor are elected once in three years by perſons qualified to vote for ſenators. They muſt be freeholders; and the lieutenant governor is ex-officio, preſident of the ſenate, has a caſting vote, and executes the functions of governor, in caſe of vacancy.

All officers, whoſe appointments are not ſpecially provided for in the conſtitution, are choſen by a council of appointment, named from the ſenate annually, by the aſſembly, one perſon being named from each great diſtrict and the ſame perſons being ineligible two years ſucceſſively. The governor is, ex officio, preſident thereof, and has a caſting vote.

Military officers hold their appointments during pleaſure; the chancellor, judges of the ſupreme, and firſt judges of the county courts, during good behaviour, or till 60 years of age; ſheriffs and coroners, one year, and are incapable of ſerving longer than four years ſucceſſively.

The treaſurer of the ſtate, county treaſurer, loan officers, and clerks of the ſupervifors are appointed by acts of the legiſlature

the regiſter, and clerks in chancery, by the chancellor; clerks of the ſupreme and probate courts, by their reſpective judges; attornies, ſolicitors and counſellors at law, by the courts in which they plead; and town clerks, ſupervisors, aſſeſſors, conſtables and collectors, by the people.

OFFICERS OF GOVERNMENT.

EXECUTIVE.

George Clinton,, governor, and commander in chief, &c.

Pierre Van Cortlandt, lieutenant-governor, and preſident of the ſenate.

Lewis A. Scott, ſecretary of the ſtate.

Robert Harpur, deputy ſecretary,
Peter T. Curtenius, auditor,
Gerard Bancker, treaſurer,
Simon De Wit, ſurveyor-general.

Commiſſioners of the Land-Office.

The governor,
Lieutenant governor,
Speaker of the aſſembly,
Secretary of the ſtate,
Attorney-general,
Treaſurer and Auditor.

JUDICIARY.

Court of Chancery.

Robert R. Livingſton, chancellor,
Peter R. Livingſton, regiſter.

Maſters in Chancery.

Gilbert Livingſton,
Jeremiah Lanſing,
John Ray,
James Miles Hughes.

Clerks in Chancery.

Leonard Ganſevoort, junr.
Richard S. Treat,
Thomas Cooper,
John W. Watkins,
Abm. G. Lanſing.

Examiners in Chancery.

Edward Dunſcomb, junr.
Abraham G. Lanſing.

Sergeant at arms, Jeſſe Weeks.

Supreme Court.

Robert Yates, chief juſtice.

John Sloſs Hobart, } Puiſne judges.
John Lanſing, jun. }
Morgan Lewis, }
Egbert Benſon. }

Nathaniel Lawrence, attorney general.

John M'Keſſon, clerk of the ſupreme court.

James Farlie, clerk of the circuit, and of oyer and terminer.

The youngeſt Puiſne juſtice of the ſupreme court, for the time being, is ſole judge of a court of exchequer.

Court of Probate.

Peter Ogilvie, judge; William Ogilvie, clerk.

Court of Common Pleas.

Counties.	*Firſt Judges.*	Counties.	*Firſt Judges.*
New York,	The mayor of the city, ex officio.	*Clinton,*	Charles Platt
Richmond,	Paul Micheau	*Ontario,*	Oliver Phelps
King's,	Johannas E Lott	*Oſego,*	Wil. Cooper
Queen's,	Benjamin Coe	*Herkemer,*	Henry Staring
Suffolk,	Selah Strong	*Tioga,*	Abr. Miller
Weſtcheſter,	Eben. Lockwood	*Montgomery,*	Fred. Fiſher
Dutch-ſs,	Zephaniah Platt	*Saratoga,*	J. Thompſon
Columbia,	Peter Van Neſs	*Albany,*	A: Ten Broeck
Renſſelaer,	Ant: Ten Eyck	*Ulſter,*	Nathan Smith
Waſhington,	Ebenezer Ruſſel	*Orange,*	W. Thompſon.

Court Sessions.

Supreme court,

At New York, on the 3d Tueſdays in January and April; at Albany on the laſt in July, and 3d in October.

Court of Exchequer, at the ſame time and place as the ſupreme court.

Courts of Niſi Prius, Oyer and Terminer, and General Gaol Delivery, in each county, as the judges of the ſupreme court may appoint.

Common Pleas and General Seſſions.

General ſeſſions, at New-York, on the firſt Tueſdays in February, May, Auguſt and November.

Common pleas and ſeſſions, at Albany, on the 3d Tueſday in January, and 1ſt in June, and October.

In Suffolk county, on the laſt Tueſday in March and 1ſt in October.
In Queen's county, 1ſt Monday in June and 2d in November.
In King's county, 3d Tueſdays in April and October.
In Richmond county, 1ſt Monday in May and 4th in Sept.
In Weſtcheſter county, *common pleas*, 4th Mondays in January, May, and September. *General ſeſſions*, 4th in May and September.
In Orange county, 2d Tueſdays in February, May and October.
In Dutcheſs county, 3d Tueſdays in January, and May, and 2d in October.
In Columbia county, laſt Mondays in January, May and October.
In Waſhington county, 2d Tueſday in February, laſt in May, and 1ſt in November.
In Montgomery county, 2d Tueſdays in February, June and October
In Ontario county, 1ſt Tueſdays in June and November.
In Clinton county, 1ſt Tueſdays in May and October.
In Renſſelaer county, *pleas* and *ſeſſions*, 2d Tueſdays in June and November; and *pleas*, 3d in February.
In Saratoga county, *pleas and ſeſſions*, the laſt Tueſday in February, and 3d in June; and *pleas*, 3d in November.
In Otſego county, 3d Tueſday in June and 2d in January.
In Herkemer county, 1ſt Tueſday in June and 3d in January.
In Tioga county, 4th Tueſdays and January and June.
In Ulſter county, *pleas and ſeſſions*, 1ſt Tueſday in May and 3d in September; and *pleas*, 1ſt in January and July.

Notaries Public.

John M'Keſſon,
Francis Bloodgood,
John H Wendell,
John Keeſe,
James M. Hughes,
James De Hart,
John Wilkins,
Edward Dunſcomb,
Iſaac Van Vleck,
John Wilkes,
John F. Roorbach,
Adrian Kiſſam,
C. D. Colden,
Iſaac L. Kip,
Francis Lynch
Daniel Thew.

CITY OF NEW-YORK.

Richard Varick, mayor; Samuel Jones, recorder

Daniel Phœnix, chamberlain.

Wardens of the Port of New York.

Thomas Lawrence, Auguſtine Lawrence, Wm. Heyer.

Phyſician, Malachi Treat.

CITY OF ALBANY.

Abraham Yates, mayor; Peter W. Yates, recorder.
Elbert Willet, chamberlain.

CITY OF HUDSON.

John C. Ten Broeck, chief marshal;
Seth Jenkins, mayor; Nathaniel Green, recorder.

LITERARY INSTITUTIONS.

Columbia college, at New York.

This seminary was first founded in 1754, and was, by the charter incorporating it, styled King's College. Since the revolution the name has been changed to that which it now bears. It is now under the superintendency of twenty-four trustees; who are, by act of the legislature passed in 1787, a body corporate. The college edifice is situated in an elevated and pleasant part of the city, rather remote from the hurry and bustle of business. It is now in a flourishing state; is well furnished with able professors, and a new and complete philosophical apparatus; and has usually about 100 resident students, exclusive of students in medicine; who amount to about 50. The governor is chancellor; the Rev John Rogers, D. D. vice-chancellor. And those concerned in the instruction:

W. Samuel Johnson, L. L. D. president, and professor of rhetoric and Belles-lettres
Rev. John D. Gross, D. D. professor of moral philosophy and geography
John Kemp, L. L. D. professor of mathematics, natural philosophy, and astronomy
Rev. Elijah D. Ratoone, professor of the Latin and Greek languages
Rev. John Christoff Kunzie, D. D. professor of oriental languages
Samuel Latham Mitchel, L. L. D. professor of natural history, chymistry and agriculture
M. Mercellin, professor of the French language
James Kent, professor of law.

Faculty of Medicine.

Samuel Bard, *dean;* Richard Bailey, professor of anatomy
Samuel Nicholl, professor of practice of physic
John R. B. Rogers, professor of midwifery

Samuel L. Mitchell, profeſſor of chymiſtry and botany
Wright Poſt, profeſſor of ſurgery
William P. Smith, profeſſor of materia medica
William Hammerſley, profeſſor of the inſtitutes of medicine
Commencement annually on the 1ſt Wedneſday in May.

There are ſaid to be eight or ten incorporated academies in the ſtate. One is at Flatbuſh, on Long-Iſland; it is called *Eraſmus Hall*, and is in a thriving ſituation. Another, called *Clinton Academy*, is at Eaſt Hampton, on the eaſt end of Long-Iſland; one is at Kingſton, and one at Schenectady. The names and ſite of the others could not at preſent be obtained.

HUMANE INSTITUTIONS.

New-York Hoſpital was chartered June 13th, 1771; and may hold eſtates to the amount of 50000l. ſterling.

The number of patients admitted into it, from the 1ſt of February, 1793, to the 1ſt of February, 1794, was 560, which, with 48 then remaining, amounted to 608. Of whom, 435 were cured; 26 relieved; 22 removed; 15 diſcharged diſorderly; 52 deceaſed, and 58 remained.

Preſent Officers:

Theophilus Bache, preſident, John Murray, treaſurer,
Gerard Walton, vice preſident, Thomas Eddy, ſecretary.

CITY DISPENSARY

Is intended to afford medical aid to the poor. Its funds (which are increaſing) produce an annual revenue of about 600l.

Secretary, Anthony Bleecker.

SOCIETIES AND INCORPORATED COMPANIES.

The principal ſocieties are, St. Tammany's ſociety; or, Columbian order; under the patronage of which is the American Muſeum (of New-York); St. George's ſociety; St. Patrick's; St. Andrew's; German Society; Society for the manumiſſion of ſlaves, and for protecting ſuch of them as have been liberated; Society for the relief of poor debtors confined in gaol; General Society of mechanics and tradeſmen of the city of New-York; New-York manufacturing Society; New-York Society Library; New-York Medical Society; Marine Society; Black Friars; New-York Muſical Society; St. Cecilia, Provident, and Benevolent Societies; Deaſon

Society; New-York Coopers Society; Society for the information and assistance of persons emigrating from foreign countries; and Democratic Society. Several of these societies are incorporated, and some have considerable funds.

The Society for the promotion of Agriculcure, Arts and Manufactures, was incorporated on the 12th of March, 1793; and, by the act of incorporation, may hold property sufficient to produce an annual income of 2000 dollars. The design of the institution is particularly and fully set forth in the preface to the act incorporating it; the leading articles of which are, however, expressed in the name.

The following gentlemen were appointed to office by the act.

Robert R. Livingston, president,
John Slos Hobart, vice-president,
Samuel Jones, treasurer.

Samuel L. Mitchell, and Samuel Jones, jun. secretaries.

In March 1792, two companies were incorporated for the purpose of extending and improving inland navigation; one, styled, the western inland lock navigation company, in the state of New York; the other the northern. The object of the former is to open a water communication between the navigable part of Hudson's river and the lakes, Ontario and Seneca; of the latter, between the navigable part of the said river and lake Champlain. Each company is under the management of thirteen directors, who are elected on the 1st Monday in May annually. Their respective capitals are 1000 shares: and when either company shall have expended 25,000 dollars in prosecuting the object of its institution, a donation of 12,500 dollars, on the part of the state, is to be made thereto, to be expended in the same way.

BANKS.

There are three banks in the state, besides a branch of the United States bank. These are at the cities of New-York, Albany and Hudson. That of New-York was incorporated in March 1791; of Albany, April 1792; and of Columbia, at Hudson, in March 1793; and their respective acts of incorporation will expire at the same time, to wit, on the 2d Tuesday in May 1811. Each is managed by thirteen directors, who are elected annually on the 2d Tuesday in May; one of whom is to be afterwards appointed president. In regard to the bank of New-York, only eight of the directors, except the president, may, at

any election be re-chosen; and in regard to each of the other, only nine.

Bank of New-York.

The number of shares are 1900; which at 500 dollars each, produce a capital of 950,000 dollars. And the whole amount of stock and capital, which the corporation may possess, may no exceed 1,000,000 dollars.

President, Gulian Verplank; *cashier*, Charles Wilkes.

Bank of Albany.

Its capital is constituted of 600 shares, at 400 dollars each; which amounts to 240,000 dollars, and may never exceed 260,000.

President, Abraham Ten Broeck; *cashier*, Garret Van Schaack.

Bank of Columbia at Hudson.

Its whole amount of stock and capital may not exceed 160,000 dollars. This is composed of 400 shares, at 400 dollars each.

President, Stephen Paddock; *cashier*, James Nixon.

LODGES.

GRAND LODGE, Robert R. Livingston, grand master.

Subordinate to the Grand Lodge.

Lodges.	*Masters.*
St. John's,	No. 1 Francis Childs,
Royal Arch Independent,	2 William Wright,
St. Andrews Lodge,	3 Robert Bruce,
Jerusalem,	4 William Rollonson,
St. John's,	5 Simeon De Witt,
Hiram Lodge,	6 Joseph Prescot,
Holland Lodge,	7 Andrew Inderwyck,
Howard Lodge,	8 R. J. Vandenbroek.
Holland Mark Lodge,	

Washington Chapter of Royal Arch Masons meet twice in a year if necessary.

Presiding Officers.

John F. Roorback, John Abrams, Wm. Moony.

Besides the preceding there are several lodges in different parts of the state. In Albany are two; in Schenectady, one.

MILITIA.

According to the returns of the Adjutant General the militia of this State, in 1791, amounted to 50,399.—The public are requested to excuse the failure of giving their officers names, this year. Another year it is hoped to be obtained.

NEW-JERSEY.

Length, 160 miles; breadth, 52; counties, 13; townſhips, 94; inhabitants, 184 139.

Brief Abſtract from the Conſtitution.

THE legiſlature of New-Jerſey is compoſed of a legiſlative council and a general aſſembly. Both branches are elected by the people, annually; *viz.* on the 2d Tueſday in October. They meet on the ſecond Tueſday after their election. A member of the legiſlative council muſt have been an inhabitant and freeholder in the county, in which he is choſen, one year, and worth £1000 real and perſonal eſtate;—of the general aſſembly, an inhabitant and freeholder as aforeſaid, and worth £500, real and perſonal eſtate; and electors muſt be of full age, worth £50, and have reſided a year in the country where they offer their votes. The legiſlative council is equal to one third part of the aſſembly, and at preſent each county elects one member of the former, and three of the latter.

The governor in this (and in all the ſtates to the ſouthward of it, Pennſylvania, Delaware, and Kentucky excepted) is choſen by the legiſlature. He is annually appointed; and is, ex officio, preſident of the council, chancellor and ordinary of the ſtate. The council elect a vice preſident, who, in caſe of the governor's abſence executes his office.

Judges of the ſupreme court hold their offices ſeven years; judges of the common pleas, clerks of either court, juſtices of the peace, attorney-general, and ſecretary, five years; the treaſurer, one year; and are reſpectively, with the general and field officers, appointed by the legiſlature.—Sheriffs and coroners (who may not ſerve more than three years ſucceſſively) conſtables and commiſſioners of appeals relative to unjuſt aſſeſſments, are choſen by the people yearly. And captains and ſubalterns, by the companies.

The governor and council conſtitute a court of appeals in the laſt reſort. And any three of the legiſlative, may be the governor's privy council.

LEGISLATIVE AND EXECUTIVE.

RICHARD HOWELL, governor—preſident of the council, chancellor and ordinary.

Council.

Peter Haring
John Condit,
Samuel Randolph,
Thomas Henderſon,
James Linn,
John Black,
Joſeph Ellis,
John Mayhew,
Jeremiah Eldredge,
John Lambert,
Abraham Kitchel,
Samuel Ogden,
Charles Beadſlee,

——————— clerk of the council.

Silas Condict, ſpeaker
Maſkell Ewing, clerk, } of the houſe of aſſembly.

Thos. Adams, ſecretary of the ſtate,
James Mott, treaſurer.

JUDICIARY.

Court of Chancery.

Chancellor, the governor.

Maſters.

Frederick Frelinghuyſen,
Joſeph Scudder,
Joſeph Hugg,
Joſeph Read,
Samuel W. Stockton.

Regiſter and clerk, Gerſhom Craft.
Examiners, Iſaac Williamſon and S. W. Stockton.

Supreme Court.

James Kinſey, chief juſtice.
Iſaac Smith,
John Chetwood, } judges.

Jonathan Rhea, clerk; his office kept at Trenton.
Aaron D. Woodruff, attorney general.

Eliſha Boudinot, clerk of the circuits.
Aaron Dunham, auditor of accounts.

Court of Common Pleas.

Counties,	*Clerks*,	*Sheriffs.*
Bergen,	Nehemiah Wade,	William M'Bell.
Eſſex,	Aaron Ogden,	James Hedden,
Middleſex,	Jonathan Deare,	Thomſon Stelle,

Counties,	*Clerks*,	*Sheriffs*.
Monmouth,	Joſeph Scudder,	William Lloyd,
Somerſet,	Fred. Frelinghuyſen,	John Hardenbergh,
Burlington,	John Lawrence,	Job Lippencott,
Glouceſter,	Eliſha Clark,	Samuel Flaningan,
Salem,	Anthony Keaſby,	Edward Hall,
Cape-May,	Jeremiah Eldredge,	Eleazer Hand,
Hunterdon,	Samuel W. Stockton,	John Anderſon,
Morris,	Caleb Ruſſel,	John Cobb,
Cumberland,	James Giles,	Reuben Burgin,
Suſſex,	Charles Rhodes,	Mark Thomſon.

SESSIONS.

Supreme Court,

At Trenton, the firſt Tueſdays in April and September, and the ſecond in May and Nov.

Courts of Niſi Prius,

At ſuch times and places, in the reſpective counties, as the juſtices of the ſupreme court ſhall direct.

Courts of Common Pleas, and general Quarter Seſſions,

At Middleſex, the third Tueſdays in Jan. firſt in April, third in July, and 2d in Oct; at Monmouth, the 4th in Jan. April, and July, and 3d in Oct; at Eſſex, the 2d in Jan. and April, 4th in June, and 3d in Sept; at Somerſet, the 1ſt in Jan. 3d in April and June, and 1ſt in Oct; at Bergen, the 5th in Jan. and March, 2d in June, and 4th in Oct; at Morris, the 3d in March, 1ſt in July, 4th in Sept. and 3d in Decem; at Burlington, the 2d in Feb. 3d in May, 2d in Aug. and 1ſt in Nov; at Glouceſter, the 3d in March and June, 1ſt Oct; and 2d in Decem; at Salem, the 1ſt in March, 2d in June, 3d in Sept. and 1ſt in Decem; at Cape May, the 1ſt in Feb. 4th in May, 1ſt in Aug. and 4th in Oct; at Hunterdon, the 1ſt in Feb. May, and Aug. and 4th in Oct; at Cumberland, the laſt in Feb. 1ſt in June, 4th in Sep. and laſt in Nov; at Suſſex, the 3d in Feb. 4th in May, 3d in Aug. and 4th in Nov.

Orphan's Courts are held in each county, in the ſame week in which the Common Pleas are held, aud at ſuch other times as the judges ſhall appoint.

LITERARY INSTITUTIONS.

In this ſtate are two colleges, ſeven academies, and ſeveral grammar ſchools of conſiderable note.

The colleges are at Princeton and Brunſwick. The former of which is called Naſſau Hall; the latter, Queen's college.

Nassau Hall.

Was founded in 1738, and enlarged in 1747.—It is now under the management of twenty-three truſtees; of the number of whom are the governor of the ſtate and preſident of the college, ex officiis.

This ſeminary ſuſtained material injury from the Britiſh troops during the late war; its library and philoſophical apparatus being nearly conſumed. The loſs is now, however, principally retrieved. The library contains between two and three thouſand volumes. And the number of ſtudents uſually reſident, amount to about ninety; beſides thoſe in the grammar ſchool annexed to it, who amount to about twenty.

The annual income of the college is about £ 900.

The following are the gentlemen concerned in inſtruction:

* Rev. John Witherspoon, D. D. preſident, and profeſſor of eloquence, criticiſm, and chronology.

Rev. Samuel Smith, D. D. vice-preſident, and profeſſor of divinity and moral philoſophy.

John Minto, L. L. D. profeſſor of mathematics and natural philoſophy.

Silas Wood, A. M. Robert Finley, A. M. tutors.

Queen's College.

Was inſtituted about the commencement of the late war. Its principal founders were a body from the Reformed Dutch Church. A grammar ſchool is connected with the college, and the number of ſtudents in both are ſaid to be about forty.

The Academies are at, Freehold, in Monmouth county; at Trenton, Hackinſack, Orangedale, in Eſſex county, Elizabeth-Town, Burlington, and Newark——The Grammar Schools, at Springfield, Morriſtown, Bordentown, and Amboy.

Some of the above are pretty well endowed, and ſupplied with able inſtructors.

* *deceaſed.*

MILITIA.

This ſtate contains 4 diviſions, 10 brigades, 80 battalions, 349 companies of infantry, 26 of light infantry, 11 of grenadiers, 21 troops of horſe, and 14 companies of artillery. Aggregate number enrolled 25783; exempts 3294—total 29077.—

Major Generals.

Meſſrs. Dayton, Harris,
Frelinghuyſen, Ellis.

Brigadier Generals.

Meſſrs. Dey, Lawrence,
Cumming, Hunkinſon,
Doughty, Taylor.
Neilſon, Bloomfield,
Beatty, Giles.

Adjutant General, Anthony W. White.

PENNSYLVANIA.

Length, 288 miles; breadth, 156; ſquare miles, 44,900: counties, 21; inhabitants, 434,373.

Brief abſtract from the Conſtitution.

The legiſlative power is adminiſtered by a ſenate and houſe of repreſentatives; the ſupreme executive, by a governor; and the judiciary, by a ſupreme court, courts of oyer and terminer and general gaol delivery by a court of common pleas, an orphan's court, a regiſter's court, and a court of quarter ſeſſions of the peace, for each county, by juſtices of the peace, and ſuch other courts as the legiſlature may eſtabliſh.

The legiſlature and governor are elected by the freemen. Elections are on the ſecond Tueſday in October, and the legiſlature meet on the firſt in December.

The repreſentatives and a fourth part of the ſenators are elected annually. The number of repreſentatives muſt not be leſs than ſixty, nor exceed one hundred; nor of ſenators, leſs than a fourth, nor greater than a third part of the number of repreſentatives. They are reſpectively apportioned among the ſeveral counties and diſtricts agreeably to an enumeration of the taxable inhabitants therein, to be taken every ſeven years and the ſenators are divided by lot into four claſſes, and the ſeats of one claſs vacated every year. Each houſe chooſe their own officers, are judges of their own elections, &c. &c. And both houſes, by joint vote, annually chooſe the ſtate treaſurer. Repreſentatives muſt have attained to the age of twenty one, have been citizens and inhabitants of the ſtate three years previous to their election and the laſt year previous thereto, an inhabitant of the county where elected unleſs abſent on the public buſineſs of the ſtate, or of the United ſtates; ſenators muſt be twenty five, have been citizens and inhabitants, as aforeſaid, four years, and the laſt year previous to their election, of the diſtrict wherein they are elected, unleſs, &c. and electors twenty one, have reſided in the ſtate two years and paid taxes.

The governor is choſen for three years; and is not eligible more than nine years in twelve. He muſt have attained to the age of thirty, and been a citizen and inhabitant of the ſtate ſeven years, (unleſs &c.) In caſe of vacancy the ſpeaker of the ſenate officiates, as governor.

All officers, whoſe appointments are not expreſsly provided for by the conſtitution, or by law, are appointed by the governor. And among thoſe, whoſe appointments are by the conſtitution, to be regu-

lated by law, are militia officers, all officers in the treasury department (the treasurer excepted) attornies at law, election officers, officers relating to taxes, to the poor, to highways, constables and all other township officers.—In the appointment of sheriffs and coroners, two persons are respectively nominated for each office, by the freemen in the several counties, one of whom is appointed by the governor. They serve three years, and sheriffs are not eligible more than three, in six years.—The judges, and justices of the peace hold their offices during good behaviour; and the secretary, (bene se gerente) during the governor's continuance in office.

For the jurisdictions and powers of the several courts the reader is referred to the 5th article of the constitution.

LEGISLATIVE AND EXECUTIVE.

Thomas Mifflin, governor and commander in chief; sal. 5333 dols. 33 cents.

Alexander James Dallas, secretary, salary 1333 dolls. 33 cents.

James Trimble, deputy-secretary, sal. 666 dol. 67 cen.

Anthony Morris, speaker
Timothy Matlack, clerk
—— Morrison, assistant clerk
} of the senate.

George Latimer, speaker
Peter Baynton, clerk
Jacob Shallows, assistant clerk
} of the house of representatives.

comptroller-general, sal. 2133 dolls. 33 cents.

John Donaldson, register-general, salary 1333 dolls. 33 cents.

Christian Febiger, state treasurer, salary 1333 dolls. 33 cents.

David Kennedy, secretary
Francis Johnson, receiver-gen.
Daniel Broadhead, survey. gen.
} of the land office { salary 1333 dols. 33 cents each.

Mathew Irwin, master of rolls.

Wardens of the Port of Philadelphia.

John Maxwell Nesbitt,
Magnus Miller,
Nathaniel Falconer,
Joseph Anthony,
George Ord,
Robert Bethel,
William Allen.

Health-officer, William Allen.
Regiſter of German paſſengers, Lewis Farmer.
Phyſicians, Samuel Duffield, James Meaſe.

Interpreters of Foreign Languages.

Of French and Engliſh, Peter S. Duponceau; Peter Le Barbier Dupleſſis.
Of German and Low Dutch, Charles Eardman.
Of Spaniſh, James P. De Puglier.

JUDICIARY AND CIVIL DEPARTMENTS.

High Court of Errors and Appeals.

Benjamin Chew, preſident.

The judges of the ſupreme court, and the preſidents in the ſeveral circuits of the court of common pleas, complete the Bench.—Edward Burd, clerk.

Supreme Court.

Thomas M'Kean, chief juſtice, ſalary 2666 dollars 66 cents.

Edward Shippen, Jaſper Yates, Thomas Smith, } aſſiſtant judges; ſalary 1600 dollars each.

Jared Ingerſol, attorney-general, ſalary 666 dollars 66 cents.

Edward Burd, prothonotary, and clerk of the courts of oyer and terminer, holden by the judges of this court.

Court of Common Pleas.

For the eſtabliſhment of this court, the ſtate is divided into five circuits. In each circuit is a preſident, who ſits in every county thereof; and, with a ſet of judges reſident in each county, compoſes the court in the counties reſpectively.

Firſt Circuit.

James Biddle, preſident, ſalary 1600 dollars.

Aſſociate Judges.

Philad. county—Jonathan Bayard Smith, William Robinſon.
Charles Biddle, prothonotary, and clerk of the courts of oyer and terminer, holden by the judges of this court.
George Campbell, regiſter. Mathew Irwin, recorder.
Hilary Baker, clerk of the quarter ſeſſions, &c.
William Nichols, clerk of the orphans' court.
William Will, ſheriff. John Leacock, coroner.

Notaries Public.

Peter S. Duponceau, Clement Biddle, Aſheton Humphreys, Peter Lohra, Robert M. Dunkin, John Hallowell.

Associate Judges.	*Prothon. clerks, registers &c.*
Montgom. Delaware, Bucks county.	
Henry Wynkoop	Samuel Benezet, prothonotary, &c.
John Barclay	and clerk of the orphans' court
Ma. Hutchinson	James Hanna, register and recorder
Rich. Backhouse	William Chapman, sheriff
	John Hugh, coroner
	Isaac Hicks, notary public
Hugh Lloyd	William R. Atlee, proth. &c. reg.
Richard Riley	and rec. and clerk of orph. court
Mark Wilcox	Elisha Price, notary public
	James Bernard, sheriff
Robert Lollar	Thomas Craig, prothonotary, &c.
B. Rittenhouse	and clerk of the orphans' court
Benj. Marclay	Henry Kooken, sheriff
	Daniel Levering, coroner.

Second Circuit.

John Joseph Henry, president; salary dolls. 1333. 33.

Lancast. Chester.	
Walter Tinney	William Gibbons, prothonotary, &c.
James Moore	Stephen Moylan, register and recorder
Benj. Jacobs	Joseph M'Clelland, sheriff
Samuel Evans	Aaron Mulgrove, notary public
Robert Coleman	John Hubley, prothonotary &c.
Frederick Kuhn	George Ross, register and recorder
John Whitehill	Joseph Hubley, notary public
Andrew Graff	John Miller, sheriff
	Henry Miller, prothonotary, &c.
Henry Slagle	Jacob Barnitz, register and recorder
Samuel Edie	John Doll, jun. } notaries public
William Scott	John Morris, }
Jacob Rudisell	Godfrey Lenhart, sheriff
	Jacob Lirch, coroner
John Gloningher	Alex. Graydon, prothonotary, &c. and
John Carson	clerk of the orphans' court
John Kean	Jos. Montgomery, register and recorder
	Jacob Wirick, sheriff
	William Graydon, } notaries public
	Anthony Seyfert, }

Third Circuit.

Jacob Rush, president; salary dolls. 1333. 33.

James Diemer	George Eckhart, prothonotary, &c.
Joseph Heister	Jacob Bower, register and recorder
George Ege	John Spayd, notary public
Cadwal. Morris	Philip Kreemer, sheriff

Associate Judges.		*Prothon. clerks, registers &c.*
		William Craig, prothonotary, &c.
		Aaron Arndt, register and recorder
Northampt.	Peter Roads	John Kaſſe, } notaries public
	William Henry	Henry Spering, }
	David Waggoner	Jonas Hartzell, ſheriff
	John Mul	Joſeph Morton, coroner
Northam. Luzerne.	Obadiah Gore	Lord Butler, prothonotary, &c. regiſter, recorder and clerk of the Orphans' court
	Ma. Hollenback	John Franklin, ſheriff
	Nath. Denniſon	Jaſper Ewing, prothonotary, &c.
	Roſewell Wells	Flavel Rowan, ſheriff; and notary public
	Thomas Strawbridge	Joſeph Lorence, coroner.
	John M'Pherſon	
	Samuel Maclay	
	William Wilſon	

Fourth Circuit.

		preſident, ſalary dolls. 1333. 33.
Franklin. Cumberl.	Jonathan Hoge	William Lyon, prothonotary, &c. regiſter, recorder, and clerk of the orphans' court
	James Dunlap	James Wallace, ſheriff
	Samuel Laird	Edward Crawford, prothonotary, &c. regiſter, recorder, and clerk of the orphans' court
	John Jordan	Henry Work, ſheriff
	James M'Dowel	David Eſpy, prothonotary, &c. regiſter, recorder, and clerk of the orphans' court
	James Maxwell	Thomas M'Gaughey, ſheriff
	George Matthews	James Heydon, coroner
	James M'Calmont	Samuel Edmiſton, prothonotary, &c. regiſter, recorder, and clerk of the orphans' court
Bedford.	George Woods	Thomas Wilſon, ſheriff
	James Martin	William Armſtrong, coroner
	Hugh Barclay	Andrew Henderſon, prothonotary, &c. regiſter, recorder, and clerk of the orphans' court
	James Wells	John Galbraith, ſheriff
Miffin.	William Brown	
	Samuel Bryſon	
	Thomas Beale	
Huntingt.	David Stewart	
	Robert Galbraith	
	Benjamin Elliot	
	Hugh Davidſon	

Fifth Circuit.

Alexander Addison, president, salary 1333 dolls. 33 cents.

	Associate Judges.	*Prothon. clerks, registers, &c.*
Westmoreland.	John Baird, William Jack, William Tood, James Barr.	Michael Huffnagle, prothon. &c. James Guthrie, register and rec. Thomas Hamilton, clerk of quarter sessions and orphans' court John Brandon, sheriff Frederick Roher, coroner.
Washington	Henry Taylor, James Edgar, James Allison, Mathew Ritchie	David Redick, prothon. &c. and clerk of the orphans' court James Marshall, register and rec. William Wallace, sheriff.
Fayette.	James Findley, Nathaniel Brading, Edward Cook, Isaac Mason.	Ephriam Douglass, prothon, &c. and clerk of orphans' court Alexander M'Clean, register and rec. Soseph Huston, sheriff Henry Beeson, coroner.
Allegheny.	George Wallace, John Wilkins, John M'Dowell, John Gibson.	James Brison, prothon, &c. and clerk of the orphans' court Samuel Jones, register and recorder, Isaac Craig, notary public, Samuel Evalt, sheriff, Nathaniel Bedford, coroner.

Sessions of the Courts.

The High Court of Errors and Appeals,

At Philadelphia, on the second Mondays in July, annually, and may adjourn from time to time.

The Supreme Court,

At Philadelphia, the first Mondays in January, April and September. The terms continue only fourteen days, except January term, which lasts twenty-one days.

Courts Oyer and Terminer, and Nisi Prius, are generally held once a year, in every county, at such time as the judges appoint.

The Courts of Common Pleas, and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace:

Counties.	*Mondays.*			
Philadelphia,	1 March,	1 June,	3 Septemb.	1 Decemb.
Delaware,	*laſt* Jan.	*laſt* April,	*laſt* July,	*laſt* Octob.
Bucks,	1 February	1 May,	1 Auguſt,	1 Novem.
Montgomery,	2 Feb.	2 May,	2 Auguſt,	2 Novem.
Cheſter,	3 Feb.	3 May,	3 Auguſt,	3 Novem.
Lancaſter,	*laſt* Feb.	*laſt* May,	*laſt* Auguſt,	*laſt* Nov.
York,	1 March,	1 June,	1 Septemb.	1 Decemb.
Dauphin,	2 March,	2 June,	2 Septemb.	2 Decemb.
Berks,	1 January,	1 April,	1 Auguſt.	1 Novem.
Northampton,	2 Jan.	2 April,	2 Auguſt	2 Novem.
Luzerne,	3 Jan.	3 April,	3 Auguſt.	3 Novem.
Northumberland,	4 Jan.	4 April,	4 Auguſt.	4 Novem.
Cumberland,	1 Jan.	1 April,	1 Auguſt	*laſt* Octob.
Mifflin,	2 Jan.	2 April,	2 Auguſt,	1 Novem.
Huntingdon,	3 Jan.	3 April,	3 Auguſt.	2 Novem.
Bedford,	4 Jan.	4 April,	4 Auguſt,	3 Novem.
Franklin, on the	Mon. next following the Bedford courts;			
Alleghany,	1 March,	1 June,	1 Septemb.	1 Decemb.
Weſtmoreland,	2 March,	2 June,	2 Septemb.	2 Decemb.
Fayette,	3 March,	3 June,	3 Septemb.	3 Decemb.
Waſhington,	4 March,	4 June,	4 Septemb.	4 Decemb.

Mayor's Courts are held the third Mondays in March, June, September, and December.

City of Philadelphia.

Mathew Clarkſon, mayor, Alexander Wilcocks, recorder.
William Nichols, clerk of the mayor's court.

MILITIA.

The ſtate contains 9 diviſions, and 23 brigades. The ſix firſt diviſions contain, each, two brigades; the ſeventh and eighth, each, three; and the ninth five. The major and brigadier generals are arranged agreeably to their reſpective diviſions and brigades.

Major Generals.

Walter Stewart — William Irvine
Thomas Craig — William Montgomery
Stephen Moylan — John Patton
Edward Hand — John Gibſon.
Daniel Heiſter

Brigadier-Generals.

Thomas Procter
Jacob Morgan
Francis Murray
James Morris
John Bartholomew
Benjamin Brannan
James Roſs
Henry Miller
Jacob Bower
J. A. Hanna
Thomas Buchanan
James Chambers
——— Brown
William Wilſon
Simon Spalding
John Piper
Benjamin Elliott
John Brattan
William Jack
Henry Taylor
John Minor
Ephraim Douglas
John Wilkins, jun.

Adjutant-General, Joſiah Harmar.

BANK.

The bank of Pennſylvania was incorporated on the 30th day of March, 1793, and is to continue a corporation till the 4th day of March, 1813. There are twenty-five directors, including the preſident; ſix of whom are appointed by the legiſlature, and nineteen by the ſtockholders annually. The election by the ſtockholders is on the firſt Monday in February.—The preſent capital conſiſts of 5000 ſhares, at 400 dollars each, which produce 2,000,000 dollars. The number of ſhares may be increaſed to 7500.

Preſident, John Barclay; *Caſhier,* Jonathan Mifflin.

INCORPORATED COMPANIES.

A ſpirit of enterpriſe and improvement is characteriſtic of the Pennſylvanians. And perhaps it has never appeared more conſpicuous than within theſe three or four years paſt.

Beſides ſeveral legiſlative acts for opening and improving roads and rivers, not leſs than ſeven companies have ſince the year 1790, been inſtituted for the purpoſe of extending inland navigation by locks and canals, of improving roads, by bridges and turnpikes, and of improving agriculture by the cultivation of vines. One of theſe companies was incorporated by the legiſlature on the 10th of April 1793; to wit, *The Conewago Canal Company*, inſtituted for the purpoſe of improving the navigation of the Suſquehannah,

by locks, at Conewago falls. In regard to the others, power was veſted in the governor, at their inſtitution to incorporate them, by letters patent, when a certain proportion of their reſpective capitals ſhould be ſubſcribed.

The ſeveral canal companies beſides the Conewago, are the following, viz. *The Schuylkill and Suſquehannah navigation company*, inſtituted on the 29th September, 1791, for the purpoſe of uniting the waters of Tulpehoccon, Quittapahilla and Swetara. Their capital conſiſts of 1000 ſhares at 400 dollars each, payable at ſuch times as the company ſhall direct. Their election is on the firſt Monday in January.

Preſident, Robert Morris; *Secretary*, Timothy Matlack; *Treaſurer*, Tench Francis.

The Delaware and Schuylkill canal navigation Company, inſtituted on the 10th of April 1792, for the purpoſe of cutting a canal between thoſe rivers, and uniting the waters thereof. Their capital conſiſts of 2000 ſhares at 200 dollars each, payable as the company ſhall direct. They have commenced their operations, and made conſiderable progreſs therein. Their election is on the firſt Monday in January.—*Preſident*, Robert Morris; *Secretary*, William Moore Smith; *Treaſurer*, Tench Francis.

The Brandywine canal navigation company, inſtituted on the 10th of April 1793, (with a capital of 1500 ſhares at 200 dollars each payable as the company may direct) for the purpoſe of improving the navigation of that creek, by canal and locks.

The companies for improving roads, &c. are *The Philadelphia and Lancaſter turnpike company*, inſtituted on the 9th of April 1792, for the purpoſe of conſtructing an artificial road between that city and borough. Their capital conſiſts of 1000 ſhares at 300 dolls. each. They have commenced, and made very conſiderable advancements in their operations.

The Company for building a bridge over the Suſquehannah, (near Wright's ferry) inſtituted, with a capital of 700 ſhares at 150 dollars each, on the 11th of April 1793.

The Company for promoting the cultivation of vines, was inſtituted on the 22d of March, 1793; with a capital of 1000 ſhares at 20 dollars each.

In addition to the preceding companies, there are, in Philadelphia, four inſurance companies.

The Inſurance Company of North America; was inſtituted in 1792, and incorporated in 1794. Their capital conſiſts of 60,000 ſhares at ten dollars each. And their prime object is the enſuring

of veſſels, and other property paſſing by ſea or land.—Ebenezer Hazard, *ſecretary.*

The Inſurance Company of Pennſylvania, was incorporated in 1794, upon ſimilar principles, and for like purpoſes as the preceding.

The Philadelphia contributionſhip, for enſuring houſes from loſs by fire—And,

The mutual inſurance company, whoſe object is nearly the ſame.

LITERARY INSTITUTIONS.

The American Philoſophical Society was treated of, page 89, to which the reader is referred.

The college of Phyſicians of Philadelphia, was inſtituted in 1787, and incorporated in 1789. The deſign of the inſtitution is the extention of medical knowledge, and the promotion of uniformity in the practice of phyſic. Stated meetings are held on the firſt Tueſday of every month.

Preſident, John Redman; *Vice preſident*, William Shippen.

There is alſo a *medical* ſociety, eſtabliſhed on nearly the ſame principles, of which Doctor William Shippen is preſident.

Univerſity of Pennſylvania.

The ſeminary known by this appellation was formed by the union of two literary inſtitutions, which had previouſly exiſted a conſiderable time in Philadelphia; one deſignated by the above name; the other by that of the college, academy and charitable ſchools of Philadelphia; their union took place, by an act of the legiſlature, in 1791. In conſequence of which they now conſtitute a very reſpectable ſeminary.

The library, though not as complete as that of Cambridge, is, however, reſpectable. And the Philoſophical apparatus, which was before very complete, has been lately increaſed to the value of ſeveral hundred pounds. The ſeminary is now under the management of a board of truſtees, conſiſting of twenty-four members; of whom the governor of the ſtate is, ex officio, preſident. The funds of the Univerſity produce annually, a revenue of about £2364.

The aggregate number of ſtudents, in the ſeveral ſchools, is, on an average, 510. And the number uſually admitted to degrees in each year twenty-five,

The Profeſſors and Inſtructors follow:

The Rev. JOHN EWING, D. D. provoſt, and profeſſor of natural philoſophy.

The Rev. John Andrews, D. D. vice provoſt, and profeſſor of moral philoſophy.

James Davidſon, A. M. profeſſor of the Latin and Greek languages;

Robert Patterſon, A. M profeſſor of mathematics.

William Rogers, D. D profeſſor of the Engliſh language, and Belles lettres.

Henry Helmuth, D. D. profeſſor of the German language.

William Shippen, M. D. profeſſor of anatomy, ſurgery, and midwifery.

Adam Kuhn, M. D. profeſſor of the practice of phyſic.

Benjamin Ruſh, M. D. profeſſor of inſtitutes, and of clinical medicine.

John Carſon, M. D. profeſſor of chymiſtry.

Caſper Wiſtar, M. D. adjunct profeſſor of anatomy, &c.

Samuel P. Griffitts, M. D. profeſſor of materia medica.

Benjamin S. Barton, M. D. profeſſor of botany and natural hiſtory.

James Wilſon, L. L D. profeſſor of law.

Samuel Jones, A. B.
Adam Boyd, A. B.
George Lochman, A. M. } aſſiſtants to the Latin and Greek profeſſors.

Samuel G. Clendenin, } aſſiſtants to the mathematical profeſſors.
Daniel Jodon,

Chriſtian F. L. Endreſs,
John Patterſon, A. B. } aſſiſtants to the Engliſh profeſſors.

James Ramſey, for the boys, } teachers of the charitable
Mary Robinſon, for the girls. } ſchools.

Dickinſon College, at Carliſle.

This was founded in the year 1783. It is a flouriſhing inſtitution, having the uſual number of about eighty reſident ſtudents. It has a philoſophical apparatus, and a library conſiſting of nearly 3000 vols. Its funds conſiſt chiefly of land and funded certificates; of the former to the amount of 10,000 acres, of the latter, £4000.

The Inſtructors are,

The Rev. CHARLES NESBITT. D. D. profeſſor of divinity.

Robert Davidſon, D. D. profeſſor of natural philoſophy.

James M'Cormack, profeſſor of mathematics.

Davis, teacher of languages.

Beſides the preceding inſtitutions there are ſeveral excellent academies, in different parts of the ſtate; among which may be reckoned the Friends academy in Philadelphia; the Moravian ſchools at Bethlehem and Nazareth; the Young Ladies Academy in Philadelphia, of which Mr. John Poor is principal; the Epiſcopal academy at York town; and the academies of Germantown, Allenſtown, Pittſburgh, and Waſhington.

The Philadelphia library may properly be ranked among the literary inſtitutions of the ſtate. It is indeed a moſt valuable one, and eſtabliſhed upon the moſt liberal principles. It contains about 12,000 volumes, and is open every day in the week, Sundays excepted. Any perſon who has a taſte for reading may here indulge it to great advantage; and any one, wiſhing it, may receive books out of the library by leaving a depoſit, as a ſecurity for the return, and paying a moderate tax for the loan of it.

The proprietors amount to ſeveral hundred, are incorporated and pay annually 10ſ each, for the purpoſe of making additions and defraying expenſes.

A Muſeum is attached to the Library.

Librarian, Zachariah Poulſon.

Peale's Museum.

At the Philoſophical Hall in Fifth-ſtreet, Philadelphia, contains, perhaps, the moſt valuable collection of the ſubjects of natural hiſtory to be met with in this country. It is juſtly conſidered as an important acquiſition to ſcience, and the arts; and its utility is conſtantly becoming more and more extenſive, from the frequent additions, which the indefatigable efforts and perſeverance of the proprietor (Mr. Peale) is continually making.—He anticipates the idea, that it will, ere long, become a great ſource of national information; and that the riſing generation will reap peculiar benefits from its inſtitution.

He has generouſly pledged himſelf, that the ſubjects of his Muſeum ſhall not be diſpoſed of without the conſent of a number of gentlemen, who, by his own invitation, are formed into a ſociety for viſiting and inſpecting it.

Humane and other Societies.

It will not comport with the limits of the Regiſter to be particular in reſpect to the various inſtitutions, which come under this denomination.

The recital of them and the ſeveral objects to be obtained from their eſtabliſhment muſt therefore, in moſt caſes, ſuffice.

The Pennſylvania Hoſpital is a moſt uſeful, as well as humane inſtitution. The deſign of it was firſt conceived by Doctor Thomas Bond, about 40 years ago. And in the year 1756 a part of the preſent buildings were erected. And from that time till May 1793, 8608 patients have been admitted into it; of whom, 5435 have been cured; and 925 relieved

It has now a capital of £17,065. And its object is the relief of the indigent, labouring under maladies, either of body or mind.

The Philadelphia Diſpenſary was eſtabliſhed in 1786, for the purpoſe of affording medical relief to the indigent ſick. Upwards of eleven thouſand patients have been already admitted into it.

The Humane Society for the purpoſe of recovering perſons apparently dead from drowning, &c. was inſtituted in 1780.

The Houſe of Employment, (or, as it is more uſually denominated, *The Bettering Houſe*) is a humane inſtitution for the relief and employment of ſuch perſons as are able to labour, but cannot, or will not, find employment.

The Friends Alms Houſe is an inſtitution ſomewhat, though not in all reſpects, ſimilar to the laſt, for the uſe of that ſociety.

The Abolition Society was inſtituted in 1774, and enlarged in 1787. Its ſpecific object is the emancipation of the African race; and their efforts have, hitherto, been very ſucceſsful in behalf of that people.

The Philadelphia Society for promoting Agriculture was inſtituted in 1785, and has been productive of conſiderable improvements in the art.

The remaining ſocieties are. *St. Andrew's, St. George's, The German Incorporated, The Hibernian, The Philadelphia, for the information and aſſiſtance of perſons emigrating from foreign countries, and French Benevolent Societies; The French Patriotic. German Republican, and Democratic Societies;* and *The Shipmaſters, The Franklin,* Caledonian, Union, Friendly & Provident Societies.*

* Conſiſting of Printers, *and named in honour of Dr. Franklin.*

LODGES,

In the City of Philadelphia.

GRAND LODGE, Jonathan Bayard Smith, Grand Maſter,
John Carſon, M. D Deputy Grand Maſter,
John M'Cree, Sen. Grand Warden,
Edward Fox, Jun. Grand Warden,
Peter Le Barbier Duplеſſis, Grand Secretary,
Gavin Hamilton, Grand Treaſurer,
Rev John Andrews, D. D Grand Chaplain,
Thomas Procter, Grand Marſhal,
William Williams, G. S. B.
Jacob Benſon, D. G S.
Walter Corey, Grand Purſuivant,

Meetings on the first Monday in March, June, September and December; on St. John the Baptist's, and Saint John the Evangelist's days.

Subordinate to the Grand Lodge, in the City of Philadelphia.

Lodges	No.	*Masters.*	*Semi monthly meetings.*
	2	Jacob Bankson,	2d and 4th Mondays,
	3	John M'Cree,	1st and 3d Tuesdays,
	9	James Edgers,	1st and 3d Fridays,
	19	Thomas Procter,	1st and 3d Thursdays,
	51	Samuel Pencoast,	2d and 4th ditto,
Harmony	52	Cadwal. Griffiths,	2d and 4th Saturdays,
St. Louis	53	P L B. du Plessis,	2d and 4th Wednesd.
Washington	59	Edward Scott,	

COUNTRY LODGES.

Lodges.	*Situation.*	*Lodges*	*Situation.*	*Lodges.*	*Situation.*
5	Cantwell Br.	26	Carlisle.	50	W Horse, *C. c.*
8	Norriston.	3	Norristown *Phl.c.*	54	Washington,
11	London Gro.	33	Christiana Br.	55	Huntingdon,
12	Winchest *Virg.*	41	Portsmouth *Virg.*	56	Carlisle,
14	Wilmington, *Del.*	43	Lancaster,	57	Newton,
18	Dover,	44	Duckcreek,	58	Army of United S.
18	British 17 R.	45	Pittsburg	60	Brownsville,
21	Lower Paxton	46	Churchtown,		*Fayette county.*
22	Sunbury,	47	Port au Prince		
25	Bristol	48	Bedford,		

There is besides a Chapter of Royal Arch, which meets on every first Saturday in March, June, September, and December; and a Sublime Lodge of Perfection, which meets every 1st and 3d Wednesdays.

DELAWARE.

Length, 92 miles; breadth, 24; square miles, 2000; counties, 3; hundreds, —; inhabitants, 59,094.

Brief abstract from the Constitution.

The constitutions of Delaware and Pennsylvania being very similar, it will be easier, as we have given an abstract from the latter, to note the variations between the two, than to attempt a particular detail of the former.

The principal variations, with regard to the legislatures, respect their qualifications, the time of their election and meeting, and the classing of the senators. A representative must, in Delaware, be twenty-four years of age, have a freehold in the county, and have been three years a citizen and inhabitant of the state, and the last year, previous to his election, of the county wherein he is chosen, unless he may have been absent on the public business of the state, or of the United States. The number is at present twenty-one, being seven in each county. A senator must be twenty-seven years of age, have a freehold within the county, in 200 acres of land, or real and personal estate to the value of £1000, and have been a citizen and inhabitant, as in case of a representative. The present number is nine; three in a county. They are divided into three classes, and the seats of one class vacated every year. Electors are required to have the same qualifications as in Pennsylvania. And elections are on the first Tuesday in October, and the meeting of the legislature, on the first in January.

The governor, secretary, treasurer, sheriffs, and coronors, are appointed in the same manner, for the same time, and with the same limitation with regard to their re-appointment, as in Pennsylvania; excepting that the governor is not eligible more than three in six years. He is required to be thirty years of age, to have been a citizen and inhabitant of the United States twelve years; and of this state seven, previous to his administration: (unless &c.) He has the appointment of officers, as the governor of Pennsylvania has; and the class of inferior officers, whose appointments are there, are here, by the constitution, dependent on the laws. The speaker of the senate (and in default of him, the speaker of the house of representatives) officiates as governor, in case of vacancy. In addition to the legal tribunals established by the constitution of Pennsylvania, that of Delaware recognizes a court of chancery. The chancellor, and judges of the supreme court, and court of common pleas, hold their offices during good behaviour; and justices of the peace, *bene se gerentibus*, seven years Mem-

bers of either branch of the legiſlature, the chancellor, judges of the ſupreme court and common pleas, and the attorney general, are, ex officiis, conſervators of the peace through the ſtate; and the treaſurer, ſecretary, clerks of the ſupreme court, prothonotaries, regiſters, recorders, ſheriffs, and coroners, in the counties in which they reſpectively reſide.

EXECUTIVE AND LEGISLATIVE.

Joshua Clayton, governor, and commander in chief; ſalary, 1333 1-3 dollars.

James Booth, ſecretary; ſalary, 400.

Daniel Rogers, ſpeaker
James Buttell, clerk } of the ſenate.
Robert Clark, treaſurer.

Thomas Montgomery, auditor of accounts; ſalary, 300.

JUDICIARY.

High Court of Errors and Appeals.

This court is compoſed of the chancellor, and the judges of the ſupreme court and court of common pleas; any four of whom is a quorum.

Court of Chancery.

William Killen, chancellor; ſalary, 800.

The prothonotaries in the ſeveral counties, are alſo regiſters in chancery.

Supreme Court.

George Read, chief juſtice: ſalary, 1000.

John Clayton,
Peter Robinſon, } puiſne juſtices: ſalaries, 500 each.

Nicholas Ridgely, attorney-general.

Common Pleas.*

Richard Baſſett, chief juſtice; ſalary 1000.

Thomas M'Donough,
Daniel Rodney, } puiſne juſtices; each 400 dolls.

New-Caſtle County.

John Stockton, clerk of the ſupreme court,
Gunning Bedford, prothonotary of the court of common pleas, and clerk of quarter ſeſſions,
Daniel J. Adams, ſheriff,
James Booth, regiſter of wills, &c
David Finney, clerk of orphans' court.

* *The juriſdiction of this court extends through the ſtate.*

Kent County.

Jacob Jones, clerk of the ſupreme court,
Joſeph Hale, prothonotary,
George Cummins, ſheriff,
Francis Many, regiſter, &c.
Joſeph Harpur, clerk of quarter ſeſſions,
Sipple Wharton, do. of orphans' court.

Suſſex County.

George Hazzard, clerk of the ſupreme court,
Nathaniel Mitchell, prothonotary,
Thomas Laws, ſheriff,
Phillips Kollock, regiſter, &c.
Joſeph Hall, clerk of quarter of ſeſſions,
Kendal Balſton, clerk of orphans' court.

COURT SESSIONS.

High Court of Errors and Appeals,

At Dover, on the 1ſt. Tueſday in Auguſt annually.

Supreme Court,

In New Caſtle, county on the 2d.—In Kent county on the 4th;—And in Suſſex county, on the 2d. after the 4th. Tueſdays in April and October.

Common Pleas,

In Suſſex county on the 2d. Tueſdays after the reſpective terms of the ſupreme court commence in ſaid county;—in Kent county, on the 2d. Tueſdays after the commencement of the common pleas terms in Suſſex;—and in New-Caſtle, on the 2d. Tueſdays after the commencement of ſaid terms in Kent.

There is only one ſet of judges; and they ſit in every county, in the ſame manner as the judges of the ſupreme court do.

Court of Chancery.

In each county, on the Tueſdays immediately ſucceeding thoſe whereon the common pleas are reſpectively held.

MILITIA.

This ſtate completes one diviſion, which contains three brigades; each county being one. And each brigade contains three regiments.

General Officers.

Major general, Thomas Robinſon.

Brigadiers, { Gunning Bedford, jun. / Richard Baſſet, / Peter Robinſon,

Adjutant general, Daniel Jenifer Adams.

MARYLAND.

Length, 134 miles; breadth, 110; containing 19 counties, 11 of which are on the *weſtern*, and 8 on the *eaſtern* ſhore of Cheſapeak Bay; and 319,728 inhabitants.

Brief abſtract from the Conſtitution.

The legiſlative power is adminiſtered by a ſenate, and houſe of delegates; and the ſupreme executive, by a governor and an executive council.

The ſenate is not elected immediately by the people, as is the houſe of delegates; but mediately by electors choſen by the people, each county chooſing two, and Annapolis and Baltimore, each, one. It conſiſts of fifteen members, nine from the Weſtern, and ſix from the Eaſtern ſhore; who are choſen (as are their electors) every fifth year.

The houſe of delegates is elected annually; to wit, on the firſt Monday in October, and is compoſed of four members from each county, two from the city of Annapolis, and two from the town of Baltimore. They meet on the 1ſt Monday in November.

The governor, and council, (conſiſting of five members) are elected by the legiſlature on the ſecond Monday in November annually. The governor preſides in council, ex officio, and has a caſting vote; and in caſe of vacancy, the oldeſt counſellor acts as governor, but muſt forthwith convene the legiſlature for a new election.

It is required, that the governor, at the time of his election, be above twenty-five years of age, have reſided more than five years in the ſtate, be worth above five thouſand pounds, and that the ſame perſon, be ineligible more than three, in ſeven years; that the ſenators and counſellors be above twenty-five years old, have reſided in the ſtate above three years, and that the latter be freeholders of lands and tenements to the value of above a thouſand pounds, and the former worth above a thouſand pounds real and perſonal eſtate; that the delegates and electors of ſenators be above twenty one years of age, have reſided more than a year in their reſpective counties, and be worth above five hundred pounds; and that voters for delegates, &c. be above twenty-one, have freeholds in 50 acres of land in the county where they vote and reſide therein, or that they have property in the ſtate to the amount of thirty pounds, and have reſided in the county one year.

The governor, with the council, has the appointment of the chancellor, judges and juſtices, the attorney general, and regiſters of the land office; who, with the clerks of the general and county courts, and regiſters of wills continue in office during good behaviour; alſo of ſurveyors, of militia, and all civil officers except aſſeſſors, conſtables, and overſeers of roads.

The treaſurers, auditors, and loan officers are appointed by the houſe of delegates, during their pleaſure. Regiſters of wills are recommended by the legiſlature and commiſſioned by the governor. And the clerks of the ſeveral courts are appointed by the reſpective judges thereof.

In the election of ſheriffs, two perſons are balloted for in each county, and the one having a majority of votes (or both being equal, either at his diſcretion) is commiſſioned by the governor. They are appointed for three years, after the expiration of which they are ineligible for four years; muſt reſide in the county, and be worth above a thouſand pounds.

All civil officers appointed by the governor, and not holding their offices during good behaviour, are appointed annually.

OFFICERS OF GOVERNMENT.

THOMAS SIM LEE, governor.

Counſellors.

William Pinckney,
Chriſtopher Richmond,
Henry Ridgely,
James Brice,
John Davidſon.

Thomas Harwood, treaſurer.

Court of Chancery.

Alexander C. Hanſon, chancellor.
Samuel Howard, regiſter in chancery.

General Court.

Samuel Chaſe,
Robert Goldſbury,
Jeremiah T. Chaſe.
} judges.

Court of Appeals.

Benjamin Rumsey,
Thomas Jous,
Benjamin Mackall, } judges

Luther Martin, attorney-general.

SESSIONS of the COURTS.

General Courts are held, for the Western shore, at Annapolis, on the second Tuesdays in May and October—For the Eastern-shore, at Talbot court-house, on the second Tuesdays in April and September.

Courts of Appeals are held at Annapolis, the first Tuesdays in May and October.

Chancery Courts are held, at Annapolis, the second Tuesday in February, third in May and October, and second in December.

MILITIA.

We cannot learn that the requisitions and arrangements made in the militia act, passed May 8, 1792, have as yet been carried into effect in this state.

LITERARY INSTITUTIONS.

UNIVERSITY OF MARYLAND.

This is composed of two colleges—Washington College at Chestertown, in Kent county, instituted in 1782—It is under the management of twenty-four visiters, or governors, and may hold estates, whose yearly value does not exceed £6000 currency:—By a law enacted in 1787, a permanent fund was granted to this institution, of £1250, out of the monies arising from marriage licences, fines, and forfeitures, on the Eastern-shore:

ST. JOHN'S is the other college in this institution; situated at Annapolis, was instituted in 1784, has also twenty four trustees, who have power to hold, as a corporation, estates of £ 9000 annual income. A permanent fund is assigned this college, of £ 1750 a year out of the monies arising from marriage licences, ordinary licences, fines and forfeitures on the Western shore. The governor of the state, for the time being, is chancellor, and the

president of one of them; vice-chancellor, either by seniority or election, as may be hereafter determined. The chancellor is empowered to call a meeting of the trustees, or a representation of seven of them and two of the members of the faculty of each, (the principal or president being one:) which meeting is styled, "The convocation of the University of Maryland." They are to frame laws, preserve uniformity of manners, and instruction in the two colleges, &c.

Presidents, John M Dowell, Colin Ferguson.
Professors, Rev. Mr. Higginbottom, Rev. Mr. M'Grath.

The Roman Catholics have also a college at Georgetown.
President, Mr. Plunket.

In 1785 the Methodists instituted a college at Abington in Hartford county, called Cokesbury.

Washington Academy, in Somerset county, was instituted in 1779. It is managed by fifteen trustees; and may receive gifts and legacies, and hold lands to the amount of 2000 acres.

BANK OF MARYLAND.
Capital, 300,000 dollars.
President, Samuel Patterson.
Cashier, Ebenezer Mackie.

VIRGINIA.

Length, 446 miles; breadth, 224; ſquare miles, 70,000; inhabitants, 747,610; counties, 82. The counties are as follows:

Weſt of the Blue Ridge, 15.

Ohio,	Waſhington,	Frederick,
Moncngalia,	Greenbrier,	Shenandoah,
Montgomery,	Kanawa,	Rockingham,
Wythe,	Hampſhire,	Auguſta,
Botetort,	Berkley,	Rockbridge.

Between the Blue Ridge and Tide Water, 24.

Loudoun,	Albemarle,	Prince Edward,
Fauquier,	Amherſt,	Cumberland,
Culpepper,	Buckingham,	Powhatan,
Spotſylvania,	Bedford,	Amelia,
Orange,	Henry,	Nottaway,
Louiſa,	Pittſylvania,	Luneeburg,
Goochland,	Halifax,	Mecklenburg,
Flavania,	Charlotte,	Brunſwick.

Between James River and Carolina, 11.

Greenſville,	Surry,	Nanſemond,
Dinwiddie,	Suſſex,	Norfolk,
Cheſterfield,	Southampton,	Princeſs Ann
Prince George,	Iſle of Wight,	

Between James and York Rivers, 9.

Hanover,	Henrico,	James City,
New Kent,	Williamſburg,	Warwick,
Charles City,	York,	Elizabeth City.

Between York and Rappahannoc Rivers, 6.

Caroline,	King William,	Middleſex,
King and Queen,	Eſſex,	Glouceſter,

Between Rappahannoc and Potomac Rivers, 8.

Fairfax,	King George,	Northumberland,
Prince William,	Richmond,	Lancaſter.
Stafford,	Weſtmoreland,	

Eaſtern Shore, 2.

Accomac,	Northampton,

New Counties, 7.

Campbell,	Randolph,	Pendleton,
Franklin,	Hardy,	Ruſſel,
Harriſon,		

Brief Abſtract from the Conſtitution.

IN Virginia the ſupreme executive magiſtrate, or governor, the privy council, judges of the ſuperior courts, auditors, attorney-general, treaſurer, regiſter of the land office, and generals of the militia, are appointed by the legiſlature; juſtices of the peace are recommended by the county courts, and military officers, other than generals, by the county and corporation courts, and commiſſioned by the executive; clerks of the courts, ſheriffs and coroners are appointed by the reſpective courts, the two latter to be approved by the executive; and conſtables, by the juſtices.

The legiſlature conſiſts of a ſenate and houſe of delegates; the ſenate, of twenty-four members, who are divided into four claſſes, and the ſeats of one claſs vacated every year; the houſe of delegates, of two members from each county, one from each of the cities of Richmond and Williamſburg, and one from the borough of Norfolk; who, with one claſs of the ſenate, are elected annually. Senators are required to be twenty-five years of age; and both ſenators and delegates to be freeholders, reſident, at the time of their election, in the county or diſtrict for which they are reſpectively choſen; and to be elected by freeholders, ſeized of one hundred acres of uninhabited land, or of twenty-five acres with a houſe, or of a houſe or lot in ſome town.

The governor is elected annually, and is ineligible more than three, in ſeven years.—The privy council, or council of ſtate, conſiſts of eight members; and may be elected either from the legiſlature, or the citizens at large. Two members are, once every three years removed, and their places ſupplied, by the joint ballot of both houſes; and the perſons ſo removed are ineligible during the next three years. The eldeſt counſellor is, ex officio lieutenant governor.

The judges of the ſuperior courts hold their offices during behaviour. The treaſurer is elected annually.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

John Pride, ſpeaker } of the ſenate.
Humphrey Brooke, clerk }

Thomas Matthews, speaker
Charles Hay, clerk } of the house of delega

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,

HENRY LEE, governor; salary, £ 800.

Counsellors.

James Wood, lieut. gov.
Robert Goode,
Hardin Burnley,
Edmund B. Harrison,
John Dawson,
John Steel,
Carter Baxter,
Larkin Smith.

Salary, £ 280, each.

Archibald Blair, clerk
Samuel Coleman, assistant clerk } to the council.

Jaquelin Ambler, treasurer; £600.

Charles Lewis, register of the land office; £450, for himself and clerks.

JUDICIARY DEPARTMENT.

Court of Appeals.

Edmund Pendleton, chief justice of the state; £300.

Peter Lyons,
Paul Carrington,
William Fleming,
Henry Tazewell,
} justices; £300 each.

John Brown, clerk.

High Court of Chancery.

George Wythe, chancellor; £300.
William Hay, master in chancery.
Peter Tinsley, clerk in chancery.

General Court,

Joseph Prentis, chief judge.
St. George Tucker,
Richard Parker,
Edmund Winston,
James Henry,
John Tyler,
Joseph Jones,
Spencer Roane,
William Nelson,
Robert White,

Salary, £300, each.

John Brown, clerk.

James Innes, attorney-general; £250.
John Pendleton, auditor and solicitor; £300.

Sessions of the Courts.

The superior courts are held at Richmond as follows: viz.

The court of appeals, on the 10th of April and September, without limitation.

The high court of chancery, on the 1st of March, 12th of May and 10th of September; sitting in May and September, twenty-four juridical days; and in March eighteen, unless the business be sooner completed.

The general court, on the 9th of June and November; sitting sixteen days.

Quarterly Courts.

In Montgomery, Washington and Withe, are held in April, June, September and November; Westmoreland, in February, July and October; Cumberland and Henry, in February, April, July and October; Frederick, Fairfax, King George, Loudon, Northampton, Nansemond, Norfolk, Stafford and Spotsylvania, in June; Hampshire, in March, May, September and November; and in Pendleton, in December.

District Court.

In the city of Richmond, at Northumberland courthouse, at Staunton and at Prince Edward court house, respectively, on the 1st of April and of September.

In the city of Williamsburg, at Fredericksburg and at Brunswick court-house, on the 29th of April and of September.

At King and Queen court-house, at Charlotteiville, at Petersburg and at New-London, on the 15th of April and of September.

At Winchester, on the 15th of April & 1st of September.

At Dumfries and Suffolk, on the 12th of May & of October.

At Monongalia court-house, on the 3d of May and 20th of September.

At Washington court-house, on the 2d of May & of October.

At Accomack court-house, on the 14th of May & of October.

At Lewisburg, in Greenbrier and Botetoutt, alternately, on the 18th of May and of October; each court sitting, if business require, twelve days.

N. B. The judges of the district, compose the general court.

County courts are held monthly in the ſeveral counties, and as follows, viz.

Charlotte,
Gloucester,
Henrico,
Iſle of Wight,
Ohio,

Buckingham,
James City,
King and Queen,
Louiſa,
Matthews,
Mecklenburg,

Amherſt,
Culpepper,
Dinwiddie,
Eſſex,
Fairfax,

Bedford,
Brunſwick,
Buckingham,
Cumberland,
Fauquier,
Halifax,

Henry.

Frederick,
Montgomery,

Northampton,
Prince George,

Auguſta,
Berkley,

Ruſſel,

Accomack,
Greenbrier,

Firſt Monday.

Prince William,
Peterſburg,
Princeſs Anne,
Richmond, and the city of Williamſburg:

Second Monday.

Monongalia,
Nanſemond,
Northumberland,
Patrick,
Stafford,
and city of Richmond.

Third Monday.

Goochland,
Harriſon,
Lancaſter,
Prince Edward,
York.

Fourth Monday.

King William,
Loudon,
Middleſex,
Borough of Norfolk,
Orange.

Laſt Monday.

Firſt Tueſday.

Rockbridge.

Second Tueſday.

Wythe.

Third Tueſday.

Waſhington.

Fourth Tueſday,

Surry,

Laſt Tueſday,

Pittſylvania,
Weſtmoreland,

First Thursday.

Flavannah,
Hanover,
King George.
Nottaway,
Suſſex.

Second Thurſday.

Albermarle,
Botetourt.
Caroline,
Cheſterfield,
Lunenburg,
New Kent,
Southampton,
Warwick.

Third Thurſday.

Charles City,
Powhatan,
Spotſylvania,

Fourth Thurſday.

Amelia,
Elizabeth City.

Laſt Thurſday.

Shenandoah.

Monday after firſt Tueſday.

Hardy.

MILITIA.

The militia of this ſtate compoſes four diviſions, and ſeventeen brigades. The general officers are as follows:

Major Generals.

Samuel Hopkins,
John Clark,
Daniel Morgan,
Henry Lee.

Brigadier-Generals.

Joſeph Martin,
George Carrington,
Joſeph Jones,
Everard Meade,
S. T. Maſon,
John Blackwell,
J. Guerrant,
James Williams,
William Dark,
John Bower,
Benjamin Biggs,
Iſaac Zane,
William Tate,
Thomas Matthews,
John Marſhall,
James A. Bradley,
Henry Young.

Simon Morgan, adjutant-general.

Literary Institutions.

There are two colleges and a number of respectable academies in Virginia.

William and Mary University

Was founded during the reign of the sovereigns of England from whom it derives its name. We can say little as to its endowments and accommodations.—It was originally under the superintendancy of 20 visitors; and has been an institution of considerable note.

Right Rev. James Madison, D. D. president.

Hampden-Sydney College

Is situate in Prince Edward county. It was formerly only an academy; but has of late been erected into a college. There are said to be at present, between thirty and forty students resident at it. It is under the care of 27 trustees; but being without public funds, it has not been conducted on a very extensive scale. There have been, however, a number of useful public characters educated there, who appear with respectability in the different learned professions, and in the legislature of their country.

Rev. Drury Lacy, A. M. vice-president.

There is also an incorporated Academy, called Liberty-Hall, situated in Rockbridge county, at present under the direction of the Rev. William Graham, A. M. and —— Trustees. It has been remarkable for furnishing a supply of preachers to the southern churches.

There are also Academies at Alexandria, Fredericksburg, the Bowling-Green, in Caroline county, Hanover and Norfolk.

KENTUCKY.

Length, 250 miles; breadth, 200; counties 9; inhabitants, 73,677.

The counties are the following:

Jefferson,	Mercer,	Lincoln,
Fayette,	Nelson,	Woodford,
Bourbon,	Madison,	Mason.

Brief Abstract from the Constitution.

This constitution was formed and adopted in 1792. Agreeably to which, the governor and senate are chosen by electors; the house of representatives and electors, by the people. The former are chosen once in four years, and the house of representatives, annually. The number of representatives cannot exceed 100, nor be less than 40; and the senate at first consisting of eleven, is to increase with the house of representatives, in the ratio of one to four. The annual convention of the legislature is on the first Monday in November.—The constitutional qualifications of candidates for offices, or of voters appear to be such only as are necessary to mature the mental faculties, and to secure an attachment to the state. Of candidates for the office of governor, it is required that they have attained to the age of thirty; to that of senator, twenty-seven; of representative, twenty-four; and that they have been, in either case, inhabitants of the state, two years. Of voters, it is required that they be twenty-one years old, and have been inhabitants of the state, two years, or of the county in which they vote, one year.

The judiciary power is vested in a court of appeals, and such subordinate courts as the legislature may establish. The judges continue in office during good behaviour; and are appointed, as are most *executive* officers, by the governor with advice of the senate.

The speaker of the senate officiates as governor, in case of vacancy.

EXECUTIVE.

ISAAC SHELBY, Governor.

Senators.

Alexander S. Bullett, speaker of the senate.

John Campbell,	Robert Todd,
John Caldwell,	Robert Johnston,
Robert Mosley,	Peyton Short,
James Knox,	Benj. Harrison,
Thomas Kennedy,	Thomas Waring.

Buckner Thruston, clerk of the senate.

Robert Breckenridge, ſpeaker of the houſe of repreſentatives.
Thomas Todd, clerk of the houſe of repreſentatives.
James Brown, ſecretary of the ſtate.
John Logan, treaſurer; William M'Dowell, jun. auditor.
Baker Ewing, regiſter of the land office.

JUDICIARY.

Judges of the court of Appeals.

George Muter, Benjamin Sabaſtian, Caleb Wallace.

Judges of the court of Oyer and Terminer.

Samuel M'Dowell, John Coburn, John Allen.

MILITIA.

Major Generals—Charles Scott, Benjamin Logan.
Brigadier Generals—Robert Todd, Benjamin Harriſon,
Thomas Kennedy, Robert Breckenridge.
Pierce Butler, Adjutant-general.

NORTH-CAROLINA.

Length, 300 miles; breadth, 120; Square miles, 34,000; diſtricts, 8; counties, 58; inhabitants, 393,751.

The diſtricts and counties are as follows.

Edenton diſtrict; chief town, Edenton, inhabitants 53,770.

Chowan,	Paſquotank,	Hertford,
Currituck,	Perquimins,	Bertie,
Camden,	Gates,	Tyrrel.

Wilmington diſtrict; chief town, Wilmington; inhabitants 26,350.

N. Hanover,	Duplin,	Onſlow.
Brunſwick,	Bladen,	

Newbern diſtrict; chief town, Newbern; inhabitants, 55,548.

Craven,	Pitt,	Lenoir,
Beaufort,	Wayne,	Jones,
Carteret,	Hyde,	Glaſgow.
Johnſton,		

Halifax diſtrict chief town, Halifax; inhabitants, 64,630.

Halifax,	Edgecomb,	Franklin,
Northampton,	Warren,	Naſh.
Martin,		

Hillsborough diſtrict; chief town, Hillsborough; inhabitants, 59,983.

Orange,	Caſwell,	Randolph,
Chatham,	Wake,	Perſon.
Granville,		

Salisbury diſtrict; chief town, Salisbury; inhabitants, 66,480.

Rowan,	Iredell,	Stokes,
Mecklenburg,	Surry,	Guilford,
Rockingham,	Montgomery,	Cabarrus.

Morgan diſtrict; chief town, Morganton; inhabitants, 33,293.

Burke,	Lincoln,	Buncomb.
Ruthf.rd,	Wilks,	

Fayette diſtrict; chief town, Fayetteville; inhabitants, 34,020.

Cumberland,	Richmond,	Sampſon,
Moore,	Robiſon,	Anſon.

Brief Abſtract from the Conſtitution.

The moſt numerous branch of the legiſlature is, in this ſtate, ſtyled, the Houſe of Commons: the other branch, the Senate. Both are elected annually; and in their election, each county chooſes one ſenator, and two commoners; and each of the towns of Edenton, Newbern, Wilmington, Salisbury, Hillſborough, Halifax, and Fayetteville, one commoner.

To be eligible as ſenator a year's reſidence in the county, and, during that time, a fee ſimple therein, in 300 acres of land, are required; as commoner, like reſidence, and, during ſix months, a fee ſimple, or freehold eſtate in one hundred acres of land. To be qualified to vote for ſenators, reſidence as aforeſaid, full age, and freehold eſtate in fifty acres of land are required; for commoners, the two former qualifications and having paid taxes, or a freehold and year's reſidence in ſome town having a right to particular repreſentation, and having paid taxes.

The governor is choſen by the legiſlature annually, and is ineligible more than three in ſix years. He is required to be above thirty years of age, to have reſided in the ſtate more than five years, and to have freehold eſtate exceeding the value of £1000. He is ſtyled, captain general, &c.

The ſpeaker of the Senate (and in default of him, the ſpeaker of the Houſe of Commons) acts as governor, in caſe of vacancy by death, &c.

A council of ſtate, compoſed of ſeven members, is alſo annually appointed by the legiſlature. Their buſineſs is to adviſe the governor in the execution of his office. Four form a quorum.

The legiſlature appoint the judges and attorney general, and recommend the juſtices of the peace, who are reſpectively commiſſioned by the governor, and continue in office during good behaviour; they alſo appoint the ſecretary, triennially; the treaſurer, annually; and general and field officers of the militia, during pleaſure.

And when any office, the appointment to which belongs to the legiſlature, becomes vacant during their receſs, the governor grants a temporary commiſſion which expires at the end of the next ſeſſion.

The city of Raleigh, in Wake county, is the ſeat of government.

OFFICERS OF THE LEGISLATIVE AND EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENTS.

RICHARD DOBBS SPAIGHT, governor, and commander in chief,
James Glasgow, secretary of the state.

Council of State.

James Coor,
William M'Clure,
Thomas Brown,
Thomas Brickell,
Wyatt Hawkins,
Spyers Singleton,
Daniel Carthy.

William Lenoir, speaker,
Sherwood Haywood, clerk,
Edenfort Stokes, assistant clerk,
} of the Senate.

John Leigh, speaker,
John Hunt, clerk,
Pleasant Henderson, assist. clk.
} of the House of Commons.

John Haywood, treasurer,
John Craven, comptroller.

JUDICIARY DEPARTMENT.

Judges of the Superior court of Law and Equity.

Samuel Ashe,
John Williams,
Spruce M'Coy,

John Haywood, jun. attorney general,
Edward Jones, solicitor general.

Sessions of the Superior Courts:

The state is divided into two ridings, and the sessions commence, on the same days, in two different districts, as follows, viz.

In Morgan and Wilmington districts, on the 1st and in Newbern and Salisbury districts, on the 19th of March and September.

In Edenton and Hillsborough districts, on the 6th, and in Fayette and Halifax districts, on the 23d of April and October—at the respective capital towns of the said districts.

MILITIA.

The military arrangements of this state correspond with the several districts, each of which composes one brigade. The governor is captain general, or commander in chief.

The brigadiers are,

Peter Dauge,	for	Edenton district,
Frederick Harget,		Newbern, do
James Kenan,		Wilmington, do
Richard Clinton,		Fayette, do
Martin Armstrong,		Salisbury, do
Charles M'Dowell,		Morgan do
Alexander Mebane,		Hillsborough, do
Hardy Griffin,		Halifax, do

LITERARY INSTITUTIONS.

In 1789 an act passed the legislature, establishing an university in the state, and incorporating a board of trustees. Subsequent laws have vested, in the said board, property to a considerable amount, to enable them to expedite the necessary buildings, and make suitable arrangements for its organization.

It is to be situated at Chapel-Hill, in Orange-county.—The following gentlemen compose the corporation.

ALEXANDER MARTIN, L. L. D. president.

Richard Dobbs Spaight,
William Lenoir,
Samuel Johnston,
Samuel Ashe,
John Williams,
Benjamin Hawkins,
Alfred Moore,
Willie Jones,
William R. Davie,
Hugh Williamson, L. L. D.
Benjamin Williams,
John Hay,
Rev. S. E. M'Corkle, D. D.
Frederick Harget,
Joseph Graham,
James Holland,
William Porter,
Alexander Mebane,
J. Hamilton, of Guilford,
James Hogg,
David Stone,
Joseph M'Dowell,
Joseph Dixon,
John Haywood, senr.
William Hill,
Thomas Blount,
Stephen Cabarrus,
Joel Lane,
Thomas Person,
Benjamin Smith,
John S. Sitgreaves,
Henry W. Harrington,
William B. Grove,
Aldlai Osborne.

Academies are established in different parts of the state. One is at Warrenton. One at Williamsborough in Greensville.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

Length, 200 miles; breadth, 125; diſtricts, 7; counties, 36; inhabitants, 249,073.

The Diſtricts and Counties are the following:

Diſtricts.	*Counties.*
Beaufort.	Hilton, Lincoln, Granville, Shrewſbury.
Charleſton.	Charleſton, Waſhington, Marion, Berkley, Colleton, Bartholomew.
Orange-burgh.	Lewiſburgh, Orange, Lexington, Winton.
Camden.	Clarendon, Richland, Fairfield, Claremont, Lancaſter, York, Cheſter.
George-town.	Winyah, Williamſburgh, Kingſton, Liberty.
Ninety-ſix.	Abbeville, Edgefield, Newbury, Union; Laurens, Spartanburgh, Greenville, Pendleton.
Cheraw.	Marlborough, Cheſterfield, Darlington.

The committee, appointed by act of Aſſembly, to divide the diſtricts into counties, were directed to lay them as nearly 40 miles ſquare as practicable; due regard being paid to ſituations, natural boundaries, &c.

Brief abſtract from the Conſtitution.

THE conſtitution of this ſtate, in ſeveral reſpects, and particularly in the conſtruction of the legiſlature, bears a ſtrong reſemblance to that of the United States.

The houſe of repreſentatives is compoſed of members choſen for *two* years; the ſenate, of members choſen for four. The ſenators are alſo *claſſed*, and the ſeats of one half their number vacated and re-filled at every election of repreſentatives. The number of repreſentatives is 124; of ſenators, 37. The general election is biennial, on the ſecond Monday in October; and the convention of the legiſlature annual, on the fourth in November. They meet at Columbia.

Moſt of the executive, as well as judiciary officers, are appointed by the legiſlature; the governor and lieutenant-governor being appointed for two years; the judges during good behaviour; and the commiſſioners of the treaſury, ſecretary of the ſtate, ſurveyor general and ſheriffs, for four years reſpectively. The governor having ſerved two years, and any ſheriff, four, are ineligible during the next four.

In default of the governor, the lieutenant governor executes the office of chief Magiſtrate; and in default of both, the preſident of the ſenate.

No ſpecific courts are recognized by the conſtitution; but the judiciary power is delegated to ſuch ſuperior and inferior courts as the legiſlature may eſtabliſh.

To be eligible to the office of governor or lieutenant governor, candidates muſt be thirty years of age; have reſided ten years in the ſtate, and have free holds to the amount £1500 ſterling, clear of debt:—to that of ſenator, a candidate muſt have the firſt of the preceding qualifications; muſt have reſided in the ſtate five years; and if, at the time of election, he be a reſident of the diſtrict in which he is elected, he muſt have a free hold eſtate to the amount of £300 ſterling clear of debt; otherwiſe to the amount of £1000:—to that of a repreſentative, a free white man of the age of twenty-one; have reſided in the ſtate three years; and, if a reſident of the diſtrict, &c. he muſt have a free hold in 500 acres of land, *and ten negroes*, or in ſome real eſtate to the amount of £150 ſterling, clear of debt—if non-reſident, to the amount of £500. And to be qualified to vote for members of either branch of the legiſlature, the voter muſt be a free white man of the age of twenty-one, have reſided in the ſtate two years, and have a free-hold in 50 acres of land, or a town-lot; or (not having ſuch free-hold or lot) have reſided in the election-diſtrict, ſix months, and paid a tax, to the amount of 3s ſterling.

LEGISLATIVE AND EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENTS.

William Moultrie, governor, &c.
James Ladson, lieutenant governor.
Peter Freneau, secretary of the state.
David Ramsay, speaker, } of the Senate.
Felix Warley, clerk, }
Jacob Read, speaker, } of the House of Representatives.
John S. Dart, clerk, }

Commissioners for settling the accounts of the Treasury.

John Lewis Gervais, Arnoldus Vanderhorst.

Treasurers.

William Hort, Benjamin Waring.

JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court.

John Rutledge, chief justice.

Messrs. Burke, Grimke, Waites, Bay, } associate judges.

William Mason, protnonotary.
Thomas Hall, clerk of the sessions.
John Julius Pringle, attorney general.

Court of Equity.

Richard Hutson, John Matthews, Hugh Rutledge, } judges.

William Hazel Gibbs, master in equity.
John Neufville, register.

City of Charleston.

John Huger, intendant.
John Bee Holmes, recorder.

LITERARY INSTITUTIONS.

MOUNT SION COLLEGE, at Winnſborough.
Rev. Dr. Nixon, preſident.

There is alſo a College at Charleſton, and another at Cambridge.

CHARITABLE and other SOCIETIES.

South Carolina and Mount Sion Library and St. Cecilia Societies; and a *Society for the Relief of Widows and Orphans of Clergymen*; a *Medical Society*, lately inſtituted in Charleſton; and a *Muſical Society*.

GEORGIA.

Length, 1600 miles; breadth, 250; counties, 11; inhabitants, 82,548.

Brief abſtract from the Conſtitution.

The election of ſenators is, in this ſtate, triennial; of repreſentatives in general aſſembly, annual, on the 1ſt Monday in October; and the legiſlature convene, on the 1ſt Monday in November.

They appoint the governor, and all executive and other ſtate officers; excepting thoſe of the militia, and the governor's ſecretaries, who are appointed by the governor. The election of governor is biennial; in the proſecution of which, as of all legiſlative appointments, three perſons are firſt balloted for by the houſe of repreſentatives, one of whom is afterwards elected by the ſenate.

In caſe of vacancy, by death or otherwiſe, in the office of governor, the preſident of the ſenate officiates.

One ſuperior court is eſtabliſhed, which ſets ſemi-annually in every county. Courts of appeals, and ſubordinate juriſdictions are dependent on the laws for their eſtabliſhment. The judges of the ſuperior court, and attorney general are commiſſioned for three years.

The conſtitutional qualifications for governor, are 500 acres of land, or other eſtate to the amount of £.1000 ſterling, thirty years of age, twelve years reſidence in the United States, and ſix in Georgia; for ſenator, 250 acres of land, or an eſtate worth £.250, twenty-eight years of age, nine years reſidence in the United States, three in Georgia, and ſix months in the county in which he is choſen; for repreſentative, 200 acres of land, or an eſtate worth £.150, twenty-one years of age, ſeven years reſidence in the United States, two in Georgia, and three months in the county; for electors of either branch of the legiſlature, twenty one years of age, two years reſidence in the ſtate, ſix months in the county, and payment of taxes the preceeding year.

The number of repreſentatives fixed by the conſtitution, is at preſent, 34; but may be increaſed, as new counties are laid off in vacant parts of the ſtate. The number of ſenators is one for each county.

The representatives are apportioned among the several counties, as follows:

Camden	2	Chatham	6
Glynn	2	Wilkes	6
Liberty	4	Washington	2
Effingham	2	Green	2
Burke	4	Franklin	2
Richmond	4		

An important article in this constitution is the regulation of descents upon principles of equality. By section 6. article 4. estates may not be entailed. The widow of an intestate has her option, either to have her dower, or a child's share; the intestate leaving wife and children. But leaving no wife, the estate is to be equally divided among the children and their representatives of the first degree.

EXECUTIVE, &c.

GEORGE MATTHEWS, governor.

Benjamin Taliaferro, president
Thomas Watkins, secretary } of the senate.

William Gibbons, speaker
James M. Simmons, clerk } of the house of representatives.

John Milton, secretary of the state.
James Merriweather, secretary to the governor.
John Gibbons, treasurer.

JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court.

John Houston,
William Stith, } judges.

George Walker, attorney general.
John Y. Noel, solicitor general.

MILITIA.

Christian G. A. Elholm, adjutant general.

Major Generals.

James Jackson, Elijah Clark;
John Twiggs,

Brigadier-Generals.

James Gunn,	Jared Irwine,
John Morriſon,	John Clark,
Thomas Glaſcock,	Samuel Blackburn.

Auguſta, the temporary ſeat of government.
Louiſville, permanent ſeat of government.

LITERARY INSTITUTIONS.

A college is founded at Louiſville.
The academies are at Savannah,
Wayenſborough,
Auguſta,
Columbia,
Waſhington,
Green,
Sunbury,
The orphan houſe at Savannah.

The following exhibits at one View, the Order, Time, &c. in which the several States ratified the Federal Constitution.

				Major.
1787, Decemb.	3,	Delaware,	unanimously.	
	13,	Pennsylvania,	46 to 23	23
	19,	New Jersey,	unanimously.	
1788, January	2,	Georgia,	unanimously.	
	9,	Connecticut,	128 to 40	88
February	6,	Massachusetts,	187 to 168	19
April	28,	Maryland,	63 to 12	51
May	23,	South Carolina,	149 to 73	76
June	21,	N. Hampshire,	57 to 46	11
	25,	Virginia,	89 to 79	10
July	26,	New York,	30 to 25	5
1789, Nov.	27,	North Carolina,	193 to 75	118
1790, May	29,	Rhode Island.		2
1791, January	10,	Vermont,	by a great majority.	
1792, Junes	1,	Kentucky,	*(resd. into the Union.)*	

Table shewing the Hour and Minute of the Sun's r'sing, when he has South declination; and setting when North:

DEGREES OF DECLINATION.

L.	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	L.
31	6 0	6 2	6 5	6 7	6 10	6 13	6 15	6 17	6 19	6 22	6 24	6 27	6 29	6 32	6 34	6 37	6 40	6 42	6 45	31
32	6 0	6 2	6 5	6 8	6 10	6 13	6 15	6 18	6 20	6 23	6 25	6 28	6 31	6 33	6 36	6 39	6 41	6 44	6 47	32
33	6 0	6 3	6 5	6 8	6 10	6 14	6 16	6 18	6 21	6 24	6 26	6 29	6 32	6 34	6 37	6 40	6 43	6 46	6 49	33
34	6 0	6 3	6 5	6 8	6 11	6 14	6 16	6 19	6 22	6 25	6 27	6 30	6 33	6 35	6 39	6 42	6 45	6 48	6 51	34
35	6 0	6 3	6 6	6 8	6 11	6 14	6 17	6 20	6 23	6 25	6 28	6 31	6 34	6 37	6 40	6 43	6 46	6 49	6 53	35
36	6 0	6 3	6 6	6 9	6 12	6 15	6 18	6 20	6 23	6 26	6 29	6 32	6 36	6 39	6 41	6 45	6 48	6 51	6 55	36
37	6 0	6 3	6 6	6 9	6 12	6 15	6 18	6 21	6 24	6 27	6 31	6 34	6 37	6 40	6 43	6 47	6 50	6 53	6 57	37
38	6 0	6 3	6 6	6 9	6 13	6 16	6 19	6 22	6 25	6 28	6 32	6 35	6 38	6 42	6 45	6 48	6 52	6 55	6 59	38
39	6 0	6 3	6 6	6 10	6 13	6 16	6 20	6 23	6 26	6 29	6 33	6 36	6 40	6 43	6 47	6 50	6 54	6 57	7 1	39
40	6 0	6 3	6 7	6 10	6 13	6 17	6 20	6 24	6 27	6 30	6 34	6 38	6 41	6 45	6 48	6 52	6 56	7 0	7 3	40
41	6 0	6 3	6 7	6 10	6 14	6 17	6 21	6 25	6 28	6 31	6 35	6 39	6 43	6 46	6 50	6 54	6 58	7 2	7 6	41
42	6 0	6 4	6 7	6 11	6 14	6 18	6 22	6 25	6 29	6 32	6 37	6 40	6 44	6 48	6 52	6 56	7 0	7 4	7 8	42
43	6 0	6 4	6 7	6 11	6 15	6 19	6 22	6 26	6 30	6 33	6 38	6 42	6 46	6 50	6 54	6 58	7 2	7 6	7 11	43
44	6 0	6 4	6 8	6 12	6 15	6 19	6 23	6 27	6 31	6 34	6 39	6 43	6 47	6 52	6 56	7 0	7 4	7 9	7 13	44
45	6 0	6 4	6 8	6 12	6 16	6 20	6 24	6 28	6 32	6 35	6 40	6 44	6 49	6 53	6 58	7 2	7 7	7 11	7 16	45
46	6 0	6 4	6 8	6 12	6 17	6 21	6 25	6 29	6 33	6 38	6 42	6 46	6 51	6 55	7 0	7 4	7 9	7 14	7 19	46
47	6 0	6 4	6 9	6 13	6 17	6 22	6 26	6 30	6 35	6 39	6 43	6 48	6 53	6 57	7 2	7 7	7 12	7 17	7 22	47
48	6 0	6 4	6 9	6 13	6 18	6 22	6 27	6 31	6 36	6 41	6 45	6 50	6 55	6 59	7 4	7 9	7 14	7 19	7 25	48
49	6 0	6 5	6 9	6 14	6 18	6 23	6 28	6 32	6 37	6 42	6 47	6 52	6 57	7 2	7 7	7 12	7 17	7 22	7 28	49

N. B. This Table need only be used where the present form of the Calendar is retained. So of any Explanation of the Calendar Page.

Table of the Sun's Rising and Setting, continued.

L.	19		20		21		22		23		23	29	L.
31	6	48	6	51	6	53	6	56	6	59	7	1	31
32	6	50	6	53	6	55	6	58	7	1	7	3	32
33	6	52	6	55	6	58	7	1	7	4	7	6	33
34	6	54	6	57	7	0	7	3	7	6	7	8	34
35	6	56	6	59	7	2	7	6	7	9	7	11	35
36	6	58	7	1	7	5	7	8	7	12	7	14	36
37	7	0	7	4	7	7	7	11	7	15	7	17	37
38	7	2	7	6	7	10	7	14	7	17	7	19	38
39	7	5	7	9	7	12	7	16	7	20	7	22	39
40	7	7	7	11	7	15	7	19	7	23	7	25	40
41	7	10	7	14	7	18	7	22	7	27	7	29	41
42	7	12	7	17	7	21	7	25	7	30	7	32	42
43	7	15	7	19	7	24	7	28	7	33	7	36	43
44	7	18	7	22	7	27	7	31	7	36	7	39	44
45	7	21	7	25	7	30	7	35	7	40	7	43	45
46	7	24	7	29	7	34	7	39	7	44	7	47	46
47	7	27	7	33	7	37	7	43	7	48	7	51	47
48	7	30	7	35	7	41	7	47	7	53	7	56	48
49	7	33	7	40	7	45	7	51	7	57	8	0	49

By the help of the preceding table the sun's rising and setting may be determined for any place within the latitude of the United States. To render the method of doing which, perfectly easy to every capacity, very little explanation is necessary. First, find his declination on any given day, in the fourth column of the calendar page; then, having the latitude of the place, enter the table with the degree of latitude and declination, and (making allowance for the minutes) in the angular point, where the latitude and declination meet, is his rising, when the declination is south, and setting, when north. Having found the rising, or setting, subtract it from 12 hours, the remainder will be, in the former case, the setting; in the latter, the rising.

In like manner may be determined the rising and setting of a planet, or star, whose declination does not exceed 23d. 29m. first finding the time it culminates, or passes the meridian, (which is done by subtracting the sun's from the star's right ascension; or, where the sun's right ascension is the largest, from the stars right ascension increased by 24 hours) then subtracting therefrom the time found in the table, for the rising, and adding thereto the same time, for the setting.—

EXAMPLES.

I. Required the sun's rising and setting at Philadelphia on the 1st day of January? Latitude of Philadelphia 39d. 56m.

Sun's declination, south	22 58
By the table, sun rises	7h. 28m.
which subtract from	12
remains his setting	4 37

II. Required the culminating, rising and setting of Arcturus, at Boston, on the 17th day of May? Arcturus' right ascension 14h. 5m.

Sun's do. subtract	3 37
Arcturus culminates	10 28 P. M.
latitude of Boston	42d. 25m.
Arcturus' declination	20 17nor.
by the table	7 20
Arcturus rises	3 8 P.M
——— sets	17 48 do.
	or, 18d. 5 48A.M.

N. B. Right ascension is that point of the equinoctial which comes to the meridian with any heavenly body. And if the sun's right ascension be less than that of any other heavenly body, such body culminates after noon: but if larger, it culminates before noon.

The twelve signs or constellations, with the parts of the Human body which they respectively govern.

♈ Aries, the Head and Face.	♎ Libra, the Reigns.
♉ Taurus, the Neck.	♏ Scorpio, the Secrets.
♊ Gemini, the Arms.	♐ Sagitarius, the Thighs.
♋ Cancer, the Breast.	♑ Capricorn, the Knees.
♌ Leo, the Heart.	♒ Aquarius, the Legs.
♍ Virgo, the Bowels.	♓ Pisces, the Feet.

ABSTRACT of Goods, Wares, and Merchandize, exported from the United States, from the 1st of October, 1790, to 30th September, 1791.

Species of Merchandize.		*Quantity.*
ASHES, pot,	tons of	3,083
pearl,	do.	3,270
Apples,	barrels	12,352
Bricks,	number	737,764
Boats,	do.	99
Bellows, fmiths,	pair	4
Beer, Ale, and Porter,	gallons	44,526
	dozens	719
Boots,	pair	482
Boot legs,	do.	17
Brimftone,	pounds	3,280
Blacking or Lampblack,	do.	8,518
Bayberries,	bufhels	18
Cider,	barrels	1,694
	dozens	310
Chalk,	pounds	20,000
Cotton,	do.	189,316
Coffee,	do.	962,977
Cocoa,	do.	8,322
Chocolate,	boxes	479
Candles, myrtle,	do.	348
wax,	do.	185
tallow,	do.	2,745
Cordage,	cwt.	3,533
Copper ore,	do.	20
pig,	do.	218
manufactured,	do.	1,480
fheet,	do.	296
Coal,	bufhels	3,788
Cranberries,	do.	720
Corks,	grofs	300
Corn fan,	number	1
Canes and Walking-ficks,	do.	598
Cotton and Wool Cards,	dozens	25
Carriages, Coaches, Chairs, &c.	number	85
Waggons and Carts,	do.	25
Duck, American,	pieces	653
Ruffia,	do.	3

Species of Merchandize.			*Quantity.*
Grain and Pulse.	Indian Corn,	bushels	1,713,241
	Oats,	do.	116,634
	Buckwheat,	do.	14,499
	Peafe & Beans,	do.	165,273
Horns and Tips,		number	119,776
Hides,		do.	704
Hats,		do.	435
Honey,		gallons	1,740
Hops,		pounds	650
Hemp,		do.	1,544
Hay,		tons	2,000
Iron, wrought.	Axes,	number	977
	Hoes,	do.	200
	Drawing Knives,	do.	24
	Scythes,	do.	48
	Locks and Bolts,	do.	2,000
	Shovels,	do.	261
	Skimmers & Ladles	do.	15
	Anchors,	do.	175
	Grapnels,	do.	18
	Muſquets,	do.	160
	Cutlaſſes,	do.	72
	Knives and Forks,	do.	240
	Cheſts of Carpenters Tools,	do.	4
Iron, caſtings.	Waggon-boxes,	do.	100
	Pots and Kettles,	do.	808
	Cannon,	do.	37
	Swivels,	do.	8
	Cannon Shot,	do.	1000
	Iron Patterns,	do.	12
Iron, the ton.	Pig,	tons	4,178¾
	Bar,	do.	349½
	Bundles,	do.	8
	Hoops,	do.	16½
Indigo,		pounds	497,720
Leather, tanned and dreſſed,		do.	5,424
lime,		buſhels	1,320
Lead.	Sheets.	number	45
	Pig,	tons	16
	Shot	pounds	6,473

Species of Merchandize.			*Quantity.*
Live Stock.	Horned Cattle	number	4,627
	Horſes,	do.	6,975
	Mules,	do.	444
	Sheep,	do.	10,377
Drugs & Medicine.	Glauber's Salts,	pounds	1,580
	Sarſaparilla, Pink,	do.	14,900
	Saſſafras, Bark,	tons	3¼
	Saſſafras-root,	do.	34¼
Earthenware.	Stone,	dozens	55
	Yellow, Queens,	crates	157
Flaxſeed,		caſks	58,492
Flax,		pounds	18,600
Feathers,		do.	904
Flints,		number	40,000
Frames of veſſels;		do.	1
Scows,		do.	6
Boats,		do.	10
Houſes,		do.	195
Windows and Doors,		do.	31
Furniture, Houſe.	Tables,	do.	75
	Bedſteads,	do.	18
	Deſks,	do.	78
	Bureaus,	do.	21
	Sophas, &c.	do.	59
	Clocks,	do.	8
	Clock-caſes,	do.	3
	Cheſts,	do.	705
	Chairs, Windſor	do.	5,134
	Chairs, Ruſh,	do.	738
Fiſhery.	Fiſh dried,	quintals	383,237
	Fiſh, pickled,	barrels	57,424
	Whale oil,	gallons	447,323
	Spermaceti oil,	do.	134,505
	Spermaceti candles,	boxes	4,560
	Whalebone,	pounds	124,829
Glaſs Ware,		crates	21
Window,		boxes	92
Ginſeng,		pounds	29,208
Groceries.	Caſſia and Cinnamon,	do.	1,778
	Cloves and Mace,	do.	900
	Pepper,	do.	492
	Pimento,	do.	141,701

Species of Merchandize.			*Quantity.*
	Brown Sugar,	do.	73,304
	Loaf Sugar,	do.	1,157
	Other Sugar,	do.	1,200
	Raisins,	do.	400
Grain & Pulse.	Wheat	bushels	1,018,339
	Rye,	do.	36,757
	Barley	do.	35
Live Stock.	Deer,	number	4
	Hogs,	do.	16,803
	Poultry,	dozens	10,247
Merchandize or foreign dry goods,		packages	1,439
Molasses,		gallons	12,721
Mill-Stones,		number	2
Mustard,		pounds	780
Madder,		do.	1,034
Nails,		do.	130,293
Negro Slaves,		number	24
Nankeens,		pieces	7,072
Nuts,		bushels	1,240
Naval Stores.	Pitch,	barrels	3,978
	Tar,	do.	61,044
	Rosin,	do.	228,
	Turpentine,	do.	58,107
	Turpent. Spirits of	do.	1,172
Oil.	Linseed,	gallons	90
Porcelain, or China Ware,		boxes	2
Powder.	Gun,	pounds	25,854
	Hair,	do.	1,276
Pomatum,		do.	45
Paints,		do.	1,500
Pipes,		boxes	1
Printing Presses,		number	4
Plaister of Paris,		tons,	4
Provisions.	Rice,	tierces	96,980
	Flour,	barrels	619,687
	Ship Stuff,	do.	6,484
	Rye Meal,	do.	24,062
	Indian Meal,	do.	70,339
	Buckwheat Meal,	do.	422
	Oatmeal,	do.	6
	Bread,	do.	100,279
	Beef,	do.	62,372
	Pork,	do.	26,635

Species of Merchandize.			*Quantity.*
	Crackers,	kegs	15,346
	Hams and Bacon	pounds	295,47
	Veniſon Hams,	do.	600
	Cheeſe,	do.	129,901
	Lard,	do.	522,715
	Butter,	firkins	16,670
	Sauſſages,	pounds	250
	Freſh Beef,	do.	92,269
	Ditto Pork.	do.	29,334
Proviſions.	Carcaſes of Mutton,	number,	155
	Neats' Tongues,	barrels,	160
	Oyſters, Pickled,	kegs,	1,228
	Potatoes,	buſhels,	22,263
	Onions,	do.	42,420
Reeds		number,	15,450
Spirits.	American,	gallons,	513,234
	Weſt-India,	do.	4,742
	French Brandy,	do.	158
	Peach do.	do.	753
	Gin,	do.	10,252
	Ditto,	caſes,	3,717
	Ditto,	jugs,	2,039
	Cordials,	caſes,	69
Saddlery.	Saddles, men's	number,	414
	Bridles.	do.	402
	Coach Harneſs,	ſets,	74
	Waggon Geers,	do.	8
Shoes,		pairs,	7,046
Soap,		boxes,	691
Sago,		pounds,	2,3[illegible]0
Starch,		do.	162
Snuff,		do.	15 689
Steel,		bundles,	1,375
Raw Silk.		pounds,	153
Silver,		ounces,	103
Salt,		buſhels,	4,208
Spruce, Eſſence of		caſes,	94
Seed,	Garden,	pounds,	1 [illegible]60
	Muſtard,	do.	660
	Hay,	do.	60
	Cotton,	buſhels,	109
Skins and Furs.			
	Morocco,	number,	132
	Calf, in hair,	do.	402
	Deer,	do.	1,063

Species of Merchandize.		*Quantity.*
Seal,	do.	2,672
Bear,	do.	37
Beaver and Otter,	do.	100
Deer Skins, dreſſed,	pounds,	48,031
Ditto and other do. and Furs,	do.	980
Ditto and do.	packages,	889
Tobacco in Hogſheads,	number,	101,272
Manufactured,	pounds,	81,122
Types,	boxes,	3
Tallow,	pounds,	317,195
Twine,	per 112,	19¾
Tow Cloth,	yards,	6,850
Toys for children,	dozens,	112½
Tin,	boxes,	9
Manufactured,	dozens,	15½
Teas, Bohea,	cheſts,	17½
Souchong,	do.	492
Green,	do.	173
Hyſon,	do.	2,235¾
Vinegar,	gallons,	2,248
Varniſh,	do.	60
Wines, Madeira,	do.	76,466
Other,	do.	82,336
Bottled,	dozens,	6
Wax, Bees,	pounds,	224,538
Myrtle,	do.	2,272
Whips,	numbers,	146
Wood, Staves, and Heading,	do.	29,061,590
Shingles,	do.	74,205,976
Shook Caſks,	do.	42,032
Caſks,	do.	297
Laths,	do.	25,500
Hoops,	do.	1,422,155
Hoop-Poles,	do.	3,450
Maſts,	do.	405
Bow-Sprits,	do.	42
Bombs,	do.	71
Spars,	do.	983
Hand Spikes,	do.	36,714

Species of Merchandize.		*Quantity.*
Pumps,	do.	80
Boxes & Brakes,	do.	56
Blocks,	do.	7,940
Oars,	do.	28,456
Oar Rafters.	do.	13,080
Treenails,	do.	45,905
Cedar and Oak Knees,	do.	1,067
Breaft Hooks,	do.	50
Carlings,	do.	13
Anchor Stocks,	do.	809
Cedar Poſts,	do.	10,453
Oak Boards and Plank,	do. feet,	963,822
Pine Boards and Plank,	do.	37,288,928
Other ditto and do.	do.	3,463,673
Scantling,	do.	6,237,496
Oak, Pine, &c. Scantling,	do.	2,180,137
Oak and Pine Timber,	tons'	13,775
Lignumvitæ,	cwt.	1,180
Logwood,	do.	1051/2
Timber,	number logs,	38,680
Mahogany & Lignumvitæ	number pieces,	3,251
Oak and Pine Bark,	cords,	499
Oak Bark,	do.	57
Ditto Ground,	hogſheads,	1,040
Maſt Hoops,	dozens,	148
Axe Helves,	do.	149
Truſs Hoops,	ſetts,	15
Yokes & Bows for Oxen,	do.	197
Lock Stocks,	numbers,	4,000
Worm Tubs,	do.	6
Wheel Barrows,	do.	6
Wheels for Carts, &c.	do.	50
Spokes and Fellies,	do.	12,972
Spinning Wheels,	do.	17
Tubs, Pails, Bowls, &c.	do.	204
Value,	*Dollars*	17,571,551 45 *Cts.*
Add for two returns from Charleſton, juſt received,		827,651
	Dollars	18,399,202 45 *Cts.*

ADDENDA.

TO

ALTERATIONS IN THE STATE OF VERMONT.

Jonathan Hunt, lieutenant governor, vice Peter Olcott, resigned.
John White, counsellor, vice Jacob Bayley
Cornelius Lynde, do. vice Jonathan Hunt, promoted
Elijah Robinson, do. vice Thomas Porter, resigned
Wm. Chamberlain, Brigadier Gen. vice Israel Morey, resigned
Isaac Tichenor, chief judge Supreme Court, vice S. Knight
Enoch Woodbridge and Lot Hall, side judges, vice E. Paine, chosen Senator to Congress, and Isaac Tichenor promoted
Elijah Paine, Senator to Congress, vice Stephen R. Bradley, whose seat will be vacant March 4th. 1795.

Trueman Squier, secretary to the Governor and council, vice Joseph Fay, resigned.

Rutland County.

Samuel Williams, chief judge of county court, vice Ebenezer Marvin, transferred to Chittenden
Samuel Mattocks and Daniel Cooper, side judges, vice S. Williams promoted and L. Chipman, removed from the State.

Chittenden County.

Ebenezer Marvin, chief judge, vice John Fassett
John White, side judge, vice John M'Niel.

Windham County.

Samuel Knight, chief judge, vice Luke Knoulton
David Fay, adjutant general, vice Joseph Fay resigned
Elisha Clark, John A. Graham, Josias L. Arnold, and —— Murdock, aids-de-camp to the Governor, with the rank of lieutenant Colonel.

Sitting of the Supreme Court.

Windham County, at Newsane, 1st Tuesday of August
Windsor County, at Woodstock, 2d do. do
Orange County, at Newbury, 1st Tu. following the 4th Tu. of Au.
Chittenden County, at Burlington, 1st Tuesday of Jan.
Addison County, at Middlebury, 3d do. do.
Rutland County, at Rutland, Tu. next following 4th Tu. of Jan.
Bennington County, at Bennington, and Manchester alternately, 4th Tuesday next following the 4th Tuesday of Jan.

NOTE. *This takes place after the first of May* 1795.

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Deacidified using the Bookkeeper process.
Neutralizing agent: Magnesium Oxide
Treatment Date: Dec. 2004

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